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AND
JUNIOR SCHOLARSHIP
PAPERS

BY THE REV.
J. H. RAVEN, M.A.

HEADMASTER OF THE FAUCONBERG SCHOOL, BECCLES, SUFFOLK

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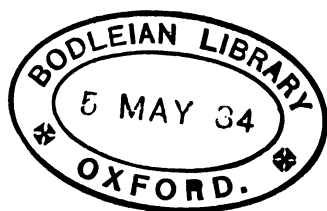
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1.

1. Of decl. 1 : comps. of *colo* and *gigno* ; *drachma* and *amphora* ; patronymics ; names of some peoples.
Of decl. 2 : weights, coins, trades, measures ; dissyllables of short penult (in poetry) ; names of peoples. N.B. Dist. numerals use this contraction.

2. N.	<i>Æneas</i>	<i>Cybele</i>	<i>respublica</i>	<i>deus</i>
V.	<i>Æneas</i>	<i>Cybele</i>	<i>respublica</i>	<i>deus</i>
Ac.	<i>Ænean, -am,</i>	<i>Cybelen</i>	<i>republicam</i>	<i>deum</i>
G.	<i>Æneae</i>	<i>Cybeles, -ae,</i>	<i>republicae</i>	<i>dei</i>
D.	<i>Æneae</i>	<i>Cybelae</i>	<i>republicae</i>	<i>deo</i>
Ab.	<i>Æneā</i>	<i>Cybele</i>	<i>republicā</i>	<i>deo</i>
N.	<i>filius</i>	<i>pelagus</i>	<i>jusjurandum</i>	
V.	<i>fili</i>	<i>pelagus</i>	<i>jusjurandum</i>	
Ac.	<i>filiū</i>	<i>pelagus</i>	<i>jusjurandum</i>	
G.	<i>filii</i>	<i>pelagi</i>	<i>jurisjurandi</i>	
D.	<i>filio</i>	<i>pelago</i>	<i>jurijurando</i>	
Ab.	<i>filio</i>	<i>pelago</i>	<i>jurejurando</i>	
N.V.	<i>deae</i>	<i>Atrides dei, dii, di</i>	<i>fabri sestertii</i>	
Ac.	<i>deas</i>	<i>Atridas deos</i>	<i>fabros sestertios</i>	
G.	<i>dearum</i>	<i>Atridum deorum, deū</i>	<i>fabrū sestertiū</i>	
D.	<i>deabus</i>	<i>Atridis deis, diis, dis</i>	<i>fabris sestertiis</i>	
Ab.	<i>deabus</i>	<i>Atridis deis, diis, dis</i>	<i>fabris sestertiis</i>	

3. Fem., lawsuit, *litis* ; fem., torch, *facis* ; neut., head, *capitis* ; com., bird-catcher, *aucupis* ; masc., hawk, *accipitris* ; neut., journey, *itineris* ; fem., furniture, *supellectilis* ; masc., flock, *gregis* ; fem., rest, *requietis* ; fem., rivalry, *simultatis* ; masc., custom, *moris* ;

masc., as, *assis* ; neut., copper, *aeris* ; masc., envy, *livoris* ; fem., snow, *nivis* ; neut., mouth, *oris* ; neut., bone, *ossis* ; fem., leaf, *frondis* ; fem., forehead, *frontis* ; masc., hoe, *viāentis* ; fem., sheep, *bidentis* ; fem., needle, *acus* ; com. in. sing., masc. in plur., day, *diei* ; neut., poison, *virī*.

4. *Humī, Romae, Athenis, belli, Gadibus.*

5. Heteroclite nouns follow 2 decls., as *domus, laurus* ; heterogeneous, of different genders, as *locus, rastrum.*

	sing.	plur.
6. N.V.	<i>domus</i>	<i>domus</i>
Ac.	<i>domum</i>	<i>domos, -us</i>
G.	<i>domus</i>	<i>domuum, -orum</i>
D.	<i>domui, -o</i>	<i>domibus</i>
Ab.	<i>domo</i>	<i>domibus</i>

At home, *domi* ; from home, *domo* ; to home, *domum.*

7. *Nereides, Nereis ; Thestiades, Thestias. Rivulus, particula, homunculus, filiulus, flosculus, patella.*

8. *Threissa, Troas, gallina, vacca, ovis.*

9. *Ovile*, sheep-fold ; *dumetum*, bramble-thicket ; *orator*, (male) speaker ; *bellatrix*, (female) warrior ; *violarium*, violet-bed ; *jaculum*, dart (thing thrown).

10. Strength, men ; prison, starting-place ; space of five years, spaces of five years and den ; human being, male human being ; temple, house ; short, public games ; feet, foot-soldier ; to ghosts, to hands ; coin, sum of money ; of a hare, of wit.

2.

1. *Apis, canis, panis, pater, frater, mater, accipiter, senex, juvenis, volucris, vates, proles.*

2. N.V.	<i>navis</i>	<i>requies</i>	<i>laurus</i>	<i>tussis</i>
Ac.	<i>navim, -em</i>	<i>requietem, -em</i>	<i>laurum</i>	<i>tussim</i>
G.	<i>navis</i>	<i>requietis</i>	<i>laurus, -i</i>	<i>tussis</i>
D.	<i>navi</i>		<i>laurui, -o</i>	<i>tussi</i>
Ab.	<i>navi, -e</i>	<i>requiete, -e</i>	<i>lauru, -o</i>	<i>tussi</i>

N.V.	<i>jugera quercus</i>	<i>menses civitates</i>
Ac.	<i>jugera quercus</i>	<i>menses civitates</i>
G.	<i>jugerum quercuum, -orum</i>	<i>mensum civitatum, -ium</i>
D.	<i>jugeribus quercubus</i>	<i>mensibus civitatibus</i>
Ab.	<i>jugeribus quercubus</i>	<i>mensibus civitatibus</i>

3. Neut., liver, *jecoris, jecuris, jecinōris* ; fem., common people, *plebis, plebei* ; neut., thigh, *feminis, femoris* ; masc., cabbage, *crambes* ; neut., constellation, *sideris* ; masc., male, *maris* ; neut., frankincense, *turis*.
4. *Aera, aerem* ; *aethera, aetherem* ; *Thisben* ; *Delon, Delum* ; *Pelea* ; *vim*.
5. *Praeseptum, praeseptis, praesepes* ; *penum* ; *tapete, tapes* ; *vesperi* ; *noctu*.
6. *Filia, dea, liberta, nata, partus, artus*.
7. Because *patris, patrem*, etc., are syncopated forms for *pateris, paterem*, etc. ; and therefore *pater* is imparisyllabic.
8. Words with stems in two consonants, as *dens (dent)* ; neuters in *-al, -ar* ; and *glis, mas, mus, lis, compes* and *penates, nix, strix, faux, vis*.

9. By work, works, working people ; hay, interest (on money) ; sling, farm ; large river, stream ; custom, character.
10. *Suasor*, (male) adviser ; *armentum*, (ploughing) cattle, herd ; *oratio*, (abstract) speech ; *sacerdotium*, priesthood, and *collegium*, assembly of collegæ ; *fortitudo*, the quality of bravery ; *rivulus*, small stream ; *Æneades*, son of Æneas ; *Peleis*, daughter of Peleus.

3.

1. Dissyllables in *-cus* ; *tribus*, *porticus*, *veru*, *artus*, *partus* : the last two to distinguish them from same cases of *ars*, *pars*.
2. *Dies* and *res*.
3. *Sapphūs*, fem., Sappho (poetess) ; *carnis*, fem., flesh ; *pariētis*, masc., wall ; *dedecōris*, neut., disgrace ; *vulgi*, neut. (rarely masc.), crowd ; *abietis*, fem., fir tree.
4. *Salus*, *-utis*, welfare ; *senectus*, *-utis*, old age ; *virtus*, *-utis*, virtue ; *palus*, *-udis*, marsh ; *tellus*, *-uris*, earth ; *incus*, *-udis*, anvil.
5. *Dea*, *filia*, *avia*, *asina*.
6. *Aulāi* for *aulae* ; *familias* for *familiae*.
7. "The word *vox* is feminine." No.
8. *Leaena*, *asina*, *equua*, *Cressa*, *Lacaena*.
9. Nail and stripe on tunic, club, key ; glory, elegance ; by women, of a thigh ; character, delays ; by

parts, by births ; son-in-law, a kind, knee ; thing, prisoner ; bird, to grandfathers ; a palm, a shoot ; fort, camp.

10. Of free choice, in time, by chance, without orders, by night, in a roundabout way, by weight *and* a pound, with a fetter, prayers, funeral rites, truce, offerings to the dead.

11. *Opus* and *usus*.

4.

1. Nom. plur. *rastri* or *-a* ; nom. plur. *Tartara* ; nom. plur. *sibili* or *-ă* ; plur. *vasa*, *-orum*, *-is* ; nom. plur. *loci* or *-a* ; gen. plur. *apum* ; abl. sing. *impetu* or *-ě* ; nom. plur. *caeli* or *-a*.
2. *Vis*, *ravis*, *pelvis*, *sitis*, *tussis*, *sinapis*, *cucumis*, *amussis*, *praesepeis*, *cannabis*, *securis*, *Charybdis*, *tigris*, *atque buris* ; *et propria nomina in -is*.
3. Because they are the mothers of their fruits and population.
4. *Ponderis*, neut., weight ; *vanni*, fem., winnowing fan ; *socri*, masc., father-in-law ; *socrus*, fem., mother-in-law ; *anus*, fem., old woman ; *rami*, masc., branch ; *remi*, masc., oar ; *arbōris*, fem., tree ; *cordis*, neut., heart ; *pectinis*, masc., comb (instrument for striking the lyre) ; *pectōris*, neut., breast ; *salis*, masc., salt ; *mellis*, neut., honey ; *farris*, neut., grain ; *micae*, fem., morsel.

-
5. N.V. *Jupiter* *Venus* *Cupido* *ros*
 Ac. *Jovem* *Venerem* *Cupidinem* *rorem*
 G. *Jovis* *Veneris* *Cupidinis* *roris*
 D. *Jovi* *Veneri* *Cupidini* *rori*
 Ab. *Jove* *Venere* *Cupidine* *rore*
- N.V. *boves* *retia* *terrigenae* *caelicolae* *rura*
 Ac. *boves* *retia* *terrigenas* *caelicolas*
 G. *bovum* *retium* *terrigenum* *caelicolum*
 or *boum*
 D. *bobus* *retibus* *terrigenis* *caelicolis*
 or *bubus*
 Ab. *bobus* *retibus* *terrigenis* *caelicolis* *ruribus*
 or *bubus*
6. *Precem*, -i, -e; *opem*, -is, -e; *dapem*, -is, -i, -e; *vis*,
vim, *vi* (abl.); *frugem*, -is, -i, -e.
7. Salt, wit; mind, table, month; age, summer, heat
and tide; horseman, horse, rack (little horse);
sheep, to eggs; (neut.) flock, (fem.) beast; vine,
for lives; stag, neck.
8. -is.
9. A Gaul, a cock; yoke, hill; fold, bosom, bay; dog,
lowest throw of dice; hand, band; times, temples
of the head; point, glance, line of battle, pitched
battle; strength, oak; (towards the gods) piety,
(towards relations) duty, affection, (towards
country) patriotism; a gem, a bud; soldier,
soldiery.
10. *Opus est mihi equo* (abl.). *Equus est opus mihi*.
11. *Post* and *muris*, open space outside city walls; *con*
and venio (abbrev. from *conventio*), assembly,

harangue ; *ve* (dissociative, negative) and *cors*, heartlessness, stupidity ; *sol* and *sisto*, time when sun seems to stand still, solstice ; *tres* and *ped* (root of *pes*), dance of three steps to the measure.

5.

1. *Malum*, an ill ; *mala*, ills ; *aliquid amari*, something of bitterness.
2. "Proper," relating to a particular person or place, as *Caesar, Roma* ; "concrete," relating to something actual and real, perceptible to the bodily senses, as *mons, panis* ; "abstract," to things ideal, imperceptible to the bodily senses, as *virtus, mendacitas* ; "collective," to an aggregate of single separate objects, as *pöpu'us* ; "epicene," to nouns which can be either male or female, as *vulpes*.
3. *Arcis*, fem., citadel ; *nucis*, fem., nut ; *radicis*, fem., root ; *senis*, masc., old man ; *hiëmis*, fem., winter ; *sacerdos*, com., priest or priestess ; *cineris*, masc. (rarely fem.), ashes ; *segetis*, fem., standing crop ; *obsidis*, com., hostage ; *furis*, masc., thief ; *capitis*, neut., head ; *calcäris*, neut., spur ; *hirundinis*, fem., swallow ; *hirudinis*, fem., leech ; *lactis*, neut., milk ; *cruris*, neut., leg ; *crucis*, fem., cross.
4. *Heroem* and *heroa* ; *poesim* and *poesin* ; *Orpheum* and *Orphea*. *Heroas, Troadas, lampadas*.
5. *Cornicula, libellus, lapillus. Fortitudo, bonitas, justitia, audacitas, sapientia*.

6. Gate, harbour ; works *and* pains, working people ; end, territory ; letter of the alphabet, epistle ; help, riches ; help, auxiliary forces ; merchandise, reward ; people, poplar ; heavenly being, bachelor ; shoulder, weapons ; craft, sorrow ; smell (general), savoury smell, nest.
7. N.V. *Tiberis vis fames lues mane fors*
 Ac. *Tiberim vim famem vicem luem mane*
 G. *Tiberis famis*
 D. *Tiberi fami*
 Ab. *Tiberi vi famē vice lue mane forte*
- N.V. *senes joci, -a jugera vasa caelites*
 Ac. *senes jocos, -a jugera vasa caelites*
 G. *senum jocorum jugerum vasorum caelitem*
 D. *senibus jocis jugeribus vasis caelitibus*
 Ab. *senibus jocis jugeribus vasis caelitibus*
8. *Vespera, requiē, jecuris and jecinoris, Diespiter.*
9. Gen. sing. *consili* ; gen. plur. *parentum* ; dat. sing. *metu* ; *fide* for *fidei*.
10. *Fas, nefas, instar, necesse.*

6.

1. *Aurum, argentum, aes, plumbum, ferrum, chalybs.*
2. Courage *and* spirit, breath *and* life ; virgin, rod ; sacred meal, pile ; pine-branch torch, disgust ; hook, ground ; island, fillet.
3. *Leōnis, virgīnis, Catōnis, Apollīnis, Macedōnis, multitudinis, ferrugīnis, temōnis, ordinis, bubōnis, Cupīdīnis.*

4. Subst., a joining, and fut. part. of *jungo*; subst., curvature, and fut. part. of *curvo*; subst., a cutting, and fut. part. of *caedo*; subst., defeat, and perf. part. of *repello*.
5. N. *Pelion* *Pleias* *Theseis* *cubile*
 V. *Pelion* *Pleias* *Thesei* *cubile*
 Ac. *Pelion* *Pleiada* *Theseida* *cubile*
 G. *Pelii* *Pleiadis* *Theseidis* *cubilis*
 D. *Pelio* *Pleiadi* *Theseidi* *cubili*
 Ab. *Pelio* *Pleide* *Theseide* *cubili*
6. *Januarius, Februarius, Aprilis, Maius, Junius, Quintilis, Sextilis, October, November, December.*
7. Private bath, public baths; public banquet, private banquet; acres, yokes *and* hills; hindrance, baggage; top, stalk.
8. Neut., flanks; masc., ancestors; neut., beginnings; masc., leading men; masc., net; fem., helmet; neut., Feast of Flora; neut., Feast of Matrons (1st of March).
9. *Sponte*, of free choice; *jussu*, by orders; *injussu*, without orders; *natu*, by birth.
10. Nom., voc., and acc.
11. *Ætherem* and *aethera*, acc. of *aether*; *poesim* and *poesin*, acc. of *poesis*.

7.

1. *Restis, puppis, turris, navis, sementis, strigilis*, and *clavis, messis, febris*, and *aqualis*. Abl. in *-i* or *-e*.
2. *Amnis, anguis, avis, bilis, civis, ignis, imber, finis, neptis, orbis, patruelis, pestis, unguis.*

3. 4th, bellowing ; 3rd, poem ; 5th, noon ; 4th, pace ;
3rd, hawk ; 3rd, sparrow ; 3rd, shower ; 2nd,
smith ; 3rd, wound ; 2nd, whisper ; 4th, wail.
4. Berry, a plant of that name ; males, seas ; water, side,
tile ; tile, witness ; custom, mouse ; gull, sheaf ;
flax *and* linen, line.
5. Level surface, sea ; marble, sea ; tortoise, lyre, soldiers
protected by shields when besieging ; swarm,
tongue of balance ; puppet, pupil of eye.
6. *Servus*, *puer*, *verna* (slave born in house), *paedagogus*
(usher), *ancilla* (waiting-maid).
7. *Boreas*, *Notus*, *Eurus*, *Zephyrus* or *Favonius*. *Pelagus*,
fretum, *oceanus*, *amnis*, *rivus*, *collis*, *jugum*, *silva*,
nemus or *lucus*, *saltus*.
8. *Jupiter*, *Bacchus*, *Phoebus*, *Diana* (*Phoebe*, *Cynthia*),
Neptunus, *Vulcanus*. By metonymy.
9. A household god ; house gods (shades of ancestors),
and home ; household gods (gods worshipped
there), and home (innermost part of the house,
hearth) ; waxen figures of departed ancestors ;
glowing ashes ; dead ashes ; live coal ; a cushioned
couch ; general supplication or thanksgiving ;
1st of the month ; 5th or 7th of the month ; 13th
or 15th of the month.
10. N. V. Ac. *manes* *Idus*
G. *mantium* *Iduum*
D. and Ab. *manibus* *Idibus*

8.

1. *Filiola, puerulus, animula, vernula, lacrimula, capitula. Osculum, crepuscula, fasciculus, manipulus, lapillus, scintillula, formula.*
2. *Medulla, nundinae, socrus, gener, nurus, neptis.* Place struck by lightning, ceiling, hammer, robe of state.
3. *Succus, querella, edera.*
4. Parsley, of bees ; fly, moss ; stake, marsh ; peacock, fear ; duties, walls, gifts ; passenger *or* carrier, lever.
5. Thing weighed, daily portion of wool for slave women to spin, task ; palm of hand, palm tree *or* branch (emblem of victory) ; priest, blast ; shin-bone, flute ; string, nerve ; hair, leaves ; light, eyes ; pledge, children.
6. *Exemplar, lepos, arbos, mulcta, noxia, luxuries, tegumen.*
7. *Quercus, ilex, fraxinus, pōpulus, abies, platanus, ulmus, fagus, betulla, alnus, salix.*
8. *Vectigalis*, neut., impost ; *ancōrae*, fem., anchor ; *jactūrae*, fem., loss ; *hinnitus*, masc., weighing ; *cacūminis*, neut., summit ; *propāginis*, fem., progeny ; *petitoris*, masc., candidate ; *transfūgae*, masc., deserter ; *fidtīcinis*, masc., lute-player ; *cicātriciis*, fem., scar.

9. Rose-bed, thicket, ox-stall, college or guild, herd, chest, beast of burden, priesthood.
 10. *Altor, altrix, alumnus, altilis*.

9.

1. Males, peoples, mountains, rivers, winds.
2. *Tiberis*, masc. ; *Styx*, fem. ; *Allia*, masc. ; *Soracte*, neut. ; *Tempe*, neut. plur. ; *Alpes*, fem. ; *Ida*, fem. ; *Jura*, masc. ; *mensis*, masc. ; *amnis*, masc. ; *mons*, masc.
3. Females, cities, islands, countries, trees.
4. *Cyprus*, fem. ; *Brundisium*, neut. ; *Delos*, fem. ; *Per-gama*, neut. plur. ; *Tibur*, neut. ; *Narbo*, masc. ; *Sulmo*, masc. ; *mālus*, fem. ; *Praeneste*, masc. or fem. ; *ācer*, neut. ; *dumus*, masc. ; *pirus*, fem. ; *siler*, neut. ; *acanthus*, masc. ; *sentis*, masc. (rarely fem.) ; *repres*, masc. (rarely fem.) ; *suber*, neut. ; *ficus*, fem. (rarely masc.).
5. Generally by the termination. *Papaver*, neut. ; *caulis*, masc. ; *melilotos*, fem. ; *cytissus*, com. ; *cucumis*, masc. ; *carex*, fem. ; *cicer*, neut. ; *piper*, neut. ; *ador*, neut. ; *rumex*, com. ; *amaracus*, com. ; *tüber*, neut.
6. The verbal nouns, indeclinables, words in *-c* and *-t*.
7. *Anguis*, com. (gen. masc.) ; *sacerdos*, com. ; *dama*, fem. (once masc. in Virgil) ; *incola*, com. ; *homo*, com. ; *parens*, com. ; *custos*, com. ; *anser*, gen. masc. ; *amans*, masc. ; *auriga*, masc. (rarely fem.) ;

vates, com. ; *conjux*, com. (gen. fem.) ; *bos*, com. (gen. masc.) ; *grus*, com. (gen. fem.) ; *tigris*, in prose masc., in poetry fem. ; *antistes*, com. ; *ales*, com. ; *praepes*, gen. fem. ; *sus*, gen. fem.

8. *Mas* ; *femina*.
9. *Vulpes*, *passer*, *mus*, *canis*.
10. -um, -aus, -e, -i.

10.

1. *Verna*, *nauta*, *scurra*, *poeta*, *scriba*, *auriga*. -as and -es.
2. *Sapphirus*, fem. ; *Arctos*, fem. ; *pampinus*, fem. ; *virus*, neut. ; *faber*, masc. ; *pelagus*, neut. ; *murus*, masc. ; *balanus*, fem. ; *vulgus*, gen. neut. (rarely masc.).
3. -o (except -do, -go, verbals in -io), -or, -os, -er, -ex, imparisyllabic -es.
4. *Caro* (fem.), *ordo*, *cardo*, *ligo* (masc.), *margo* (com.).
5. *Cupido*, fem. (masc. in Horace, and when personified) ; *natio*, fem. ; *vespertilio*, masc. ; *ternio*, masc. ; *legio*, fem. ; *regio*, fem. ; *quaternio*, masc. ; *scipio*, masc. ; *papilio*, masc. ; *echo*, fem. ; *margo*, com. ; *grando*, fem. ; *unio*, masc. ; *caro*, fem. ; *septentrio*, masc. ; *stellio*, masc. ; *sortitio*, fem.
6. Masc. = adjutant ; fem. = choice.
7. Fem. in -or : *arbor*, *uxor*, *soror* ; neut. : *aequor*, *ador*, *cor*, *marmor*. Fem. in -os : *cos*, *dos*, *eos* ; neut. : *os* (2), and Greek words, as *epos*. Fem. in -er : *linter* (rarely masc.) ; neut. : *ver*, *cadaver*, *iter*, *uber*, *verber*, and trees and plants. Fem. in -es increasing :

- merces, merges, quies (requies), seges, teges, compes* ;
neut. : *aes*.
8. *-is, -es* parisyllabic, *-do, -io, -go, -as, -aus, -x* (except *-ex*), *-s* following another consonant.
9. Masc. : *amnis, axis, caulis, collis, ignis, ensis, mensis, fustis*. Fem. : *navis, ovis, auris, securis*. Com. : *corbis, torquis, finis, funis* (all gen. masc.).
10. *As, gigas, vas (vadis), adamas*.
11. *Mons*, masc. ; *mens*, fem. ; *fons*, masc. ; *deus*, masc. ; *pons*, masc. ; *hydrops*, masc. ; *nex*, fem. ; *grex*, masc. ; *obex*, masc. ; *supellex*, fem. ; *pumex*, com. ; *calix*, fem. ; *onyx*, masc. ; *chalybs*, masc. ; *adepts*, com. ; *stirps*, fem. ; *verres*, masc. ; *bidens*, (hoe) masc., (sheep) fem. ; *pecus*, fem. ; *acinaces*, masc. ; *semis*, masc. ; *quadrans*, masc. ; *faex*, fem.

11.

1. *-ar, -ur, -us, -l, -a, -n, -e, -t*.
2. *Tus*, neut. ; *fur*, masc. ; *lepus*, masc. ; *poëma*, neut. ; *lac*, neut. ; *Lemures*, masc. ; *mus*, masc. ; *tripus*, masc. ; *sal*, masc. ; *jubar*, neut. ; *pugil*, masc. ; *pecus* (*-oris*), neut. ; *lar*, masc. ; *gramen*, neut. ; *Hymen*, masc. ; *lien*, masc. ; *attagen*, masc. ; *sindeon*, fem. ; *Halcyon*, fem. ; *pecten*, masc. ; *pectus*, neut. ; *turtur*, masc. ; *robur*, neut. ; *rete*, neut. ; *osceon*, masc.
3. Fem. *Senectus, incus, juventus, palus*.

4. Words in *-us*, masc. ; in *-u*, neut. Fem. in *-us* are .
trees, and *tribus*, *acus*, *porticus*, *domus*, *Idus*, *manus*,
socrus, *anus*.
5. All fem., except *dies* (com. in sing., masc. in plur.)
and *meridies* (masc.).
6. *Specus*, masc., fem., and neut. ; *dies*, (ordinary day)
masc., (particular day) fem., (period) fem. *Dies*
fasti.
7. *Navis*, fem., as mother of crew? *arbor*, fem., as
mother of fruit? *sol*, masc., king of the heavenly
bodies? husband of moon? having general idea
of masculine strength? *pecus*, fem., a herd of kept
cattle, of which the females are more numerous
than the males? *pecus*, neut. as collective ; *virtus*,
fem., personification of gentler side of character?
8. *Jumentum*, *legio*, *armentum*.
9. *Soror*, *verna*, *nurus*.
10. A disadvantage ; because to preserve a certain vague
picturesqueness, too heavy a price has to be paid
in the great effort of remembering which of in-
animate things are supposed to be masc. and
which fem.

12.

1. *Tristi*, *meliore* or *-i*, *acri*, *celeri*, *vetere*, *ingente* or *-i*,
alipede, *reside*, *paupere*.
2. *Tanti*, *-ae*, *-i* ; *totius* ; *solius* ; *quantum*, *-ae*, *-i* ; *ullius* ;
utrius ; *alterius* ; *unius*.

-
3. N.V. *alius, alia, aliud* *satur, satura, saturum*
 Ac. *alium, aliam, aliud* *saturum, saturam, satu-*
 G. *alius* *rum, etc., like bonus*
 D. *alii*
 Ab. *alio, alia, alio*
- N.V. *degener* *compos*
 Ac. *degenerem, gener* *compotem, compos*
 G. *degeneris* *compotis*
 D. *degeneri* *compoti*
 Ab. *degeneri* *compote*
- N.V. *armigeri, -ae, -a* *alacres, alacria*
 Ac. *etc., like tener* *alacres, alacria*
 G. *alacrium*
 D. *alacribus*
 Ab. *alacribus*
- N.V. *reduces* *superstites*
 Ac. *reduces* *superstites*
 G. *reducum* *superstitum*
 D. *reducibus* *superstitibus*
 Ab. *reducibus* *superstitibus*
4. *Bonus, melior, optimus; malus, pejor, pessimus; nequam, nequior, nequissimus; dives, divitior or ditior, divitissimus or ditissimus; providus, providentior, providentissimus; maturus, maturior, maturissimus or maturrimus; egenus, egentior, egentissimus; strenuus, strenuior, strenuissimus; pius, magis pius, piissimus; senex, senior (natu maximus); juvenis, junior (natu minimus); frugi, frugalior, frugalissimus; habilis, habilior, habilissimus; gracilis, gracilior, gracillimus.*
5. *Una castra*, one camp; *uni Romani*, the Romans only.

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- | | | | |
|---------|--------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 6. N.V. | <i>melius vinum</i> | <i>acris acus</i> | <i>alia res</i> |
| Ac. | <i>melius vinum</i> | <i>acrem acum</i> | <i>aliam rem</i> |
| G. | <i>melioris vini</i> | <i>acris acus</i> | <i>alius rei</i> |
| D. | <i>meliori vino</i> | <i>acri acui</i> | <i>alii rei</i> |
| Ab. | <i>meliore, -i, vino</i> | <i>acri acu</i> | <i>alia re</i> |
-
- | | | | |
|---------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 7. N.V. | <i>duo, duae, duo</i> | <i>tres, tria</i> | <i>millia</i> |
| Ac. | <i>duos, duo ; duas, duo</i> | <i>tres, tria</i> | <i>millia</i> |
| G. | <i>duorum, duarum, duorum</i> | <i>trium</i> | <i>millium</i> |
| D. | <i>duobus, duabus, duobus</i> | <i>tribus</i> | <i>millibus</i> |
| Ab. | <i>duobus, duabus, duobus</i> | <i>tribus</i> | <i>millibus</i> |
-
- | | | |
|------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| | sing. | plur. |
| N.V. | <i>mille passus</i> | <i>millia passuum</i> |
| Ac. | <i>mille passus</i> | <i>millia passuum</i> |
| G. | <i>mille passuum</i> | <i>millium passuum</i> |
| D. | <i>mille passibus</i> | <i>millibus passuum</i> |
| Ab. | <i>mille passibus</i> | <i>millibus passuum</i> |
8. Smooth, light ; cunning, warm ; clever, active ; glowing white, dull white ; devoid of, well tried in.
9. *Similis*, gen. or dat. ; *peritus*, gen. ; *dignus*, abl. (sometimes gen.) ; *affinis*, gen. or dat. ; *prodigus*, gen. ; *particeps*, gen. ; *proprius*, gen. or dat. ; *extorris*, abl. ; *liber*, abl.
10. *Ligneus*, made of wood ; *somnolentus*, inclined to sleep ; *iracundus*, full of wrath ; *otiosus*, given to ease ; *Atheniensis*, belonging to Athens ; *amabilis*, that can be loved ; *loquax*, fond of talking ; *pensilis*, hanging, hung, like perf. part.
11. *Adverso colle* ; *secundo flumine* ; *aliquot liberos habeo* ; *paucos liberos habeo*.

13.

1. *Ancipitis*, doubtful; *bicorporis*, two-bodied; *inertis*, inert; *desidis*, inactive; *alitis*, winged; *salubris*, healthful; *sinistri*, -ae, -i, on the left hand, unlucky; *frugiferi*, -ae, -i, fruitful; *laceri*, -ae, -i, torn; *locupletis*, rich; *dexteri*, -ae, -i (or -tri, -trae, -tri), on the right hand; *hebetis*, dull; *terētis*, well-rounded; *duplicis*, double.
2. *Secundus*, second, prosperous; *altus*, high, deep; *impotens*, powerless, furious; *caducus*, about to fall, falling; *sublustris*, dim; *invisus*, hated.
3. *Pergravis*, *permultus*. *Semivir*, half man; *inimicus*, not friendly; *nefastus*, not lawful; *subacidus*, slightly sour.
4. N., V., Ac., *plures*, *plura*; G., *plurium*; D. and Ab., *pluribus*. *Pluris* is used as gen. of price or value. *Pluris mihi eris*, "You will be more valued by me."
5. *Parvus*, *minor*, *minimus*; *magnus*, *major*, *maximus*; *vetus*, *veterior*, *veterrimus*, or *vetustior*, *vetustissimus*; *facilis*, *facilior*, *facillimus*; *pulcer*, *pulcrrior*, *pulcerrimus*; *miser*, *miserior*, *miserrimus*. *Deterior*, *deterimus*; *prior*, *primus*; *interior*, *intimus*; *inferus*, *inferior*, *infimus*; *ulterior*, *ultimus*; *posterus*, *posterior*, *postremus* or *postumus*; *exter*, *exterus*, *exterior*, *extremus*; *propior*, *proximus*; *citerior*, *citimus*.
6. *Misellus*, *pallidulus*, *parvulus*, *quantulus*.

7. *Pedester, hostilis* and *hosticus, auritus, nimius, aureus, argenteus, porcīnus, sectilis, fissilis, pensilis*.
8. *Victricia arma; claudus altero crure; justum proelium; anceps proelium*.
9. In abl. absolute const. it ends in *-e*; as adjective, in *-i*.
10. Light-bearing, *lux* and *fero*; remarkable, *e* and *grex*; skillful, *solus* (= *totus*) and *ars*; sounding-footed, *sono* and *pes*; one fold, *sim* (= *sin*, Greek *ἕν*, one) and *plico*; deadly, *letum*; foreseeing, *pro* and *video*; human, *homo*; lowly, *humus*; buried, *humus*; headlong, *prae* and *caput*; banished, *e* and *terra*; annual, *solus* (= *unus*) and *annus*.

14.

1. *Facilis, difficilis, similis, dissimilis, gracilis, humilis*.
2. *Benevolentior, -entissimus; dexterior, dextimus; sinistrior; potior, potissimus. Superus, superior, supremus* or *summus; posterus, posterior, postremus* or *postumus; inferus, inferior, infimus* or *-imus*.
3. Abl. only, instead of *quàm* with nom. or acc. (1) *Senior es quàm ille. Senior es illo. (2) Carior es illi quàm mihi*.
4. *Rudis, mirus, trux, gnāvus, gnarus, ferus*.
5. *Trucis, cruel; solius, alone; equestris, equestrian; pomiferi, -ae, -i, fruit-bearing; aliūs, other; utriusque, both; usually alterutrius*.
6. (1) *Quantus? . . . tantus . . . quantus . . . aliquantus. (2) Qualis? . . . talis . . . qualis . . .*

qualiscumque. (3) *Quot ? . . . tot . . . quot*
. . . aliquot . . . quoties ? . . . toties.

7. *Haec mea domus, quantulacumque est.*

8. N.V. <i>puber</i>	<i>memor</i>	<i>sospes</i>
(grown)	(mindful)	(safe)
Ac. <i>puberem</i>	<i>memorem, memor</i>	<i>sospitem, sospes</i>
G. <i>puberis</i>	<i>memoris</i>	<i>sospitis</i>
D. <i>puberi</i>	<i>memori</i>	<i>sospiti</i>
Ab. <i>pubere</i>	<i>memori</i>	<i>sospite</i>

N.V. <i>dis</i>	<i>quadrupes</i>	<i>vigil</i>	<i>uber</i>
(rich)	(four-footed)	(wakeful)	(fruitful)
Ac. <i>dilem, dis</i>	<i>quadrupedem, -pes</i>	<i>vigilem, vigil</i>	
G. <i>ditis</i>	<i>quadrupedis</i>	<i>vigilis</i>	
D. <i>diti</i>	<i>quadrupedi</i>	<i>vigili</i>	
Ab. <i>dite</i>	<i>quadrupede</i>	<i>vigili</i>	

9. "Etc." = *et caetera*. The adjective has no nom. sing. masc.

10. *-dicus, -ficus, -volus. Maledicus, beneficus, malevolus.*

11. *Ditior quam felicius est.*

15.

1. *Pullus*, young one, dark-coloured ; *uber*, teat, fruitful ; *acer*, maple, sharp ; *bellum*, war, pretty ; *comes*, companion, kind ; *decori*, for honour, handsome ; *celeres*, body-guard of Roman kings, swift ; *securis* axe, free from care ; *forte*, by chance, strong ; *fetus*, offspring, teeming ; *foedus*, treaty, foul ; *jugis*, for hills, running (of water) ; *nota*, a mark, known ; *nubila*, cloudlets, cloudy.
2. "Nothing is out of reach for mortals." *Ardui* is

- partitive gen. (after *nihil*) of the neut. adjective used as abstract substantive. See 16 (3) and 52 (1).
3. *Cassus*, empty; *apricus*, sunny; *invitus*, unwilling; *fortultus*, chance; *lugūbris*, mournful; *expeditus*, unencumbered; *peritus*, skilled; *medicus*, healing; *maledicus*, slanderous; *malesānus*, insane; *malefidus*, faithless; *malevōlus*, malevolent.
 4. *Libens veni*; *Invitus veni*; *Me inscio venit*; *Facile factu est*; *Inscius feci*.
 5. Because there is such a variety of roots of similar meanings from which to form the degrees of comparison.
 6. *Aureus*, *argenteus*, *plumbeus*, *ferreus*, *aeneus*, *chalybeius*.
 7. *Quercinus*, *faginus*, *fraxineus*, *igneus*, *palustris*, *flumineus*, *montanus*, *caninus*, *loquax*.
 8. One and all, with one consent, in a body. *Omnes eodem cogimur*; *Universi clamabant*; *Cuncti impetum faciunt*.
 9. *Fetus*, *ferax*, *fertilis*, *fecundus*, *felix*, fruitful. *Acer*, sharp, active; *acutus*, sharpened; *acidus*, bitter; *acerbus*, sour. *Celsus*, high. *Vorax*, devouring. *Plec-*, *simplex*, *duplex*, etc., onefold, twofold, etc.
 10. (1) Participle; (2) adjective.

16.

1. *Inimicus*, unfriendly, *in* and *amicus*; *furtivus*, thievish, *fur*; *finitimus*, neighbouring, *finis*; *quadrūpes*, fourfooted, *quatuor* and *pes*; *peregrinus*, foreign, *peregre* (*ager*).

2. Participles. Pres. act. part. have abl. sing. in *-e* when used as participles abl. absolute const. ; in *-i* when used as adjectives.
3. "Synesis" is agreement according to meaning, not according to strict grammatical form. *Pars militum militandi sunt.*
4. (1) "A wolf in the folds is a sad sight ; and showers on ripe crops." The neut. adjective *triste* agrees with the general idea. (2) "Death is the end of all things." *Extremum* stands for abstract noun. (3) "He preferred honour to expediency." *Honestum* and *utili* are neut. adjectives standing for abstract nouns.
5. "Prolepsis" is a figure by which an adjective is used to extend the meaning of the verb. (1) "Blow white." (2) "Strikes dead." (3) *Primus fecit.* (4) *Caluerunt mollia.* (5) *Premit placida.*
6. "He came at first ;" "He was the first to come ;" "He came once ;" "He came once on a time ;" "He came at the same time."
7. (1). "Æneas was bestirring himself in the morning." (2) "The arrow leaps through the swift shades," *i.e.* flies quickly through the shades. Enallage.
8. An instance of the comparative use of the superlative ; "finest of her companions," "fairer than her companions."
9. *Sancte deorum*, "holy one of the gods," implies most holy of, and has gen. as a superl.
10. *Dexter* ; *sinister*, *laevus*. (The name *Scaevola* = left-handed.)

17.

1. How many? Where in order? How many each?
How many times multiplied? How many times?
2. IX., XI., XIV., XL., L., LXXX., XC., C., CC., D.,
M. or CIO.
3. MDCCCLXXXIII., CCV., DCCCCLXVIII., IOO.
or VM., CCCCLI.
4. *Octo, decimus, viceni, quadragies, septuagesimus, singuli,
sextus, centies, ducenti, quinquaginta, duplex, triplex,
centuplex.*
5. 500, 1000, 5000, 10,000.
6. *Duo, secundus, bini, bis; tres, tertius, terni or trini,
ter; quattuor, quartus, quaterni, quater; quinque,
quintus, quini, quinquies.*
7. *Mille homines, duo millia hominum, viginti quattuor
or quattuor et viginti, quadragesimus quintus, octin-
gentesimus sexagesimus primus.*
8. A.U.C. CCCCLXVII.
9. *Duae septimae partes, sex partes, dimidia pars, quarta
pars, tres partes, duae partes.*
10. (1) *Singulos equos habent; (2) una castra; (3) duae
litterae; (4) binae litterae.*
11. *Amplius, plus, minus. Amplius sexcenti; Plus
ducenti; Minus trecenti.*
12. *Decimānus* or *decumānus* = belonging to the tenth
part. With *ager* = paying tithes; with *miles* = of
the tenth cohort; *decumana porta* = the main
entrance of a Roman camp.

18.

1. *Sex, sextus, seni, sexies; septem, septimus, septeni, septies; octo, octavus, octoni, octies; novem, nonus, noveni, novies; decem, decimus, deni, decies; undecim, undecimus, undeni, undecies.*
2. "He had added to nine lustris (spaces of five years) nine other lustris." He was ninety years old.
3. Kal. Mai.; A.D. VI. Id. Jun.; Non. Nov.; Prid. Kal. Jan.; Id. Oct.; A.D. XIII. Kal. Mart.; A.D. V. Non. Jul.; A.D. IV. Id. Jan.
4. *Ante diem duodecimum Kalendas Novembres*; for *die duodecimo ante Kalendas Novembres*. The words have fallen out of order, and the acc. follows *ante* ungrammatically. Or *diem duodecimum* are in a parenthesis, but in acc. because preceded by *ante*.
5. Leap year; so called because A.D. VI. Kal. Mart. (24th February, the festival Regifugum) was counted *twice*. July and August, before the time of Augustus. It was the tenth month in the old year, which began with March.
6. (1) "O thrice (and four times) happy!" (2) "What should I, a bachelor, be doing on the 1st of March?" (festival of married women). (3) "A noble pair of brothers." (4) "One or two are present." *Dimidio major*.
7. As cardinals.
8. (1) *Duos annos vixit.* (2) *Dictator in duos menses*

(or *duorum mensum*) *creatus est.* (3) *Vicesimo primo aetatis anno e vita excessit.* (4) *Decimo demum anno urbs capta est.* (3) *Tertia et quarta legiones venerunt.*

9. 94, 5000, 272, 100,000, 859, 2000, 10,000.

19.

1. *Unus, primus, singuli, semel, simplex; duo, secundus, bini, bis, duplex, duplus; tres, tertius, terni or trini, ter, triplex, triplus; quattuor, quartus, quaterni, quater, quadruplex, quadruplus; quinque, quintus, quini, quinquies, quintuplex; duodecim, duodecimus, duodeni, duodecies; tredecim, tertius decimus, terni deni, tredecies; quattuordecim, quartus decimus, quaterni deni, quater decies; quindecim, quintus decimus, quini deni, quinquies et decies.*
2. *Duodeviginti, duodevicesimus, duodeviceni; undeviginti, undevicesimus, undevicies; triginta, trigesimus, tricies; sexaginta, sexagesimus, sexagies; septuaginta, septuagesimus, septuagies; trecenti, trecentessimus, trecenties, trecenteni; quadringenti, sexcentessimus, septingenti, octingenti, nongenti, nongentesimus quintus, nongentesimus vicesimus primus.*
3. CLXX., CCLVI., DCCCCXCIH., MMVIII., LXXXVIII., XCVII., CCIDIDID., IV. and IIII.
4. *Quinque partes; quinque nonae partes; unus et*

dimidia pars; tres undecimae partes; duo et quattuor partes.

5. *Dimidiatus, dimidius, dimidium.*
6. *Bis quinque, deni; decem lustra, bis quinque lustra.*
7. (1) "The city did not fall for eleven years." (2) "He was now in the eighth year of his reign." (3) "Consul for several years." (4) "They were killed to a man." (5) "I alone came." (6) "We have six coins each."
8. (1) *Sunt nobis terni equi.* (2) *Erant illis quinae librae.* (3) *Tres omnino libros misit.* (4) *Decem libras habent.* (5) *Unus et alter aderat.*
9. (1) *Bicennium, triennium;* (2) *bimestris, semestris;* (3) *biduus, triduum.*

20.

1. *Sestertius*, a coin worth $2\frac{1}{2}$ asses; *sestertium* (really short for *mille sestertiorum*), a sum of 1000 *sestertii*. It is used, incorrectly, as a neut. sing. with plur. in -*ā*.
2. From *semi* and *tertius*, the third or half, *i.e.* $2\frac{1}{2}$ (asses). Fourth that sum. Symbol HS., which is either LLS. (*libra, libra, semi, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ librae*) or IIS. (II. (two), *semi, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$*), with line drawn through to distinguish it as a symbol from IIS. (*iis.* from *is.*).
3. (1) 22 *sestertii*. (2) 1500 *sestertia*. (3) Ten times a hundred thousand (*centena millia* being under-

- stood after num. adverb) *sestertia*. (4) 20 *sestertia*, the line above denoting the *sum*, not the *coin*.
4. (1) *As*, little less than one penny; (2) *denarius*, ten asses; (3) *millies HS.* = £8,000,000; (4) *HS. XXV.* = 5*od.*
5. *Uncia*, $\frac{1}{12}$; *sextans*, $\frac{1}{6}$; *quadrans*, $\frac{1}{4}$; *triens*, $\frac{1}{3}$; *quincunx*, $\frac{5}{12}$; *semis*, $\frac{1}{2}$; *septunx*, $\frac{7}{12}$; *bes*, $\frac{2}{3}$; *dodrans*, $\frac{3}{4}$; *dextans*, $\frac{5}{6}$; *deunx*, $\frac{11}{12}$. *Bessis*, *semissis*, *deuncis*.
6. (1) *Asses usurae* (1 per cent. per month), "12 per cent. per annum." (2) "Heir to the whole property" (the *as* representing the unit). (3) "Heir to half." (4) *Asses usurae*; i.e. hundredth part of the principal paid monthly.
7. *Libra*.
8. (1) *In meis nummis est.* (2) *In multis meis nummis est.* (3) *Acceptum referre.*
9. *Pondo*, indecl. noun = *libra*, a pound; adverb = by weight (old abl. of *pondus*). *Dupondius*, subst., the sum of two asses, as a coin. *Peculium*, dim. of *pecunia* = the money which slaves were allowed to amass. *Pecunia*, from *pecus*, a herd of cattle, as payments in primitive times were made in cattle, and then in leather stamped with the head of an animal.
10. (1) "I accept a loan from Titius." (2) "To make a loan to Titius."

21.

- | | | | |
|-------|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. N. | <i>ego</i> | <i>tu</i> | <i>se</i> or <i>sese</i> |
| Ac. | <i>me</i> | <i>te</i> | <i>se</i> or <i>sese</i> |
| G. | <i>mei</i> | <i>tui</i> | <i>sui</i> |
| D. | <i>mihi</i> | <i>tibi</i> | <i>sibi</i> |
| Ab. | <i>me</i> | <i>te</i> | <i>se</i> or <i>sese</i> |
| | | | |
| N. | <i>nos</i> | <i>vos</i> | as in sing. |
| Ac. | <i>nos</i> | <i>vos</i> | |
| G. | <i>nostrum</i> or <i>-i</i> | <i>vestrum</i> or <i>-i</i> | |
| D. | <i>nobis</i> | <i>vobis</i> | |
| Ab. | <i>nobis</i> | <i>vobis</i> | |
| | | | |
| N. | <i>qui, quae, quod</i> | <i>quis, quis, quid</i> | |
| Ac. | <i>quem, quam, quod</i> | <i>quem, quam, quid</i> | |
| G. | <i>cujus</i> | <i>cujus</i> | |
| D. | <i>cui</i> | <i>cui</i> | |
| Ab. | { <i>adverbial, qui</i>
<i>quo, qua, quo</i> | <i>quo, qua, quo</i> | |
| | | | |
| N. | <i>qui, quae, quae</i> | | |
| Ac. | <i>quos, quas, quae</i> | | |
| G. | <i>quorum, quarum, quorum</i> | | |
| D. | <i>quibus</i> or <i>quis</i> | | |
| Ab. | <i>quibus</i> or <i>quis</i> | | |
2. *Meus*, mine ; *tuus*, thine ; *suus*, his, hers, its, theirs (referring to subject) ; *noster*, ours ; *vester*, yours, *cujus*, whose, and whose ?
3. *Quā*, nom. sing. fem. or nom. acc. neut. plur. of *quis*, indef. ; *nostras*, acc. fem. plur. of *noster*, or nom. sing. = of our country ; *cujus*, gen. sing. of *qui* or *quis*, or possess. of rel. or interrog. pronoun ;

mei, from *meus*, or gen. of *ego* ; *nostri*, from *noster*, or gen. plur. of *nos*.

4. *Illum*, -am, -ud ; *ipsum*, -am, -um ; *istum*, -am, -ud ; *hunc*, *hanc*, *hoc* ; *eundem*, *eandem*, *idem* ; *eum*, *eam*, *id* ; *quendam*, *quandam*, *quoddam* ; *quemquem*, *quamquam*, *quidquid* (or *quicquid*) ; *quemque*, *quamque*, *quidque*.

5. *Egommet*, *tute*, *huncce*, *suopte*.

N. *istic*, *istaec*, *istoc* or *istuc*

Ac. *istunc*, *istanc*, *istoc* or *istuc*

6. Pointing out ; referring to subject or object ; expressing reciprocity, as "They love one another." By the phrases, *alius* . . . *alius* ; *alter* . . . *alter* ; *inter se*.
7. (1) *Quis venit* ? (2) *Dic mihi quis veniat*. (3) *Dic mihi quis venerit*. (4) *Qui* (sometimes *quis*) *miles adest* ? (5) *Quis adest* ? (6) *Quid faciam* ?
8. Each of several, any (in negative sentence), whoever ; dat. of *qui* or *quis*, nom. indef. or interrog. ; whoever (adjectival), whoever (substantival) ; any (in negative sentence) substantival, any (in negative sentence) adjectival.
9. (1) *Quivis* or *quilibet*. (2) *Quisquam* or *ullus*, with noun. (3) *Quid*. (4) *Ullus* or *ecquis*. (5) *Ullus*.
10. With *suus*, and with superl. adjectives as *optimus quisque*, all the best.
11. (1) *Dic mihi quot oves habeas*. (2) *Mittam quot oves habeo*.

22.

- | | | |
|-------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. N. | <i>hi, hae, haec</i> | <i>ii, eae, ea</i> |
| Ac. | <i>hos, has, haec</i> | <i>eos, eas, ea</i> |
| G. | <i>horum, harum, horum</i> | <i>eorum, earum, eorum</i> |
| D. | <i>his</i> | <i>iis or eis</i> |
| Ab. | <i>his</i> | <i>iis or eis</i> |
-
- | | |
|-----|-------------------------------------|
| N. | <i>iidem, eadem, eadem</i> |
| Ac. | <i>eosdem, easdem, eadem</i> |
| G. | <i>eorumdem, earumdem, eorumdem</i> |
| D. | <i>iisdem or eisdem</i> |
| Ab. | <i>iisdem or eisdem</i> |
-
- | | |
|-----|--------------------------------|
| N. | <i>qui, quae, qua or quae</i> |
| Ac. | <i>quos, quas, qua or quae</i> |
| G. | <i>quorum, quarum, quorum</i> |
| D. | <i>quibus or quis</i> |
| Ab. | <i>quibus or quis</i> |
-
- | | | |
|-----|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| N. | <i>quidam, quaedam, quoddam</i> | <i>quis, (quis), quid</i> |
| Ac. | <i>quendam, quandam, quoddam</i> | <i>quem, quam, quid</i> |
| G. | <i>cujusdam</i> | <i>cujus</i> |
| D. | <i>cuidam</i> | <i>cui</i> |
| Ab. | <i>quodam, quadam, quodam</i> | <i>quo, qua, quo</i> |
2. The same man, the same thing ; abl. sing. fem. of *idem*, nom. acc. neut. plur. of *idem* ; each of several, each of two.
3. (1) *Amat suam pecuniam.* (2) *Ejus libros habeo.*
 (3) *Suos inimicos oderunt.* (4) *Eorum liberos amamus.* (5) *Victis sua reddo.* (6) *Speret se venturum.* (7) *Speramus eum venturum.* (8) *Feminae negant se aetate propectas esse.*
4. Put the antecedent into the relative clause in the

place of the relative, and see what case it is in.
This will be the case of the relative.

5. (1) *Pecunia, quam habeo, parva est.* (2) *Pecunia, quae hic est, magna est.* (3) *Vir, de quo loqueris, hic est.* (4) *Equi, quos misimus, juvenes sunt.* (5) *Doceor rebus quas enuntias.*
6. *Vestratis*, of your country; *cujī, -ae, -i*, whose, or whose? *cujatis*, of what country?
7. Add *ipsius* to *suos* if it means Cæsar's hostages; *ipsorum* if it means those of the Ædui.
8. *Meo ipsius auxilio civitas servata est.*
9. (1) "And it (*i.e.* tree with a graft added) wonders at the new leaves and fruits not natural to itself."
(2) "The prayers found gods to listen to them."
(3) "He died at a time desirable for himself rather than for his fellow-countrymen." (4) "He is master of himself in discussion." (5) "His own appointed time is fixed for every man."

23.

1. (1) *Ostentatio sui Scipionem impellit.* (2) *Illum ulciscuntur mores sui.* When no ambiguity is involved.
2. In order that (*Legatos mittunt qui pacem petant*). Such that (*Non is sum qui talia curem*). Since (*Te odi qui me oderis*). Although (*Quis est, qui C. Fabricii, M. Curii non cum benevolentia memoriam usurpet, quos nunquam viderit?*).

3. "Where in point of order?" *Tu, quotus esse velis, rescribe*, "Write back word how many guests you would like to have to meet you."
4. (1) "What is o'clock?" (2) "How few and far between are the wise!" (3) "At what hour shall we drink?"
5. *Is*, unemphatic demonstrative. *Ille*, that yonder. *Iste*, that near you. *Olle, olim* = both formerly and hereafter.
6. (1) "Just beneath the walls." (2) "Beautiful even in decay." (3) "I hate that character of yours." (4) "How much changed from the old Hector!"
7. *Uter vēnit?* "Which of the two is come?" *Uterque vēnit*, "Each of the two is come." *Quisque venit*, "Each of several is come." *Quivis hoc facere potest*, "Any one can do this." *Haud quisquam hoc facere potest*, "No one can do this." *Quisquis jubet*, "Whoever orders" (substantival). *Quicumque rex jubet*, "Whatever king orders" (adjectival). *Quemlibet mittit*, "He sends any one he likes." *Haud ullum mittit*, "He does not send any one." *Quid est?* "What is it?" (substantival). *Quod verbum est?* "What word is it?" (adjectival).
8. *Qui*, (1) rel. nom. sing. and plur.; (2) form of rel. abl. sing., used adverbially. *Quā*, (1) abl. sing. of *qui* and *quis*; (2) abl. sing. of rel. used adverbially, "by which road," "in so far as;" (3) abl. sing. of interrog. "how?" *Quō*, (1) abl. sing. of *qui* and *quis*; (2) adverb = whither? any-

whither (indef.), wherefore, to what end? in order that.

9. *Quis, quis; quotiens; quicunque; quidpiam, quippiam.*
10. First. *Res, de qua dixit.*
11. *Die* is repeated with *quo*, to avoid possibility of taking *quo* to mean "whither." Cæsar's love for perspicuity leads him to use such repetitions.

24.

1. *Amarunt, amarier, amatus fuerat, amatus fuit, amare.* *Amare* is (1) pres. inf. act.; (2) 2nd sing. pres. ind. pass.; (3) 2nd sing. pres. imperat. pass.
2. *Amasses, amarat, amarunt, amarit, amasti, rediit, mossent, noratis, flesti, audisti.*

3.	<i>rego</i>	<i>regar</i>	<i>amem</i>	
	<i>regis</i>	<i>regēris, -ēre</i>	<i>ames</i>	<i>amare</i>
	<i>regit</i>	<i>regetur</i>	<i>amet</i>	
	<i>regimus</i>	<i>regemur</i>	<i>amemus</i>	
	<i>regitis</i>	<i>regimini</i>	<i>ametis</i>	<i>amamini</i>
	<i>regunt</i>	<i>regentur</i>	<i>ament</i>	
	<i>monēbo</i>	<i>monērer</i>	<i>audiveram</i>	<i>audirer</i>
	<i>monēbis</i>	<i>monerēris, -re</i>	<i>audiveras</i>	<i>audireris, -re</i>
	<i>monēbit</i>	<i>monerētur</i>	<i>audiverat</i>	<i>audiretur</i>
	<i>monēbimus</i>	<i>monerēmur</i>	<i>audiveramus</i>	<i>audiremur</i>
	<i>monēbitis</i>	<i>monerēmini</i>	<i>audiveratis</i>	<i>audiremini</i>
	<i>monēbunt</i>	<i>monerēntur</i>	<i>audiverant</i>	<i>audirentur</i>

4. PRIMARY TENSES.

Indicative.

Present.

Future.

Perfect (with sign
"have").*Subjunctive.*

Present.

Perfect.

Amavi (perf.), I have loved.*Amavi* (aor.), I loved.

HISTORIC TENSES.

Indicative.

Imperfect.

Pluperfect.

Aorist (perfect form rendered without "have").

Subjunctive.

Imperfect.

Pluperfect.

5. Primary tenses follow primary; historic follow historic.
6. (1) *Dubitari non potest quin pugnet, pugnaverit, pugnatus sit.* (2) *Dubitari non potuit quin pugnaret, pugnavisset, pugnatus esset.*
7. *Do, duim; audeo, ausim; facio, faxim; volo, velim; nolo, nolim; malo, malim; possum, possim; edo, edim; perdant = perduint.* These are the commonest.
8.

<i>potero</i>	<i>eam</i>	<i>ferrem</i>		
<i>poteris</i>	<i>eas</i>	<i>ferres</i>	<i>fi</i>	<i>noli, nolito</i>
<i>poterit</i>	<i>eat</i>	<i>ferret</i>		<i>noli, nolito</i>
<i>poterimus</i>	<i>eamus</i>	<i>ferremus</i>		
<i>poteritis</i>	<i>eatis</i>	<i>ferretis</i>	<i>fite</i>	<i>nolite, nolitote</i>
<i>poterunt</i>	<i>eant</i>	<i>ferrent</i>		<i>nolunt</i>
9. *Fac* (or *face*), *duc, jacē, jacē, scilo, fer, dic, memento.*

25.

1. *Ducens*, leading; *ducturus*, about to lead; *ductus*, led; *ducendus*, to be led. *Veniens*, coming; *venturus*, about to come.
2. (1) *Pugnaturus sum*, *es*, *est*; *pugnaturi sumus*, *estis*, *sunt*. (2) *Pugnandum est mihi*, *tibi*, *ei*, *nobis*, *vobis*, *iis*. (3) *Pugnandum erit mihi*, etc.
3.

<i>velim</i>	<i>fierem</i>	<i>malo</i>	<i>poteram</i>
<i>velis</i>	<i>fieres</i>	<i>maius</i>	<i>poteras</i>
<i>velit</i>	<i>fieret</i>	<i>mauult</i>	<i>poterat</i>
<i>velimus</i>	<i>fieremus</i>	<i>malumus</i>	<i>poteramus</i>
<i>velitis</i>	<i>fieretis</i>	<i>mauultis</i>	<i>poteratis</i>
<i>velint</i>	<i>fierent</i>	<i>malunt</i>	<i>poterant</i>

<i>edam</i> or <i>edim</i>	<i>ivero</i> or <i>iero</i>
<i>edas</i> or <i>edis</i>	<i>iveris</i>
<i>edat</i> or <i>edit</i>	<i>iverit</i>
<i>edamus</i> or <i>edimus</i>	<i>iverimus</i>
<i>edatis</i> or <i>editis</i>	<i>iveritis</i>
<i>edant</i> or <i>edint</i>	<i>iverint</i>
4. *Itum erat a me*, *a te*, *ab illo*, *a nobis*, *a vobis*, *ab illis*; *cundum erit mihi*, etc.; *itur a me*, etc.
5.

N.	<i>rediens</i>	<i>potens</i>
Ac.	<i>euntem</i>	<i>potentem</i>
G.	<i>euntis</i>	<i>potentis</i>
D.	<i>eunti</i>	<i>potenti</i>
Ab.	<i>eunte</i>	<i>potente</i>

Used as adjective.

6. *Edit* = *est*; *edat* = *edit*; *audibit*; *audibam*; *capitundus*; *foret* (or *ederet* from *ēdo*); *futurus esse*.
7. He flees, he fled, he puts to flight; he takes, he

begins, he took ; he eats or may eat, he utters ; I sow, I join ; he covers, he covered, he weaves ; I fall, I kill, I yield, I give up.

8. *Pallescere*, grow pale ; *esurire*, hunger ; *patefacere*, make plain ; *cantare*, sing often ; *scribillare*, scribble.
9. *Peperci*, *parcitum* or *parsum*, *parcere*, spare ; *parui*, *paritum*, *parere*, obey ; *peperi*, *paritum* or *partum*, *parere*, bring forth ; *paravi*, *paratum*, *parare*, prepare ; *mensus*, *metiri*, measure ; *mentitus*, *mentiri*, tell lies ; *messui*, *messum*, *metere*, mow ; *missi*, *missum*, *mittere*, send ; *fulsi*, *fulgere*, shine ; *fulsi*, *fultum*, *fulcire*, prop ; *quaesivi*, *quaesitum*, *quaerere*, seek ; *questus*, *queri*, complain.
10. *Coepi*, I begin ; *coeperam*, I began ; *coepero*, I shall begin ; *coeperim*, *coepissem*, *coepisse*, *coepturus*. *Odi*, I hate ; *oderam*, I hated ; *odero*, I shall hate ; *oderim*, *odissem*, *odisse*, *osurus*. *Memini*, I remember ; *memineram*, I remembered ; *meminero*, I shall remember ; *meminerim*, *meminissem*, *meminisse*.

26.

1.	<i>aio</i>		<i>inquam</i>	
	<i>ais</i>	<i>aias</i>	<i>inquis</i>	<i>inquires</i>
	<i>ait</i>	<i>aiat</i>	<i>inquit</i>	<i>inquiet</i>
			<i>inquimus</i>	
			<i>inquitis</i>	
	<i>aiunt</i>	<i>aiant</i>	<i>inquiunt</i>	

2. *Gaudeo, audeo, solo, fido.*
3. *Poenitet*, it repents, acc. and gen. ; *libet*, it pleases, dat. ; *juvat*, it delights, acc. ; *pudet*, it shames, acc. and gen. ; *attinet*, it belongs, *ad* with acc. ; *miseret*, it moves pity, acc. and gen.
4. *Oportet me ire, te ire, eum ire*, etc. ; *oportuit me ire*, etc. ; *oportebit me ire*, etc.
5. It is allowed, it is clear ; it is added, it happens ; it beseems, it misbeseems ; it suits, it suited ; the remaining, I have left.
6. *Fraudare ; canēre.*
7. *Puduit* and *puditum est* ; *taeduit* and *pertaesum est* ; *miseruit* and *miseritum est* ; *licuit* and *licitum est* ; *libuit* and *libitum est* ; *piguit* and *pigitum est*.
Lubet.
8. Give here ! begone ! hail ! hail ! *and* farewell !
Cedite, cete ; apagite ; salvete ; ave.
9. *Viden'* = *videsne* ? *audin'* = *audisne* ? *infit*, defect. verb, he begins ; *faxit* = *fasiat* ; *norit* = *noverit* ; *venibit*, fut. of *veneo* ; *reperit* (or *repperit*), perf. of *reperio* ; *fariet* = *fari*.
10. Contracted from reduplicated form *veveni*.
11. *Condidi, conditum, condere*, hide, found ; *micui, micare*, sparkle ; *lavi* or *lavavi, lavatum, lotum, or lautum, lavere* or *lavare*, wash ; *cavi, cautum, cavere*, beware ; *solitus sum, solere*, be wont ; *pupugi, punctum, pungere*, prick ; *concussi, concussum, concutere*, shake ; *saepsi, saeptum, saepire*, hedge round.
12. *Amans, amantior, amantissimus.*

27.

1. *Texui, textum, texĕre*, weave ; *texi, tectum, tegĕre*, cover ; *cecidi, casum, cadĕre*, fall ; *cecidi, caesum, caedere*, kill ; *jussi, jussum, jubĕre*, order ; *mansi, mansum, manĕre*, remain ; *haesi, haesum, haerĕre*, stick ; *favi, fautum, favĕre*, favour ; *flevi, fletum, flere*, weep ; *connivi* or *connixi, connivĕre*, wink ; *adolui, adultum*, enlarge, sacrifice to ; *auxi, auctum, augĕre*, make larger ; *torrui, tostum, torrĕre*, roast ; *traxi, tractum, trahĕre*, draw, drag ; *lavi* or *lavavi, lavatum, lautum*, or *lotum, lavĕre* or *lavare*, wash.
2. *Dono filium pecuniā* or *filio* (abl.) *pecuniam* ; *muto equos pecuniā* or *pecuniam equis* (abl.) ; *invideo tibi re*, or *in re*, or *rei* (gen.) ; *parco tibi* ; *interest meā, interest Caesaris* ; *nubo Caesari* ; *recordor Caesarem* or *Caesaris* ; *potior urbe* or *urbis* ; *utor pecuniā* ; *rogo eum pecuniam* ; *rogor pecuniam*.
3. Pres. and fut. participles ; gerunds, supines, gerundive.
4.

N.	<i>videre</i>	<i>Videre est credere.</i>
Ac.	<i>videre</i>	<i>Scio videre esse credere.</i>
	<i>videndum</i>	<i>Inter videndum.</i>
	<i>visum</i>	<i>Eo visum.</i>
G.	<i>videndi</i>	<i>Videndi causa.</i>
D.	<i>videndo</i>	<i>Aptus videndo.</i>
Ab.	<i>videndo</i>	<i>Vincit videndo.</i>
	<i>visu</i>	<i>Mirabile visu.</i>

5. *prosum* *fiam* *queam* *nequirem*
prodes *fies* *queas* *nequires*
prodest *fiet* *queat* *nequiret*
prosumus *fiemus* *queamus* *nequiremus*
prodestis *fietis* *queatis* *nequiretis*
prosunt *fient* *queant* *nequirent*
6. *Ferre* is contracted from *ferere*; *ferrem* from *fererem*; *ferrer* from *fererer*. *Rētuli* from *retetuli*. So *rēperi*, *rēpuli*.
7. *Orior*, in ind. pres., 1st and 2nd sing., 1st plur., and in fut. part.; *potior* in ind. pres., 3rd sing., 1st plur., and through the imperf. subj. *Oriturus*, about to rise; *moriturus*, about to die; *orsurus*, about to begin; *moraturus*, about to delay.
8. Before final -e, another *i*, *ēr*.
9. Having forgotten; smeared (*oblino*). I say; I dedicate. Preserved, salted, pickled; founded, hidden. He commands; he obtains by asking. I am on sale; I come. I lie open; I suffer. I fix; I fashion, feign. I am hanging (intrans.); I suspend.
10. (1) *Pecunia mihi deest*. (2) *Careo pecuniā*.

28.

1. (1) *Imperat mihi ut eam*. (2) *Hortatus est me ne irem*. (3) *Monet me periculum esse*. (4) *Mihi pecuniam imperat*. (5) *Jubet me ire*. (6) *Pecuniam a rege quaeremus*. (7) *Deos pacem oraveram*.
2. He distrusts, he has cleft; he may lead forth, he

educates ; he consults me, he consults my interests ; strive ! to shine ; he commands *or* may eat, he eats ; labour, I glide ; labours, thou mayest labour ; he strikes, he may bring ; he is white, he will sing.

3. Having drunk, demanded, wind, a return, given back, wedded, having sworn, surrounded, entered upon, having dared.
4. *Aufero, offero, confero, affero ; acquiro ; obedio ; concino ; perago, circumago ; intelligo.*
5. *Sensi, sensum, -ĕre, feel ; sepelivi, sepultum, -ire, bury ; vici, victum, -ĕre, conquer ; vinxi, vinctum, -ire, bind ; visi, visum, -ĕre, visit ; colui, cultum, -ĕre, cultivate ; scidi, scissum, -ĕre, tear ; reddidi, redditum, -ĕre, restore ; compert, compertum, -ire, discover.*
6. (1) " You strike ; I am beaten only." (2) " What ! you complain ? " (3) " Restrain the shouting." (4) " He owed his life to me." (5) " He had taken it in good part."
7. (1) *Me secutus, salvus erat.* (2) *Missus properavit.* (3) *Victis hostibus, rediit.* (4) *Audimus Caesarem, te secutum, salvum esse.*

29.

1. (1) *Fungor, fruor, vereor, dignor, utor, supersedeo, nitor* (lean on), and verbs of wanting, being full, enriching, depriving. (2) *Potior, impleo, compleo,*

- gego, indigeo.* (3) Verbs of asking (*posco, flagito, oro, rogo, interrogo*) and teaching; factitives (of making, calling, thinking) and *celo*. (4) Verbs of accusing, convicting, condemning, acquitting, admonishing, reminding; *pudet, piget, taedet, miseret, paenitet*.
2. *Manat*, 3rd sing. pres. ind. act. of *mano*, flow; *nitetur*, 1 fut. ind. of *nitor*, strive; *estur* = *ēditur* (*ēdo*, eat); *illitus*, perf. part. of *illino*, smear; *desiit* = *desiuit*, perf. of *desino*, lean off; *sis*, (1) pres. subj. of *suus*, (2) = *si vis*, if you will; *nactus*, perf. part. of *nanciscor*, obtain; *placandus*, gerundive of *placo*, appease; *fugarat* = *fugavarat*, plup. ind. of *fugo*, rout.
3. *Appellare*, call, *appellēre*, drive; to vomit, with plough-share; steps, having suffered, spread (*pando*); grow larger, make larger; it happens (generally of things we like), it happens (generally of things we dislike); of food, conquered; he brings back, it concerns; I pretend to be what I am not, I pretend not to be what I am; he is warm, he is crafty.
4. *Domui, domitum, -are*, tame; *hausi, haustum, -ire*, drain; *arsi, arsum, -ēre*, blaze; *dedi, datum, dare*, give; *lēgi, lectum, -ēre*, pick, read; *legavi, legatum, -are*, appoint; *spopondi, sponsum, -ēre*, promise; *divisi, divisum, -ēre*, divide; *defendi, defensum, -ere*, ward off; *salui* or *salii, saltum, -ire*, leap; *fregi, fractum, -ēre*, break; *rupi, ruptum, -ēre*, burst; *genui, genitum, -ēre*, beget. *Nactus* or *nactus*, *fassus, confessus, fessus, ratus*.

5. *Venit ludos spectatum ; ut spectet ; spectandi causa ; spectaturus (rare) ; ludorum spectandorum causa ; ad ludos spectandos.*
6. (1) *Eundem erat mihi*, etc. (2) *Pecunia mittenda erit mihi*, etc. (3) *Parcendum est mihi*, etc.
7. *Noceo*, dat. ; *laedo*, acc. ; *subvenio*, dat. ; *refert*, gen. or case of possessive in *-ā* ; *flagito*, double acc. ; *indulgeo*, dat. ; *convenio*, (suit), dat., (have interview with), acc. ; *antepono*, acc. and dat.
8. (1) *Oculos volvit*. (2) *Oculi volvuntur*. (3) *Ut me viderent, se verterunt*. (4) *Lapisolvebatur*. (5) *Me pullis vestibus vestiam*.
9. *Cantare*, sing. often ; *parturire*, with to bring forth ; *calescere*, grow warm.

30.

- | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 1. <i>potior</i> | <i>morior</i> | <i>moriar</i> |
| <i>potiris</i> | <i>moreris</i> | <i>moriēris</i> |
| <i>potitur, -itur</i> | <i>moritur</i> | <i>moriētur</i> |
| <i>potimur, -imur</i> | <i>morimur</i> | <i>moriēmur</i> |
| <i>potimini</i> | <i>morimini</i> | <i>moriēmini</i> |
| <i>potiuntur</i> | <i>moriuntur</i> | <i>moriēntur</i> |
| <i>amare, -ator</i> | <i>monēre, -etor</i> | <i>regere, -itor</i> |
| <i>amator</i> | <i>monetor</i> | <i>regitor</i> |
| <i>amamini</i> | <i>monemini</i> | <i>regimini</i> |
| <i>amantor</i> | <i>monentor</i> | <i>reguntor</i> |
| <i>audire, -itor</i> | | <i>auditor</i> |
| | | <i>audīmini</i> |
| | | <i>audiuntor</i> |
2. (1) *Lucio a Caio parcendum est*. (2) *Lucio a militibus parendum est*. (3) *Trebius castris praefuit*. (4) *Pecunia tibi proderit*. (5) *Scimus equites mit-*

tendos fuisse. (6) *Negari non potest quin reditura fuerit.*

3. *Credo iri* (that it is being gone); *captum* (to take, supine, after verb of motion); *urbem* (the city, acc. obj. of transitive supine). *Credo fore ut urbs capiatur.*
4. *Cognovi, cognitum, -ēre*, know; *ignovi, ignotum, -ēre*, pardon; *pavi, pastum, -ēre*, feed (trans.); *pavi, -ēre*, fear; *pepigi, pactum, -ēre*, fasten; *ēmi, emptum, -ēre*, buy; *finxi, fictum, -ēre*, fashion, feign; *enecui, enectum, -āre*, kill; *sanxi, sanctum, -ire*, ratify; *surrexi, surrectum, -ēre*, rise.
5. *Ignosco*, dat.; *posthabeo*, acc. and dat.; *uro*, acc.; *fugio* (escape), acc.; *vescor*, abl.; *reminiscor*, gen. or acc.; *accuso*, acc. and gen.; *doceo*, double acc.
6. (1) "They are well spoken of." (2) "O father Matutinus, or if thou preferrest to be called Janus." (3) "He had gone into exile." (4) "It will be allowable to go to law." (5) "Thou givest contracts for quarrying marble." (6) "They undertake funerals."
7. *Ausit*, pres. subj. of *audeo*; *desierant*, plup. ind. of *desino*; *afuit*, perf. of *absum*; *placamus*, pres. ind. of *placo*; *fugetis*, pres. subj. of *fugo*; *moremini*, pres. subj. of *moror*; *morēris*, pres. ind. of *morior*; *artos* (= *arctos*), perf. part. of *arceo*.
8. *Inquit* introduces *oratio recta*; *dixit, oratio obliqua*.
9. *Constat*, it is agreed; acc. and inf. *Accedit*, it is added; *ut* with subj., or *quod* with ind. *Liquet*

it is clear ; acc. and inf. *Licet*, it is allowed ; dat. and inf., or subj. with or without *ut*. *Oportet*, it behoves ; acc. and inf., or subj. with or without *ut*. *Depudet*, it ceases to move shame ; acc. and gen.

31.

1. *Perpeteris*, 2nd sing. pres. ind. of *perpetior* ; *repositis* = *repositis*, perf. part. of *repono* ; *ablatus*, perf. part. of *aufero* ; *visit*, pres. or perf. ind. of *viso* ; *satus*, perf. part. of *sero* ; *quaesumus*, 1st plur. pres. ind., defective of *quaeso* ; *fatur*, pres. ind. of *fari* ; *rerī*, pres. inf. of *reor* ; *conferti*, perf. part. of *confercio*.
2. (1) "I could not but come." (2) "You may go."
 (3) "What are you doing?" or, "How are you faring?" (4) "He pretends not to be afraid."
 (5) "I have ascertained that this was done." (6) "He makes no secret of his grief." (7) "I will humour you."
3. "A fighter's art ;" "the art of fighting."
4. (1) *Videre est credere*. (2) *Mirabile visu*. (3) *Hoc viso, rediit*.
5. *me recipio* *me recepturus eram* *me recepissem*
te recipis etc. etc.
se recipit or *me recepturus fui*
nos recipimus etc.
vos recipitis
se recipiunt
6. *Sustuli*, *sublatum*, *tollere*, lift, remove ; *concupivi*,

-ēre, desire ; *inveteravi*, -ēre, grow old ; *consuevi*, *consuetum*, -ēre, grow wont ; *stravi*, *stratum*, -ēre, lay low ; *crevi*, *cretum*, -ēre, discern, sift ; *perculi*, *perculsum*, -ēre, strike ; *vetui*, *vetitum*, -are, forbid ; *juvi*, *jutum*, -are, help ; *nevi*, *netum*, *nēre*, spin ; *prandi* or *pransus sum*, *pransum*, -ēre, dive ; *sarsi*, *sartum*, -ēre, patch ; *impegi*, *impactum*, -ēre, to thrust against.

7. *Spolio*, acc. and abl. ; *dignor*, abl. ; *irascor*, dat. ; *minor*, acc. and dat. ; *celo*, double acc. ; *voco*, double acc. ; *vocor*, followed by same case or subject ; *plaudo*, dat.
8. (1) "The speech smacks of Cicero." (2) "The song smells of the oil" (*i.e.* is laboured). (3) "With his temples surrounded with bay." (4) "Having put on Tyrian garb." (5) "I do not wish to be hen-pecked."
9. *Explodo*, *concutio*, *dirigo*, *recludo*.
10. *Claudo*, I shut ; *recludo*, I shut back, *i.e.* open.

32.

1. (1) Subject, *pro patria mori* ; predicate, *dulce est* ; copula, *est* ; complement, *dulce*. (2) Subject, *eadem centies audire* ; predicate, *taedet*. (3) Subject, *veniatne exercitus* ; predicate, *in dubio est* ; copula, *est* ; complement, *in dubio*.
2. (1) Subject, *ego* ; objects, *nomen* and *dici* ; predicate,

all the sentence except *ego*. (2) Subjects, *ille* (understood) of *promittit*, *se* of *venturum*; object, *se venturum esse*; predicate, the whole sentence. (3) Subjects, *ego* and *tu* (understood); predicate, the whole sentence; objects, *tibi* and *ne illud faceres* of *suadebam*, *illud* of *faceres*.

3. *Sum, fio, vocor, videor, dicor, evado*.
4. (1) "He will turn out a great orator." (2) "You will become one of my leaders." (3) "I must serve you." (4) "You will be pardoned." (5) "Either learn or go: a third chance remains, to be flogged."
5. *Desilui, desultum, -ire*, leap down; *detexi, detectum, -ĕre*, uncover; *confisus, confisum, -ĕre*, trust; *trivi, tritum, -ĕre*, rub; *cupivi, cupitum, -ĕre*, desire; *fefelli, falsum, -ĕre*, deceive; *fodi, fossum, -ĕre*, dig; *pessumdedi, datum, dare*, ruin. *Adeptus, adipisci*, obtain; *commentus, comminisci*, devise; *ultus, ulcisci*, avenge; *orsus, ordiri*, begin; *ingressus, ingredi*, enter upon; *experrectus, -gisci*, awake; *perpessus, perpeti*, suffer; *nisus* or *nixus, niti*, strive.
6. *Reminiscor, memini, recordor*. Acc. or gen.
7. *Dictitare, rogare, minitari; esurire, parturire, scaturire*.
8. (1) *Scio eum venire*. (2) *Sciebam eum venire*. (3) *Sciebam eum venturum fuisse*. (4) *Scio eum venisse*. (5) *Sciebam eum vivere*.

33.

1. *Liquor*, subst., moisture ; pres. pass. of *liquo* (1st), to melt ; pres. of deponent (3rd), to be fluid. *Liques*, pres. ind. of *liqueo*, to be liquid, clear ; pres. subj. of *liquo* (1st). *Licuit*, perf. of *licet*, *liqueo*, and *liquesco*. *Comesus*, perf. part. of *comedo*, to devour. *Dilabère*, pres. ind. and imperat. ; *dilabère*, 1 fut. ind. of *dilabor*, to fall apart. *Labi*, dat. of *labes*, stain ; pres. inf. of *labor*, to glide. *Latus*, adjective, wide ; subst. (3rd, neut.), side ; perf. part. of *fero*. *Sine*, preposition ; imperat. of *sino* (3rd), to allow. *Restituère*, pres. inf. act. and pres. imperat. pass. ; and *restituère*, perf. ind. act. and 2nd sing. fut. ind. pass. of *restituo*.
 2. Perf. part. of *proficiscor*, set out ; perf. part. of *provehō*, carry forward. Perf. part. of *diligo*, love ; perf. part. of *deligo*, choose ; and subst., a choosing. Perf. part. of *fateor*, confess ; perf. part. of *fatiscor*, grow weary. Laugh ; smile.
- | Indicative. | Subjunctive. | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 3. <i>venitur a me</i> | <i>veniat a me</i> | <i>veniendum est, erit,</i> |
| <i>venietur a me</i> | | <i>fuit, fuerat, erat,</i> |
| <i>ventum est a me</i> | <i>ventum sit a me</i> | <i>fuerit, sit, esset,</i> |
| <i>ventum erat a me</i> | <i>ventum esset a me</i> | <i>fuerit, fuisset,</i> |
| <i>veniebatur a me</i> | <i>veniretur a me</i> | <i>a me</i> |
| <i>ventum erit a me</i> | | |
4. *Lucescit*, it dawns ; *vesperascit*, it grows late ; *tonat*, it thunders ; *fulgurat*, it lightens ; *pluit*, it rains ; *ningit*, it snows.

5. Perf. act., pres. pass., fut. pass. (1) *Caesar, quum Gallos vicisset, rediit.* (2) *Dum punior, cano.* (3) *Quum me occisuri erant* (= "When I was about to be killed"), etc.
6. *Flebilis, lacrimabilis, miserabilis.*
7. "Alexander, it being heard that Darius was approaching, retired." *Cognito, comperto, desperato, nuntiato, edicto, explorato*, and a few rare uses.
8. (1) "I clearly perceive that he is growing angry." (2) "I am acquainted with the youth's character." *Comprehensus, constitutus, deliberatus, exploratus, persuasus*, and some others less commonly.
9. *Me recipiam, te recipies, se recipiet*, etc. ; *me recepturus essem*, etc.
10. (1) "I have been desiring this long while." (2) "If you do this, it will be well for you." (3) "We might have gone out."

34.

1. *Metiri*, measure ; *metĕre*, mow ; *metare*, mark out ; *metari* = *metare* ; *metuere*, fear. *Mitescere*, become mellow ; *mitigare* (or *mitificare*), make mellow ; *mittere*, send. *Candĕre*, *candescere*, glow ; *canĕre*, be white ; *canĕre, cantare, cantitare*, sing. *Polire*, polish ; *pollĕre*, be powerful ; *polliceri, pollicitari*, promise ; *pollucĕre*, offer up ; *polluĕre*, pollute.
- 2 *Facessĕre*, accomplish ; *pendĕre*, hang (intrans) ; *pen-*

sare, pensitare, weigh out; *esurire*, hunger; *parturire*, be in labour; *imperitare*, command frequently.

3. (1) Perf. part.; (2) gerundive; (3) gerund in *-dum*; (4) supine in *-u*.
4. Bind *back*, to nod *denial*, open (= *non*-shut), repeat, be *unable*, look *at*, *not* confess = deny, love *deeply*, go *round*, put *apart*, judge *between*, take *away*, send *away*, lose, swear *falsely*.
5. Either = *meam rem interest, meam rem fert*; or *mea* and *tua* are abl. sing., with ellipse of *re*. Roby classes them as locatives.
6. "Finite," limited with regard to number and person; "infinitive," unlimited in the same respect; "aorist," undefined, the undefined tense, because of its various forces; "jussive," commanding; "optative," wishing. The subj. is subjoined by conjunction, etc., to another sentence; the conj. is not.
7. Potential: *Dicat aliquis*, "Some one may say." Hypothetical: *fecissem, si jussisses*, "I should have done it, had you ordered." Dubitative: *Quid faciam?* "What am I to do?" Optative: *Moriar*, "May I die!" Jussive (hortative or imperative): *Abeat*, "Let him go!"
8. *Sermocinari*, to talk with; conf. *latrocinari*. *Scaturire*, to gush out; conf. *ligurire*.
9. *Ferrum cingitur*; *Flores inscripti nomina regum*; *Perque pedes trajectus lora tumentes*.

35.

1. Qualifies verbs and adjectives.
2. *Bene, melius, optime; parum, minus, minime; graviter, gravius, gravissime; sapienter, sapientius, sapientissime; facile, facilius, facillime; subito; feliciter, felicius, felicissime; suppliciter; fortiter, fortius, fortissime; mature, maturius, maturissime or maturrime.*
3. *Eo, eodem, quo, quoquo, quovis, quolibet* and other compounds, *citro, ultro, aliquo.*
4. *Huc, hic, hinc, undique, quando? quamdiu? quoties? libenter.*
5. *Non, haud, ne.* In prose, perf. subj.; in poetry, imperat. or pres. subj.
6. Stands with adjectives, adverbs, and the verbs *scio, nescio, nego, dubito*, and a few others.
7. *Saepe, saepius, saepissime; satis, satius; secus, secius (setius); diu, diutius, diutissime; male, pejus, pessime; multum, plus, plurimum; intus, interius, intime; prae, prius, primum; prope, propius, proxime; nuper, nuperrime.*
8. *Separatim, gradatim, singillatim, omnino, divine* and *divinitus, horrendum, dulce, suaviter, viritim, muliebriter, sensim, mordicus.*
9. *Penitus*, thoroughly; *divinitus*, divinely; *antiquitus*, anciently; *coelitus*, from heaven; *funditus*, from

the bottom ; *radicitus*, from the roots ; *humanitus*, humanely.

10. *Biduo* ; *triduum* ; *quotidie* ; *indies* ; *noctu* ; *ubi terrarum* ? *multo major* ; *longe aliter*.

11. Removal from. *Extrinsecus*, *altrinsecus*.

36.

1. *Sic* = in such a way ; *tam* = to such a degree.

Tam, sic, tantum, adeo, ita, haud aliter.

2. *Alias* ; *alibi* ; *quovis* ; *neutro* ; *utrinque* ; *undeunde* ; *aliunde* ; *quam* ? or *quomodo* ? *item* or *itidem* ; *aliter* ; *iterum iterumque* or *etiam atque etiam*.

3. Sometimes, never, always. (1) "I have something." (2) "Every one loves me." (3) "What gain was it to thee to linger ?" (4) "I did the very same things."

4. (1) "When wilt thou come ?" (2) "He has no reason to hate me." (3) "We are three in all." (4) "I went because you ordered."

5. *Catervatim*, in troops ; *furtim*, by stealth ; *viritem*, man by man ; *statim*, immediately ; *partim*, partly ; *gradatim*, step by step.

6. Anywhere, at which of two places ? at neither place, whence you will, thither, from some place, sometimes, to some place, whithersoever, from the same place, likewise, out of doors (rest), out of doors (motion).

7. *Scio*, *nescio*, *dubito*, *nego*, commonly.

8. Formerly *and* hereafter ; formerly *and* sometimes ; at some time, now and then, at length ; rashly, at random ; also, even, yes, yet, again and again (*etiam atque etiam*).
9. *Digne, dignius, dignissime ; pie, piissime ; misere, miserius, miserrime.*
10. *Ne Caesar quidem hoc facere potest* or *Non hoc facere potest ne Caesar quidem*, "Not even Cæsar is able to do this." *Ego non possum nedum tu possis*, "I cannot, much less can you."
11. "He seems not only not wise, but not even possessed of common sense." *Non modo = non modo non* when *ne quidem* follows, because the *ne quidem* negatives the sentence.

37.

1. Those which are not derived from declinable words.
Procul, cras, modo.
2. *Diu*, old abl. of *dies* ; *valde = valide ; profecto = profecto ; denuo = de novo ; nimirum = ne mirum ; hodie = hoc die ; magnopere = magno opere ; videlicet = videre licet ; dumtaxat*, lit. "provided you reckon it" (*taxo*) ; *admodum*, lit. "to a degree ;" *propediem*, at an early day, soon ; *nudiustertius = nunc dies tertius*, it is now the third day.
3. *Deorsum, deinceps. Dein.*
4. *Abunde, perquam, imprimis, valde.*
5. (1) "Merchants very rarely come to them." (2)

- "It belongs to you least of all." (3) "Why, do you not believe this? Not at all, for my part."
6. At least; certainly. Back again; again. At any time; elsewhere. Besides, further, etc.; to the further side, etc. Nowhere; never. Upwards; downwards.
7. = *retro-versum*. Conf. *rursus* (*re-versus*).
8. "He was solicited by some Gauls; some who did not like his wintering in Gaul; some who were anxious for revolution." *Partim illorum veniebant*.
9. *Ægre, graviter*.
10. *Immo*, no indeed, yes indeed; *denique*, at length; *utique*, at least; *nempe*, to be sure; *longe lateque*, far and wide; *paulisper, parumper*, for a short while; *ilicet* (= *ire licet*), forthwith; *scilicet* (= *scire licet*), forsooth; *repente*, suddenly; *vixdum*, scarcely yet; *perquam*, exceedingly; *eatenus*, so far.
11. (1) "The law was excessively short." (2) "He did not die till the fourth year."
12. *Cominus gladiis; Eminus jaculis pugnant*.

38.

1. Co-ordinatives join sentences, etc., without influencing mood; subordinatives join sentences, etc., and influence mood.
2. Words only used following other words. *-que*, and; *-nē*, interrog. particle; *-ve*, or.
3. (1) *Nonne*; (2) *num*; (3) *-ne*.

4. *Si*, conditional; *licet*, concessive; *quia*, causal; *tantum*, comparative; *quoties*, relative; *quo*, final; *ut*, final; *ut*, consecutive.
5. (1) *Nē*; (2) *ut non*; (3) *dum, dummodo*; (4) *nisi, nisi si*.
6. *Nec*. When the negative force falls on a single word. *Quaestio difficilis est, et non profutura* (= *non-pro-futura*).
7. Preposition, adverb, conjunction; prohibitive and final, enclitic interrog.; as if, although; as (introducing simile), whether (introducing one of two conditions); final, consecutive.
8. (1) *Nimis, nimium*, comparative adjective. (2) *Et, etiam, quoque, necnon*.
9. "Final," expressing purpose; "consecutive," expressing a result; "temporal," expressing time; "concessive," expressing something granted.
10. (1) *Utrum vales an aegrotas?* (2) *Rogo utrum valeat an aegrotet.* (3) *Rogavi utrum valeret an aegrotaret.* (4) *Ibo, sive valebit seu (sive) aegrotabit.*
11. By *nē* with perf. subj. (also with pres. subj. or fut. imperat. with pres. imperat. only in poetry). *Noli, parce, fuge, desine, omitte*, with inf.; *cave* with inf. or subj.

39.

1. *Quum* temporal = at the time when; *quum* causal = since. *Quum* temporal takes ind.; *quum* causal, subj. But when *any* idea of causality is implied,

the imperf. is in subj., and the plup. always, except when *quum* = as often as.

2. *Quod*, ind. ; *dum*, ind. (gen. pres.) ; *dummodo*, subj. ; *licet*, subj. ; *quia*, ind. ; *tanquam*, subj. ; *quin*, subj.
3. (1) "Why do we not flee?" (this *implies a command*; hence in (2) we have imperat.). (2) "Be silent."
4. *Prius veni quam tu profectus eras.*
5. As, when, how! (1) "It is a long while since I began to miss my country." (2) "Though young, he is sensible." (3) "I fear he will not come." (4) "He is both deaf and blind."
6. (1) *Quo plus habet, eo plus capit.* (2) *Nemo est quin tibi credat.* (3) *Eos prohibebo quominus pecuniam reddant.* (4) *Utrum veniet, an non?* (5) *Dic mihi utrum venturus sit necne.*
7. *Odi te qui me oderis. Mittit legatum qui dicat. Nos is sum qui te timeam.* As strengthening *qui* causal.
8. (1) Co-ordinative, moreover ; as, *Quin et Atrides et Pelopis parens Dulci laborum decipitur sono.* (2) Interrog., why not? (with ind. or imperat., see 3). (3) Consecutive ; as, *Nemo est quin me amet.*
9. (1) Pres. ind. ; (2) fut. ind. ; (3) pres. or imperf. subj. ; (4) imperf. subj. ; (5) plup. subj.

40.

1. *Quo*, final in sentences with a comparative ; *ne non* = *ut*, final ; *neu (neve)* joins prohibitions and final sentences ; *at enim* (oh ! but you will say) introduces an objection to what has been said.
2. (1) *Si quid habet, dat.* (2) *Si quid habuisset, dedisset.*
(3) *Si quid habebit, datit.*
3. The clauses introduced by *si* are protases ; *dat, dedisset, dabit*, apodoses. For *habuisset* in (2) we might have *dedit* or *dederat*.
4. See 39 (3) and (8).
5. "Added to this, I am unwilling to go." *Huc accedit ut ire nolim.*
6. *Oportet te ire ; oportet ut eas ; oportet eas.*
7. (1) "It is a question whether the work is useful or hurtful." (2) "Did my father allow, I would come." (3) "Socrates was accused of corrupting the youths" (as it was alleged ; the subj. implies this). (4) "Socrates was accused of teaching the youths" (an admitted fact, implied by ind.).
8. *Ceu* introduces similes ; *modo* = *dummodo*, although, with subj. ; *quamvis*, although, with ind. of facts, subj. of suppositions and wishes ; *utut*, in whatever way, with ind. or subj. ; *donec*, with ind. or subj., as long as, until ; *quoniam*, causal, since, with ind. ; *quoad*, until, as far as, with ind., sometimes with *ejus*, as *Quoad ejus facere poteris.*

9. *Dum*, in sense of while, generally takes pres. ind. in historic sequence; sometimes even in *oratio obliqua*. *Dum ubi commoratur, legati venerunt*, etc.
10. As often as.
11. *Et, etiam, quoque, necnon*.

41.

1. *A (ab), absque, coram, de, palam, cum, ex (e), sine, pro, prae*.
2. *Amor erga matrem*, "Love towards a mother." *Penes Caium est*, "He is in the power of Caius." *Pone urbem est*, "He is behind the city." *Secundum leges vivit*, "He lives in accordance with the laws;" *secundum mare*, "along by the sea." *Cis rivum*, "This side of the river." *Absque Caio*, "Without Caius" (rare). *Coram Caesare*, "In the presence of Cæsar." *Extra muros*, "Outside the walls." *Juxta muros*, "Close to the walls." *Trans rivum*, "Across the river."
3. *Prope, propius, proxime*.
4. *In, super, sub, subter*; with acc., implying motion; with abl., implying rest. *Tenus* sometimes takes gen.; *clam* sometimes abl.
5. *Lumborum tenus*, "as far as the loins;" *Tauro tenus*, "as far as Taurus;" *verbo tenus*, "as far as words go."
6. *Prae*, before, owing to, compared with; *ante*, before

(of time and place); *praeter*, beyond, except; *de*, concerning, down from; *pro*, for, instead of, before, in proportion to.

7. To a man; in fine; word for word; to a nicety (expression derived from sculptor's way of trying the smoothness of marble by applying the finger nail); accurately (to a carpenter's rule); nothing to me; till a late hour of night; before the judges; they hurry to Baiae and Ostia.
8. I *cease* flowering; *very* renowned; I *nod* assent; I *nod dissent* (so *renuo*); I *uncover*; acting for praetor.
9. *In silvam*: here the acc. gives *in* the force of "to;" *in silva*: here the abl. gives *in* the force of "rest." Prepositions are adverbs used in connection with nouns.
10. (1) *Apud*; (2) *per*; (3) *ad*; (4) *per*; (5) *de*; (6) *de*; (7) *in* (with acc.); (8) *post*; (9) *de*.

42.

1. *Ante*, *apud*, *ad*, *adversus*, *circum*, *circa*, *citra*, *cis*, *contra*, *erga*, *extra*, *infra*, *inter*, *intra*, *juxta*, *ob*, *penes*, *pone*, *post*, *praeter*, *prope*, *propter*, *per*, *secundum*, *supra*, *versus*, *ultra*, *trans*.
2. Suddenly; for the good of the state; with all one's might; from day to day; from the front; according to custom; on purpose; at nightfall; by

turns ; according to circumstances ; as far as I was able.

3. (1) *In, apud* ; (2) *in. In Platone ; apud Ciceronem ; in Iliade.*
4. (1) *In aere alieno est.* (2) *In meis nummis est.* (3) *Prae timore silet.* (4) *De Persis triumphamus.* (5) *Per me licet.* (6) *Apud me erat.* (7) *E regione Brundisii.* (8) *A puero.* (9) *Ex quo.*
5. *Pro tua benevolentia. Quae est tua benevolentia. Qua es benevolentia. Cujus es benevolentiae.*
6. *Cum* = *con, com* ; *ob* = *of, oc, o, op, os* (for *obs*) ; *trans* = *tra* ; *in* = *im* ; *sub* = *suf, sus, sug, sur, sup, suc* ; *ab* = *au, a, abs* ; *ad* = *ac, af, ag, al, ap, at.*
7. *Remitto* = send *back* ; *ambio* = go *round* ; *secerno* = put *apart* ; *dispono* = put in *different places.*
8. *Circum* applies to place ; *circiter*, to place and time ; *erga* = towards, generally of feelings ; *ergo* (with gen.), on account of ; *post*, after, of time and place ; *pone*, behind ; "He came to Rome ;" "He came to the neighbourhood of Rome ;" *ultra*, preposition, beyond ; *ultra*, adverb, besides, of one's own accord.
9. (1) = together with ; *cum rege*, with the king ; follows pers. and rel. pronouns, as *secum, quocum.* (2) For abl. of manner ; as, *Multis cum lacrimis.* (3) *Cum eo, quod* : . . . = with this exception, that . . . *Mecum una veniunt*, "They come together with me."

10. "Over what lands and over what waters borne do I now see thee!" (*per* omitted with *terras*).

43.

1. An exclamation.
2. *Hei mihi ! vae tibi !*
3. *En !* lo ! nom. and acc. ; *ecce !* behold ! ditto ; *proh !* alas ! for shame ! ditto.
4. *Me deus Fidius*, " May the god of faith protect me ! " *Edepol*, " May Pollux save me ! " *e (me)-de (deus)-Pol (Pollux) ?* or (*per*) *aedem Pollucis ?* *Mehercle*, " May Hercules save me ! "
5. (1) " Go and be hanged ! " (2) " Go and be food for crows ! " (3) " O Jupiter ! " (4) " Alas for our scars ! " (5) " See him ! " (= *en illum*). (6) " See him ! " (= *ecce illum*). (7) " See him ! " (= *ecce eum*). (8) " If you please ! " (= *si audies*). (9) " Please ! " (10) " If you please ! " (= *si vultus*).
6. (1) " May the gods grant us better things ! " (2) " I implore thee by the gods. " (3) " Verily he would have left his country without hesitation. " (4) " Well done ! "
7. The suppression of the apodosis, due to strong emotion. *O si mihi fors faveat . . . !* Exod. xxxii. 32.
8. *Age, vale, salve, ave (have), apage, cedo, cete*.
9. *Utinam sis, utinam esses ; O si sis, O si esses ;* " Oh that you were ! "

10. *Evoe!* a joyous shout in the festivals of Bacchus;
Hymen O Hymenæe! shout at weddings; Hymen
or Hymenæus, the presiding deity.
11. *Euge! engepaē! heia!*
12. Nom. *Audi tu, populus Romanus!*

44.

1. "Stem," that part of a word on which flexion is based;
"stem-character," last letter of stem.
2. *Musa*, A; *vir*, O; *nubes*, I; *lex*, G; *cornu*, U;
facies, E; *impero*, A; *doceo*, E; *induo*, U; *sperno*,
N; *vincio*, I.
3. That part of a word which it has in common with
other words. *Cad-*, fall, *caducus*; *ag-*, drive, *agito*;
col-, till, *colo*; *tag-*, touch, *tango*; *nav-* (*nau-*), ship,
nauta; *pag-* (*pac-*), fasten, *paciscor*; *tul-*, lift, *tuli*;
lēg-, appoint, *legare*.
4. *Fero* borrows *tul-*, *la-*; *fo*, *fac-*.
5. "Flexion," changes made at end of word, to express
change in meaning; "declension," the method of
formation of flexion in a noun; "conjugation,"
ditto, in a verb.
6. "Uncials," capitals; "cursives," small letters;
"mutes," all consonants except liquids, nasals,
spirants, and double letters; "liquids," *l*, *r*;
"nasals," *m*, *n*; "spirants," *s*, *z*, *th*, *f*, *v*;
"gutturals," *c*, *g*, *h*, *q*, *x*; "dentals," *d*, *j*, *l*, *n*,
r, *s*, *t*, *z*; "labials," *p*, *b*, *m*, *f*, *v*.

7. *J, x, z.*
8. "Penult," last syllable but one ; "antepenult," last but two ; "enclitic," word attached to the end of some other word ; "parisyllabic" noun has same number of syllables in nom. and oblique cases ; "imparisyllabic," increases number of syllables in oblique cases.
9. "Apocope," cutting off letter from the end, as *dic* for *dice* ; "syncope," cutting out from middle, as *lamna* for *lamina* ; "assimilation," consonant changed to suit following consonant, as *suppono* for *sub-pono* ; "aphæresis," cutting off from beginning, as *nosco* for *gnosco* ; "antithesis," change of letter, as *bubus* for *bobus* ; "metathesis," transposition of letter or syllable, as *colurnus* for *corulnus* ; "tmesis," division of compound word by inserting word or words between the parts, as *quem tu cumque*, etc., for *quemcumque tu*.
10. Letter inserted to avoid hiatus ; as, *prodest* for *proest*.

45.

1. *Mortem dedecore leviozem. Haec te rogasse.*
2. In main sentence, inf. ; in clauses, main verb in subj. ; commands and prohibitions, in subj. ; in questions, if the 1st or 3rd pers. would be used in the *oratio recta*, inf., if 2nd, subj.
3. That it is not in part of the speech, but in a note added by the historian.

4. *Haec se nequire facere ; namque ea, quae rogasset, se monitum esse ne faceret.*
5. 1st and 3rd pers., acc. and inf. ; 3rd pers., subj.
Cur se odissent ? Quid se, quid suum filium fecisse ?
6. *Hostes, quos expectent, jam adesse.*
7. No ; because the rel. *quam* = *et eam*, and so does not introduce a subordinate clause.
8. Because the historic present is virtually an historic tense.
9. (1) "To think that I should suffer such things."
(2) "Manlius is said to have spoken."

46.

1. Infinitive used for finite verb. Used of sudden events, simultaneous events, events following in rapid succession.
2. *Conor*, inf. ; *jubeo*, acc. and inf. ; *impero*, dat., and *ut* or *ne* with subj. ; *volo*, inf. ; *veto*, *ne* with subj. ; *dicor*, same case for complement as subject ; *malo*, inf. ; *moneo*, acc., and *ut* or *ne* with subj., if of facts, acc. and inf. ; *nitor*, *ut* with subj.
3. (1) *Efferor studio patriae videndae.* (2) *Nulla spes est patrum servandorum.*
4. (1) When obj. is neut. adjective or pronoun ; and
(2) to avoid jingle. (1) *Studio multa videndi.*
(2) *Causa multas feminas servandi.*
5. The personal construction is preferable to the

impersonal in (1); impersonal, in case of compound tense in (2).

6. (1) "He felt that he had fallen into the midst of the foe." (2) "Beware of going." (3) "I will forbid him to be under the same roof with me." (4) "You ought to have come."
7. *Audax omnia perpeti. Callidus condere furto.* Horace.
8. *Quid desperare possum? Hostes, quos vidistis, nec validi nec multi sunt: neque ego is sum qui tales timeam.*
9. For pres. *Gaudet invisam pepulisse terram Ter pede fossor.*

47.

1. (1) *Nudarant* expresses rapidity; the swords were out in an instant. (2) *Potuit = potuisset.* (3) *Posse*, pres., used because *possum* has no fut. inf. (4) *Vitaverit*, perf. subj., in historic sequence, expresses actual result in consecutive sentence.
2. Zeugma. The word *fatigatum* only suits *ludo*, and some other word must be supplied to go with *somno*. Comp. *Inceptoque et sedibus haeret in idem*; and *Si legatus imperii terminos, obsequium erga imperatorem exiit*. In these, *sedit* and *exiit* do double duty.
3. "Synesis," construction by sense, as *Pars onerant mensas*; "asyndeton," omission of conjunctions, as *Rex, miles, plebs negat illud*; "anacoluthon,"

ungrammatical construction of sentence, as *Nam nos omnes . . .* (clauses follow which cause the author to forget how the sentence began) . . .
lucro est.

4. *Urbs magna est*, "The city is great." *Jam seges est, ubi Troja fuit*, "Now there is a crop where Troy stood."
5. (1) *Curat naves aedificandas.* (2) *Servum prehensum interfecit.* (3) *Victoria hosti multis militibus stetit.* (4) *Castra obsideri coepta sunt.* (5) *Vereor ne maneat.* (6) *Oppugnari desitus sum.*
6. *Conduco* = I collect, hire, contract for, result in ; *loco* = I place, let out, give contract for ; *amo* = I love, am obliged for, am wont ; *fugio* = I flee (intrans. and trans.), escape notice ; *fallo* = I deceive, beguile, escape notice ; *audio*, I hear, obey, am called.
7. Educate, lead out ; call, drive to ; light from above, light from below ; it happens (of things one likes), it happens (of things one dislikes).
8. (1) *Faciam, si potero* or *potuero.* (2) *Debit redire.* (3) *Si responderis, ibis.*

48.

1. Verb is plur. Sing. when the comp. subject forms one complex notion.
2. Acc. Historic inf. may have subject nom. or acc.
3. (1) *Audio te consulem esse.* (2) *Multi fugere, occidi,*

capi. (3) *Possum ire.* (4) *Aptus docere.* (5) *Dulce et decorum est pro patria mori.* (6) *Credo Romae vivere iucundum esse.* (7) *Mene talia pati !*

4. See 16 (3). *Pars onerant mensas.*
5. (1) From *sanguine* to *Mistus.* (2) *Ilia cum Lauso.*
6. Agreement of relative transferred from antecedent to some other word. *Thebae, quod Boeotiae caput est.*
7. (1) *Caesarem venisse.* (2) *Ne sim exul.* (3) *Vincere and victoria uti.*
8. (1) *Praedam dividere.* (2) *Didicisse fideliter artes.*

49.

1. "Place to which," acc. and with preposition, unless the noun be the name of town, small island, *domum, rus, foras*, when preposition is omitted. "Time how long," acc.
2. Of asking and teaching; *celo*; and factitives of making, calling, thinking. *Rogor sententiam.*
3. (1) Acc. of respect. (2) Cognate acc. (3) Subject of inf. (4) *Nomina* is really object of *inscripti*, which literally means "inscribed," and hence is virtually trans., meaning "bearing." (5) *Ferrum* is a similar acc. of object after middle verb *cingitur*. (6) Of duration of time. (7) Of limitation. (8) After quasi-preposition.
4. *Propraetor creatus est in duos annos* or *duorum annorum.*
5. (1) "It tastes of honey." (2) "Deeply complaining."

- (3) "Nearer the city." (4) "Nearest to the city."
(5) "O happy Niobe, although she saw so many deaths!"
6. See 48 (2).
7. *Noceo*, dat. ; *laedo*, acc. ; *uro*, acc. ; *cremo*, acc. ; *ardeo*, acc. in sense of being in love with ; *augeo*, acc. ; *circumvenio*, acc. ; *adeo*, acc. ; *subvenio*, dat. ; *convenio*, acc. in sense of having an interview with ; *placo*, acc. ; *placeo*, dat. ; *juvo*, acc. ; *obsto*, dat. ; *obeo*, acc. ; *consulo*, dat. in sense of consulting a man's interests, acc. in sense of asking a man's advice ; *impero*, command, dat., demand, acc. and dat.
8. *Propior*, *proximus*.
9. *Duram servit servitutem* ; *Aleam ludo* ; *Vitam jucundam vivere*.

50.

1. *Gaditanum*.
2. *Ineo*, *convenio*, *adeo*, *obeo*, *invenio*.
3. (1) To go out of ; (2) to leave, surpass. (1) Address, attack, undertake ; (2) approach.
4. "He comes to Rome;" "He comes to the neighbourhood of Rome."
5. *Domum*, *rus*, *foras*, names of towns and small islands.
6. Use of *per* is not infrequent.
7. *Quid id refert* ? *Multa questus est* ; *Magnam partem* ; *Cetera* ; *Id temporis*.

8. *Rogo, celo, dedoceo, flagito.*
9. *A* or *e*, with abl.
10. *Pendo, augeo, vito, fugo, occido, pario, paro.*
11. Escape, flee; demand (acc. and dat.), command (dat.); consult, consult interests of; have interview with, assemble.

51.

1. Subj., *Caii amor*, "Caius's love" (for some one). Obj., *Amor caii*, "Love for Caius."
2. (1) *Meus amor tui.* (2) *Tuus amor mei.* (3) *Vester amor nostri.*
3. (1) Those denoting active state of mind; as, *cupidus, laudis.* (2) Verbals in *-ax*; as, *Edax rerum* (gen. in poetry). (3) Denoting fulness and want; as, *dives opum, expers laudis* (gen. in poetry).
4. (1) "He has come to such a degree of wisdom that he knows everything." (2) "It is in my power." (3) "Monarchy was designed to preserve liberty." (4) "Such is his clemency." (5) "He preserves his natural strength." (6) "It is the part of a good citizen to obey the laws." (7) "A horse like a mountain." (8) "Nowhere in the world." (9) "Well known for his fatherly disposition towards his brothers." (10) "Thou also shalt become one of famous fountains."
5. (1) *Emit equos magni.* (2) *Magna pars militum.*

- (3) *Ventum erat ad Vestae* (and *Pastoris est oves tendere*).
6. Remember, forget, pity, want, accuse, convict, condemn, acquit, admonish, remind.
 7. *Miseror*, acc. ; *misereor*, gen. ; *interest*, gen., or case of possessive in *-ā* ; *obliviscor*, acc. or gen. ; *potior*, gen. or abl. ; *recordor*, acc. or gen. ; *piget*, acc. and gen.
 8. (1) *Unius* agrees with *tui*, implied in *tua*. (2) *Deorum* is after the quasi-superlative *sancte* = *sanctissime*. (3) *Sui*, after *impotens*, a relative adjective (see Zumpt, § lxxi.). (4) Gen. of quality with epithet.

52.

1. From similar use of neut. gender of adjective ; e.g. *Nil mortalibus ardui est. Nescio quid sancti*.
2. *Pluris es mihi*.
3. Nature (*Hominis est errare*) ; token (*Puerorum est ludos seriis antepone*) ; function (*Regis est imperare*) ; duty (*Militis est parere*).
4. *Integer oevi* ; *angor animi* ; *animi pendeo* ; *certus sceleris* ; *incertus sententiae*.
5. "The people of Ariminum formed one of twelve colonies." A partitive gen.
6. (1) *Sullanus exercitus*. (2) *Hostilis metus*.
7. *Vox clarior quàm Stentor* or *quàm Stentoris*.
8. "I remembered your virtue." *Venit mihi in mentem* = *memini*, and governs the same case. A synesis.

9. *De repetundis.*
10. (1) *Nihil sapientiae.* (2) *Tantum sapientiae.* (3) *Aliquod pecuniae.* (4) *Ubi terrarum?*
11. (1) *Ubi terrarum? Qua gentium?* (2) *Eo ignorantiae venit.*
12. (1) "As far as he is able." (2) "He takes it in good part." (3) "It is valued at three unciae." (4) "I hold the matter of no account" (lit. "at a piece of wool").

53.

1. *Similis, congruenter.*
2. *Audio*, acc. ; *pareo*, dat. ; *pario*, acc. ; *parco*, dat. ; *obedio*, dat. ; *licet*, dat. ; *libet*, dat. ; *delectat*, acc. ; *nubo*, dat. ; *prosum*, dat. ; *similis*, gen. or dat. ; *idoneus*, dat. or *ad* with acc. ; *affinis*, gen. or dat. ; *nisus*, abl. ; *fretus*, abl.
3. *Mittendus, formidatus, flebilis.*
4. *Est odio mihi ; Curae sum illi ; Receptui cecinit ; Impedimento erit ; Exitio mihi fuit ; Lingua fuit damno ; Equites ad Caesarem auxilio mittunt ; Mihi dono dedit ; Ludibrio sum.* "For whose advantage is it?" lit. "To whom is it a good thing?" (dat. of complement, a predicative dat., as in preceding examples).
5. Used to call particular attention to person indicated ; e.g. *Pulset mihi lictorem*, "Look here! let me see him strike a lictor;" *Quid mihi Celsus agit*, "Tell me, what is Celsus doing?"

6. (1) *Puero nomen Caio* (or *Caium*) *dederunt.* (2) *Placet mihi esse inertem* or *inerti.*
7. *Bene, male, satis, re.*
8. (1) *Famam pecuniae* (dat.) *antepono;* (2) *Pecuniam famae* (dat.) *posthabeo.*
9. (1) *Ignoscendum est mihi,* etc. (2) *Parcetur mihi,* etc.
10. *A Caesare Crasso parcendum; Mortem sibi conscivit.*

54.

1. *Est mihi pater; Sunt nobis liberi.*
2. (1) *Se Caesari ad pedes projecit.* (2) *Filiam patri eripuit.* (3) *Mihi mortem minatur.*
3. Usually dat. of direct object, that which excites the feeling, *in* with abl., gen., or abl. alone; also acc. of person and abl. with *in*; also acc. of thing and dat. of person.
4. "He has time for pleasure;" "He is without pleasure."
5. *Caelo* is poetical for *ad caelum.*
6. (1) See 53 (5). (2) "There you have the man who wanted to be king," etc. (3) "But, look you, suddenly," etc. (4) "This, you see, was their style of warfare."
7. *-u* for *-ui*; *-e* for *-ei.*
8. "It suits me;" "He has an interview with me." "I am concerned for Caius's safety;" "I am ware of Caius."
9. *Impero*, (1) command, (2) demand; *tempero*, (1) to

refrain from, (2) qualify, temper ; *consulo*, (1) consult interests of, (2) ask the advice of ; *moderor*, as *tempero*. *Praesto* takes acc. or dat.

10. "There remains to me ;" "There awaits me." "I fear you ;" "I fear you." "I receive you ;" "I promise you."
11. *Memoriae traditum est.*

55.

1. The case of circumstances attending action ; limits like adverb, and defines time and place.
2. Abl. with preposition *a* (*ab*), *e* (*ex*) ; unless the word be name of town, small island, *domo*, *rure*, *foris*, when preposition is omitted.
3. (1) *Saxis se defendunt.* (2) *Deo natus.* (3) *Vir summa sapientia.* (4) *Tribus talentis hortos emit.* (5) *Tribus millibus passuum abest.* (6) *Caesar Crasso major est.*
4. Abl. with *a* (*ab*) ; with gerundives and participials in *-bilis*, dat. ; sometimes so with past part. pass. ; rarely in abl. without *ab* in poetry.
5. *Fungor*, *fruor*, *vescor*, *dignor*, *utor*, *supersedeo*.
6. *Dignus*, abl. or gen., worthy ; *impleo*, abl. or gen., fill ; *careo*, abl., want ; *potior*, abl. or gen., gain possession of ; *egeo*, abl. or gen., need.
7. *Fretus*, relying on ; *extorris*, banished ; *liber*, free.
 - (1) *Bello orto Roma excessimus.* (2) *Roma profecti, tertio die abivimus.* (3) *Accipimus Caium, domo*

missum Id. Aug. profectum esse. (4) Regine, suos hortata ut pace fruerentur, e vita excessit.

9. *Muto*, give in exchange, and (in poetry) take in exchange, takes acc. and abl.; *abdico*, acc. and abl.; *nitor*, abl.; *dono* (like "present," in English), acc. and dat., or acc. and abl. (1) *Muto ovem pecuniā* or *pecuniam ove*. (2) *Consulatu se abdicat*. (3) *Tua ope nitor*. (4) *Pecuniam puero dono* or *dono puerum pecuniā*.
10. (1) *Amplius sexcenti* or *quàm sexcenti*. (2) *Quo diſtior fit, eo plura cupit*. (3) *Sol multis partibus major est terrā* (or *quàm terrā*). (4) *Consule Planco*.

11. With or without preposition *cum*.

56.

1. Because *duce* implies the verb *ducente*; *hoste* implies no such verb, and is not term of office, as *consule*, etc., or expression of time, as *me puero*.
2. *Consule, praetore, auspice, suasore, imperatore, monitore, iudice, puero, duce, adiutore*.
3. *Plus solito*; *Celerius verbo*; *Plus aequo* or *justo*; *Longius aequo* or *justo*.
4. (1) *Caesar, ratus se iter facere posse, profectus est*. (2) *Caesare profecto rediivimus*. (3) *Caesar profectus XII. horas progressus, nullo obſtante*.
5. *Opus est mihi lacte*; *Lac opus est mihi*.
6. Lean on. *Baculo nixus*.

7. *Tristi ; meliore ; felici, -e ; amanti ; acri ; hoc, hac, hoc ; eo, ea, eo.*
8. *Navi, sinapi, famē, tussi, securi, aequale* or *-i.*
9. *Vi et armis.*
10. "A speech more eloquent than one of Cicero's."

57.

1. C. = Caius ; M. = Marcus ; M'. = Manius ; Cn. = Cnæus ; D. = Decimus ; L. = Lucius ; A. = Aulus ; K. = Kæso ; N. = Numerius ; P. = Publius ; Q. = Quintus ; S. = Sextus ; Ser. = Servius ; Sp. = Spurius ; T. = Titus ; Ti. = Tiberius ; Ð. = Gaia.
2. *Anno urbis conditæ ; Ante diem sextum Kalendas Januarius (i.e. December 27) ; H.S. = sestertius, see 20 (2) ; Senatus Populusque Romanus ; Senatus Consultum ; Si vales bene est, ego valeo ; Salutem plurimam dat (dicit) (epistolary forms) ; dono dedit ; Populus Romanus ; Fastus (lawful day for business) ; Consule ; Consulibus ; duo millia ; Nonæ ; Idus ; Imperatore.*
3. *Patres Conscripti*, originally *Patres et Conscripti*. Servius Tullius added new members of Senate (*conscripti*, enrolled) to the original *patres*.
4. *Januarius, Jan. ; Februarius, Feb. ; Martius, Mart. ; Aprilis, Ap. ; Maius, Mai. ; Junius, Jun. ; Julius, Jul. ; Augustus, Aug. ; September, Sept. ; October, Oct. ; November, Nov. ; December, Dec.*

5. *Et caetera*, and the rest ; *id est*, that is to say ; *exempli gratia*, for example ; *scilicet*, namely ; *videlicet*, namely ; *metri gratia*, to suit the metre ; *id quod*, the same as ; *nota bene*, mark well ; *nemine* (for *nullo*) *contradicente*, unanimously.
6. (1) Id. Oct., A.U.C. DVIII. (2) Non. Mai., A.D. MDCCCXLII. (3) *Decies* H.S. (4) *Divus Caligula*. (5) *Eq. Rom.* (6) *Cos. Des.*
7. *Absolvo*, acquitted ; *condemno*, condemned ; *non liquet*, not proven.

58.

1. (1) Hysteron proteron ; (2) enallage ; (3) tmesis ; (4) prolepsis ; (5) hypallage ; (6) asyndeton ; (7) litotes (*haud magnam*) and hyperbole.
2. *Thebae, quod Boeotiae caput est* ; *Capita conjurationis percussi sunt* ; *Calida (aqua)* ; *Ego reges ejeci, vos tyrannos introducitis* ; *Herculeus labor* ; *Vae victis*.
3. A succession of ideas rising in scale of importance. The reverse.
4. Wine = Bacchus by metonymy, when the name is simply used for the thing. When a picture of the sea is given by a picturesque description of Neptune, it will be called Neptunus by personification.
5. Saying less than is meant.
6. See 43 (7). "Oxymoron" is the conjunction of two

Sapphic (after Sappho)—

-v | -- | -vv | -v | -- || three times
-vv | -- ||

7. -a final, long; except all noms. and accs. ; and vocs. except those of words in -as, as *Æneas* ; *ejă*, *ită*, *quiă*. -es final, long; except *penēs*, *ēs* (*sum*), and comparatives; words of decl. 3 increasing short, as *segēs*; but *ariēs*, *abiēs*, *pariēs*, *cerēs*, *pēs*. -is final, short; except all dats. and abls. plur.; nouns of decl. 3 increasing long, as *Samnis*; 2nd pers. sing. of tenses which have 2nd plur. in -itis, as *audīs*; 2nd sing. of 2 fut. and perf. subj. doubtful. -o final, long; except *egō*, *citō*, *modō*, *quomodō*, *homō*, *duō*, *sciō*, *nesciō*, *putō*, *vold*.
8. Hexameter with spondee in fifth foot; "catalectic verse," incomplete by one syllable; syllable on which the stress (*ictus*) falls is said to be in *arsis*, the other syllables of the foot being in *thesis*.
9. Synalæpha : *surg' age* for *surge age*; ecthipsis : *monstr' informe* for *monstrum informe*; synæresis : *dēinde* for *deinde*; diæresis : *aulai* for *aulae*; hiatus : a vowel at the end of a word not cut off before vowel at the beginning of next word; *rixā erat* for *rix' erat*.
10. *Ābjētē*, *pāryētē*, *tēnvā*; *ēxsōlūssē*.
11. *Que* must not follow -ē, and cannot stand short before *sp.*

60.

1. *Īdem, idem; dēdērūnt; ūnīūs; ūtrīūs; ūbiquē; ūtīquē; tēxērītīs.*
2. *Depostis, poclum, dextra, puertia, lamna, dixti, calda.*
3. -us final, short; except all cases of 4th decl. except nom., voc., acc.; words of decl. 3 increasing long, as *servitūs*; Greek words in *ūs*, as *Sapphūs*. -as final, long; except *anās, vās (vadīs)*; Greek cases in -as of decl. 3. -ī final, long; except *mihī, tibī, sibī, ibī, ubī, quasī, nīsi, sicubī, necubī*; Greek vocs. in -ī, as *Thyrī*. -e final, short; except all cases of 1st and 5th decls.; *hodiē, quarē*; 2nd sing. imperat. 2nd conj., as *monē*; adverbs (except *benē, malē*) from adjectives of three terminations in -us and -er; Greek nouns in η; *temerē* (?).
4. *Ēquidem, hōdiē, quārē, rediit, nesciō, hōmō, hūmanus, nātura, assevō, irritat, āera, rādīces, dīvīdo, reliquit, reliquos. Dāri, stābit, stātur, dātur, dābat, dāta, stābat.*
5. Before mute and liquid in same word; except before *gm-, gn-*, when syllable is long.
6. *Bibi, fidi, steti, tuli, scidi, dedi.*
7. *Nam nemus omne meum est.*
8. (1) *Bos* at the end represents heavy fall of animal.
 (2) Dactylic scansion represents rapid spread of flame.
 (3) Clumsy scansion represents monster.
 (4) Dactylic scansion represents galloping. (5)

Spondaic scansion represents unerring, inevitable
dart.

9. *Felicitate* will not scan.

61.

1. *Venae*, fem., vein; *veniae*, fem., pardon; *vernae*, masc., household servant; *heri*, masc., lord; *heredis*, masc., heir; *decōris*, masc., grace; *decōris*, neut., ornament; *quadrigae*, masc., charioteer; *lixae*, masc., camp-follower.
2. *Materies*, *plebes*, *noctu*, *luxuries*, *aërem*, *Ænean*, *Cybelae*.
3. *Herilis*, a master's; *crastinus*, of to-morrow; *hodiernus*, of to-day. Of two months, of two years, of this season, early in the morning, of the day after to-morrow.
4. Remove, banish; collect again, read over. Deprive of life; weigh, examine. Find by chance; find by search. Call; drive in (to shore).
5. (1) *Mihi persuasum est ne eam*. (2) *Hoc mihi persuasum habeo*. (3) *Hoc compertum habeo*.
6. (1) *Rogito*; (2) *alo*; (3) *celebro*.
7. *Stertere*, snore; *rudivi*, -ere, bray; *vaticinatus*, -ari, prophesy; *exarsi*, -ere, grow a blaze; *hausi*, *haustum*, -ire, drain; *fulsi*, *fultum*, -ire, prop; *hinnivi*, -itum, -ire, neigh; *messui*, *messum*, -ere, mow.

8. When followed by pass. inf. *Urbs coepta est obsideri.*
9. (1) "They returned without effecting anything." (2) "Hardly any came." (3) "He takes this very deeply to heart." (4) "They had observed it." (5) "He had committed suicide." (6) "The war came to an end ten years after it broke out."

62.

1. Manner, bushel; custom, character; character, delays; son-in-law, kind *and* sort, race; gangways, market-place, doors.
2. *Sitim*, fem., thirst; *sementem* or *-im*, fem., seed-sowing; *securim*, fem., axe; *burim*, fem., plough-tail; *strigilem* or *-im*, fem., flesh-scraper; *clavem* or *-im*, fem., key; *opem*, fem., help; *precem*, fem., prayer; *dapem*, fem., feast.
3. N. *alius*, -ia, -iud *uter*, -ra, -rum *tantus*
 Ac. *alium*, -iam, -iud *utrum*, -am, -um like *bonus*.
 G. *alius* *utrius*
 D. *alii* *utri*
 Ab. *alio*, -ia, -io *utrio*, -a, -o

 N. *ipse*, -a, -um *iste*, -a, -ud
 Ac. *ipsum*, -am, -um *istum*, -am, -ud
 G. *ipsius* *istius*
 D. *ipsi* *isti*
 Ab. *ipso*, -a, -o *isto*, -a, -o

 4. *Quā*, see 21 (3); *cujum*, neut. of poss., interrog., and rel. *cujus*; *nostratis*, gen. of *nostras*, of our country; *quicquid* (*quidquid*), neut. of *quisquis*.

5. (1) *Optimus quisque civis.* (2) *Usque ad duodecimam horam.* (3) *Quam celerrime venit.* (4) *A puero prudens erat.* (5) *Quoad vixit, res agebat.*
6. *Comitata puellis errabat. Puellis comitatis rediit. Ventum est ad urbem. Circumventus sum ab hoste. Pecunia mihi imperata est. Imperatum tibi est ut redeas. Juratus est se venturum.*
7. Negative. *Vesanus, vecors.*
8. *Nex, supellex, forfex, lex.*
9. *Redūces*, nom. plur. of *redux*; *redūces*, fut. ind. of *reduco*; *isti* = *ivisti*; *ademptus*, perf. part. of *adimo*; *consitus*, perf. part. of *consero*; *illitus*, perf. part. of *illino*; *metatus*, perf. part. of *mēto* and *mētor*.
10. *Quid opus esset properato? Aliquot manere dies, quibus se omnia posse facere quae vellent.*
11. *Nobis auxilium fer, quod graviter a Suevis premimur.*

63.

1. *Alae*, -arum, fem., wing; *alitis*, -um, fem., bird, omen; *patris*, -rum, masc., father; *canis*, -num, com., dog; *apis*, -pum, fem., bee; *avis*, -ium, fem., bird; *avus*, -orum, masc., grandfather; *senis*, -num, masc., old man.
2. *Mugil, pugil, consul, sol, sal.*
3. *Rores*, dew; *rura*, country districts; *farra*, grain; *doles*, dowry; *frontes*, forehead; *frondes*, leaf; *cineres*, dead ashes; *pulveres*, dust; *faces*, torch; *mares*, male; *acus*, needle.

4. Hair, leaves ; hand, band ; game, school ; heat, tide.
Comes, nom. sing., companion ; nom., voc., and acc. plur., of *comis* ; 1 fut. ind. of *como*. *Voces*, nom. and voc. plur. of *vox* ; pres. subj. of *voco*. *Serius*, adjective, grave ; comp. adverb of *sero*. *Seras*, acc. fem. plur. of *serus*, late ; pres. subj. of *sero* (sow) and *sero* (join).
5. *Pace tua* ; *te auctore* ; *te duce* ; *te iudice*.
6. *Senex promissae barbae* ; *Victus sum a te* ; *Formidatus Othoni* ; *Sera comans narcissus*.
7. *Redeo*, -dis, -dit, -dimus, -ditis, deunt ; *edo*, *edis* (or -es), *edit* (or -est), *edimus*, *editis* (or -estis), *edunt* ; *flevi*, -visti (*flesti*), -vit, -vimus, -vistis (*flestis*), -verunt, -vere ; *fierem*, -res, -ret, -remus, -retis, -rent ; *memento*, *mementote*.
8. (1) *Si venisses, mansissem*. (2) *Nisi venisses, manerem*. (3) *Faciam si potero*. (4) *Si pecuniam habet, dat*.
9. A.D. xv. Kal. Mai. ; A.D. iv. Non. Oct. ; A.D. vi. Kal. Feb. ; A.D. iiii. Id. Jul. ; A.D. vii. Id. Mai. ; Prid. Id. Dec.
10. *Nuperrime* ; *secius* ; *satius* ; *maturius*, *maturissime* or *maturrime* ; *minus*, *minime*. *Sero* ; *ocissime* ; *magnopere*, *maxime* ; *multo*, *plurimum*.
11. *Magis*, more in degree ; *plus*, more in quantity.

64.

1. N.V.	<i>facinus</i>	<i>onus</i>	<i>genu</i>	<i>tellus</i>
Ac.	<i>facinus</i>	<i>onus</i>	<i>genu</i>	<i>tellurem</i>
G.	<i>facinoris</i>	<i>oneris</i>	<i>genus</i>	<i>telluris</i>
D.	<i>facinori</i>	<i>oneri</i>	<i>genu</i>	<i>telluri</i>
Ab.	<i>facinore</i>	<i>onere</i>	<i>genu</i>	<i>tellure</i>
N.V.	<i>caro</i>		<i>Tiberis</i>	<i>aes</i>
Ac.	<i>carnem</i>		<i>Tiberim</i>	<i>aes</i>
G.	<i>carnis</i>		<i>Tiberis</i>	<i>aeris</i>
D.	<i>carni</i>		<i>Tiberi</i>	<i>aeri</i>
Ab.	<i>carne</i>		<i>Tiberi</i>	<i>aere</i>

2. Travelling companion, boon companion, ally ; large river, stream ; ills, apples, with a jaw ; with a ball, pillar ; javelin, hat ; of a hare, of humour.
3. *Velis*, pres. subj. of *volo* ; dat. plur. of *velum*, sail. *Miseris*, 2 fut. and perf. subj. of *mitto* ; *miseris*, dat. plur. of *miser*. *Sēde*, abl. sing. of *sedes* ; *sēde*, imperat. act. of *sēdeo*. *Sēni*, distributive, beach ; *sēni*, dat. sing. of *sēnex*. *Passus*, nom. sing. 4th decl., a step ; perf. part. of *pando* or *patior*.
4. *Octo*, *octavus*, *octoni*, *octies* ; *novem*, *nonus*, *noveni*, *novies* ; *decem*, *decimus*, *deni*, *decies* ; *undecim*, *undecimus*, *undeni*, *undecies* ; *duodecim*, *duodecimus*, *duodeni*, *duodecies* ; *tredecim*, *tertius decimus*, *terni deni*, *terdecies*.
5. By repeating the syllable we get the notion that the repeated action has happened *before*.
6. (1) *Non is est qui loquatur*. (2) *Dignus erat qui ama-*

retur. (3) *Mitemus qui loquatur.* (4) *Id egit ut loqueretur.* (5) *Optime de me meritis est.*

7. (1) "So far with regard to this." (2) "What of the fact that I have said such things?" *i.e.* "Moreover I have said," etc. (3) "What use was it to struggle?" (4) "He was on the point of going."
8. *Quinta pars, duae partes, octo partes; dodrans, sextans, dextans.*
9. *In, sub, super, subter, clam, tenus.*
10. See 58 (1) and (2). *Recte an secus dixi?*

65.

1. *Raptim, affatim, abunde, funditus, viritim, regaliter.*
2. *Apibus suum fructum restituo.*
3. *Ne quidem*, with emphatic word between; verb precedes with *non* or follows without; for *non modo non* = *nedum* denies *a fortiori*; with subj., like *ne dicam* (not to say); *utique*, adverb, at least, anyhow; *nec non*, co-ord. conjunction, also; *haud*, not, used with adjectives, adverbs, some verbs (*scio, nescio, dubito, nego*, etc.); *ne non* = *ut*; *dumtaxat*, lit. (provided one reckons it) = merely, at least, to a certain extent.
4. *Titānās, sālūs, sēgēs, chōrēās, Dīānā, ūbī, nīst, ēxīīt, ārbōrē; ōbīcīs (objicis). Tēnvīā, ābjētē, pārjētē.*
5. Gore *and* shed blood, blood in the veins; I come, I am for sale; I strain out, I cultivate; I predict,

- I proclaim ; I appoint as deputy, I choose *and* read ; he obeys, he may prepare.
6. "Keep a solemn silence ;" lit. "be favourable with your tongues ;" *i.e.* refrain from words of ill omen : the safest way is to say nothing.
 7. Euphemistically, to avoid the ill omen in *damnus*, which suggests *damnum*, hurt.
 8. *Infit*, defective, he begins ; *agesis* = *age*, *si vis*, come on ! *siet* = *sit* = *quaesumus*, defective, we entreat, from *quaeso* ; *surrexe* = *surrexisse* ; *lavit*, pres. ind. of *lavo*, 1st and 3rd ; *fervit*, pres. ind. of *fervo*, 3rd and 2nd (*ferveo*).
 9. (1) "Worthy to be presented with every laurel." (2) "He had had a prosperous voyage." (3) "He embraces the neck." (4) "He cheated his friend." (5) "I will set sail." (6) "They had paid the penalty."
 10. *Murum urbi* or *urbem muro* (abl.) *circumdo*.

66.

1. See 21 (5).
2. *Dedecet*, it is *unseemly* ; *decurro*, run *down* ; *decerto*, fight *out* ; *decedo*, go *away* ; *discerno*, put *apart* ; *secerno*, put *apart* ; *vecors*, *without heart*.
3. Loving, mad ; useless, irritated ; sweet, sweet to the taste ; private enemy, public enemy ; cunning, warm.
4. (1) *Bellum Romanis multo sanguine stetit.* (2)

Doctus, idem imperator. (3) Iniquo loco. (4) Stipendia mereri. (5) Mihi mortem minatur.

5. -āi and -as.
6. See 29 (9). Diminutive: *cantillare*.
7. *Potavi, potatum* or *potum*, -are, drink; *alsi, -ēre*, be cold; *ferbui, -ēre*, boil; *praestiti, -stitum* or *-statum*, -are, excel; *perrexi, -ectum, -ēre*, go through; *totondi, tonsum, -ēre*, shear; *coxi, coctum, -ēre*, cook; *infixi, -ictum, -ēre*, dash against; *profligavi, -atum, -are*, overthrow; *fugavi, -atum, -are*, rout; *pallui, -ēre*, grow pale; *trivi, tritum, -ēre*, rub; *inveteravi, -ere*, grow fixed.
8. (1) *Parcendum est mihi, tibi, ei, nobis, vobis, iis.* (2) *Venturus eram, eras*, etc. (3) *Licuit mihi ire, tibi, ei*, etc.
9. (1) *Promisit se venturum esse.* (2) *Dixit se venturum fuisse, si jussisses.* (3) *Sperabant eum venturum.* (4) *Num nescis qualis fuerit?*

67.

1. *Ego, quem omnes, oderunt, nihil in me admisi, cur capitis damner. Ne in innocentem animadverteritis, nisi quidem deos pro nihilo habetis.*
2. *Veris*, neut., spring; *supellectilis*, fem., furniture; *foenoris*, neut., interest; *soceri*, masc., father-in-law; *socrus*, fem., mother-in-law; *nepotis*, masc., grandson, descendant; *roboris*, neut., strength, hard wood; *vadis*, masc., bail; *vasis*, neut., vase.

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3. (1) *Ea lege veniam, ut me comiteris.* (2) *Loqui et facere longe alia inter se sunt.* (3) *Me consuluerant utrum in his rebus faciendis sibi consulturi essent.* (4) *De patria bene meritus est.*
4. (1) "What does he mean?" (2) "They say that I have done such things." (3) "What is your place in order?" (4) "Your interests are involved."
5. See 58 (1), (2), (6).
6. *Quivis* and *quilibet* in positive sentences; *quisquam* and *ullus* in negative; *quis* after *si*; *ecquis*, interrog., *aliquis* and *quispian* = some one.
7. *Neptis*, *nurus*, *socrus*, *avia*.
8. Before another *i*, -e final, *ēr*.
9. *Nupta*, dat.; *impotens*, gen.; *dissimilis*, gen. or dat.; *amans*, gen.; *liber*, abl.; *edax*, gen.; *fretus*, abl.
10. See 53 (5); 55 (3); 53 (4); 51 (5).
11. "He values this at a lock of wool." So *pensi*, *pili*, *nauci*, *teruncii*.

68.

1. See 2 (1).
2. *Nectāris*, neut., nectar; *salis*, masc., salt; *fellis*, neut., gall; *nidi*, masc., nest; *nidoris*, masc., savoury smell; *oleris*, neut., cabbage; *turis*, neut., incense; *gruis*, fem. and masc., crane; *nivis*, fem., snow; *cruris*, neut., leg.
3. (1) *Quantuluscumque*; (2) *qualiscumque*.

4. (1) *Haud scio quot fueritis.* (2) *Nescivi quot essemus.*
(3) *Secum portavit quot libros habuit.*
5. "See! with what rapid waters the river rolls!"
No correction needed, as in poetry the two sentences can stand as separate exclamations.
6. Used as main verb in principal clause. (1) Potential: *Dicat aliquis*, "Some one might say." (2) Hypothetical: *Fecissem, si potuissem*, "I should have done it, had I been able." (3) Dubitative: *Quid faciam?* "What am I to do?" (4) Optative: *Moriar*, "May I die!" (5) Jussive (imperative): *Abeat*, "Let him go!"
7. *Fe-, ferax, fertilis, fecundus*, etc.; *lu-, lux, luceo, lucifer*, etc.
8. *Illius ergo*, "On his account." *Amor erga te*, "Love for thee." *Vae tibi!* "Woe to thee!" *Propior, proxime, coelum*, "Nearer, close, to the sky." *Montis ad instar*, "Like a mountain."
9. (1) "We know that the city is being attacked." (2) "We know that the city has been stormed." (3) "We know that the city will be stormed." (4) "We know that the city would have been stormed."
10. *Ineo, convenio, adeo, subeo.*

69.

1. *Filia, dea, nata, equa* (feminines of masculines in -us).
2. *Alacer, celebrer, equester, pedester, saluber, volucer.*
Solus, ullus, uter, unus.
3. *Maxumus, lubet, totiens, relligio, ovis, reicit, multo,*
Vergilius, Sylla.
4. (1) *Inter se oderunt.* (2) *Alii alia dicunt.* (3) *Alter*
alterum oderat.
5. "Co-ordinate" couple words and sentences without
affecting mood; "subordinate" couple sentences
and affect mood. Final, *ut*; consecutive, *ut*;
temporal, *antequam*; causal, *quod*; conditional,
si; concessive, *etsi*; comparative, *quasi*.
6. *Posco, flagito, oro, rogo, interrogo. Irascor, dat*;
nitor, abl; *fungor, abl*; *misereor, gen*; *nanciscor,*
acc; *faveo, dat*; *rideo, acc*; *suadeo, dat.*
7. (1) *Certe credemur, ait* (Ovid). (2) *Mihi creditur.*
8. March, May, July, October.
9. $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{3}{2}$, $\frac{5}{12}$, $\frac{1}{6}$.
10. LV., *quinquaginta quinque* or *quinque et quinquaginta*;
LXXXVIII., *octoginta octo*, etc.; CI., *centum et*
unus; CC., *ducenti*; D., *quingenti*; DCCLXVII.,
septingenti, sexaginta septem; M., *mille*; XM., or
CCICD., *decies (decem) millia.*
11. *Do, sto, disco, posco*; mostly *curro*.

70.

1. Constellation ; ditto ; single star. Fault, error ; natural defect, vice. Present ; reward. Fruit, produce ; fruits of earth ; standing crop. Master, owner ; superior, teacher. Fatherland ; a country, land not sea ; country district.
2. *Frigidulus, lentulus, parmula. Peleides, Peleïs ; Thestiades, Thestias.*
3. *Nemo, neminem, nullius, nemini, nullo. Omnia, omnium rerum, omnibus rebus.*
4. Substantival, *quis, quid* ; adjectival, *qui, quod. Si quis Deus.*
5. (1) *Ne joco quidem.* (2) *Colenda est pietas.* (3) *Patris imperiis parendum est.* (4) *Paucis rebus opus est.* (5) *Multa mentitus est.*
6. *Marcus Quinto. S.P.D. S.V.B.E.E.V. Scribebam ut discerem quid tu agas, me absente. Fac rescribas quam primum. Data (dabam) A.D. XIV. Kal. Feb., Baiis.*
7. Having followed, cut, obtained by asking, demanded, having sworn, having drunk, fastened *or* having bargained, surrounded *or* put around, having said.
8. *Suspensi*, middle voice = having slung on ; virtually act. in sense, and so governs acc. of object.
9. Is it thus that ? (surprise). And so ! (melancholy). Is it not ? *At* expresses emotion by its abruptness. What of the fact that ? (= moreover). *Quodsi*, but if—— But if not—— *quodnisi, sin, and sin minus.*

71.

1. Am away, am wanting to ; profit, preside over ; lose, destroy ; gaze at, look at, see, see clearly into ; reflect, am of opinion, calculate ; say, speak *and* talk, say (introducing words actually spoken) ; need, am without, need strongly ; bid *and* order, command (with authority) ; hurt (physically), injure ; fear (mentally), am naturally timid, have fears or misgivings ; aim at *and* seek (to get), look for (to find).
2. "He has touched nothing without adorning it."
Ornavit ought to be *ornaverit* after *quod* consecutive. The words as they stand literally mean, "He touched nothing and did not adorn it."
3. *Annonae*, fem., price of corn ; *parricidae*, masc., parricide ; *tubicinis*, masc., trumpet-player ; *tibicinis*, masc., flute-player ; *imbris*, masc., shower ; *imbricis*, fem., tile ; *tridentis*, masc., trident ; *ternonis*, masc., number 3 ; *semissis*, masc., $\frac{1}{2}$ as ; *bessis*, masc., $\frac{2}{3}$ as ; *tegetis*, fem., mat ; *viri*, masc., venom ; *Adriae*, masc., Adriatic.
4. Temple, house ; part, faction ; prison, starting-place ; care *and* pains, working people ; letter of alphabet, epistle *and* literature ; end, territory ; salt, wit.
5. *Civitatum* or *-ium*, *mensum*, *animalium*, *parentium* (often contracted to *-um*), *penatium*, *fratrum*,

panum, dentium, trabum, optimatum, virium, senum, patrum.

6. *Pandi*, adjective, crooked ; pres. inf. pass. and perf. act. of *pando*, speed. *Teres*, adjective, smoothly rounded ; fut. ind. of *tero*, rub. *Jugis*, subst., dat. and abl. plur. ; adjective, running (water), nom. sing. *Confertis*, pres. ind. 2nd plur. of *confero*, bring together ; p. part. of *confercio*, cram. *Simulatque* = (1) *simul atque*, as soon as ; (2) *simulat-que*, and he feigns. *Dedi*, perf. act. of *do*, give ; pres. inf. pass. of *dedo*, give up.
7. N. *dicere* : *Dicere est facile*, "To say it is easy." Ac. *dicere* : *Scio dicere esse facile*, "I know that to say it is easy ;" *dictum* : *Eo dictum*, "I am going to speak ;" *dicendum* : *Inter dicendum*, "In the midst of speaking." G. *dicendi* : *Ars dicendi*, "Art of speaking." D. *dicendo* : *Aptus dicendo*, "Fit for speaking." Ab. *dicendo* : *Vicit dicendo*, "He won by speaking ;" *dictu* : *Facile dictu*, "Easy to say."
8. *Illas aquas, quas viderent (flumen enim haud longè aberat), et se et hostes patria intercludere.*
9. *Ac* = sharp, *acuo*, *acies* ; *tag-* = touch, *tango*, *integer* ; *cre-* = grow, *cresco*, *incrementum* ; *pen-* = within, *penates*, *penetralia*.

72.

1. Bearded (hence old-fashioned), winged, oaken, of yesterday, of the day after to-morrow, daily, that may be split, heavenly.
2. *Furfur*, *turtur*, *vultur*, *fur*; *delphin*, *splen*, *lien*, *pecten*, *attagen*; *mugil*, *consul*, *sal*, *sol*.
3. (1) *Locus natus ad insidias*. (2) *Ancipiti Marte pugnatum est*. (3) *Juxta bonos et malos interfecit*. (4) *Non possum non ire*.
4. (1) "A truce was agreed upon." (2) "They make a treaty." (3) "Six miles from the city." (4) "According to circumstances." (5) "He is rather (too) passionate."
5. See 24 (7).
6. *Ducens*, leading; *ducturus*, about to lead; *ductus*, led; *ducendus*, that must be led. *Jubens*, ordering; *jussurus*, about to order; *jussus*, ordered; *jubendus*, to be ordered. *Subveniens*, helping; *subventurus*, about to help. *Adipiscens*, getting; *adepturus*, about to get; *adeptus*, having got; *adipiscendus*, to be got. *Utens*, using; *usus*, about to use; *usus*, having used. *Vitans*, avoiding; *vitaturus*, about to avoid; *vitatus*, avoided; *vitandus*, to be avoided. *Fugans*, routing, etc., like *vilo*. *Fugiens*, fleeing; *fugiturus*, about to flee. *Praecipiens*, exhorting; *praecepturus*, about to exhort.

7. (1) *Scio eum sapientem esse.* (2) *Nemo dubitavit quin sapiens esset.* (3) *Sperat se aliquando sapientem fore.* (4) *Huc accedit ut sapiens sit or quod sapiens est.*
- 8 A.D. III. Kal. Apr., A.U.C. CCLXXXVII.
9. See 46 (1).
10. Crown, circle of bystanders ; gifts, duties ; strength, strong wood ; go round, encompass, go about canvassing, count ; hear, obey, be called.
11. *Bruma, brevissima, (brevima) dies ; pecunia, from pecus, -udis, head of cattle ; egregius, e and grex, picked out of the flock ; discrimen, from dis and cerno ; exul, from e and solum, soil ; digitus, from dico, a teller ; furtim, fur ; aruum, aro, plough.*

73.

1. *Dum eo*, "While I go ;" *Dum eam*, "Provided I go." *Quum venisset*, "When he had come ;" *Quum veneret*, "As often as he had come." *Tam caecus erat ut nihil viderit*, "He was so blind that he actually saw nothing."
- | | | | |
|----|--------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 2. | N.A.V. | <i>una moenia</i> | <i>bina castra</i> |
| | G. | <i>unorum moenium</i> | <i>binorum castrorum</i> |
| | D.Ab. | <i>unis moenibus</i> | <i>binis castris</i> |
-
- | | | |
|--|-------|---------------------------|
| | N.V. | <i>ducenti obsides</i> |
| | Ac. | <i>ducentos obsides</i> |
| | G. | <i>ducentorum obsidum</i> |
| | D.Ab. | <i>ducentis obsidibus</i> |

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3. *Duo, duum, trini. Sexaginta, sexagesimus, sexagies; septuaginta, septuagesimus, septuagies; octoginta, octogesimus, octogies; nonaginta, nonagesimus, nonagies.*
4. *Viginti unus* or *unus et viginti. Vicesimus primus* or *unus et vicesimus.*
5. (1) "He is heir to $\frac{5}{8}$ of the estate." (2) "My slave had to keep his perquisites" (own allowed property—savings). (3) "He will take care to attack the city." (4) "He entered into a contract as agent for building a bridge." (5) "They entered into a contract to have a gate built." (6) "The face was like roses."
6. (1) *Tribus convocavit.* (2) *Tribus convenere.* (3) *Se vestibus summa celeritate induerunt.* (4) *Nihil celeritatis.*
7. (1) "When they came to the end of the play." (2) "The curtain rises" (*i.e.* the play ends). (3) "The curtain falls" (play begins). (4) "It is the part of an actor to forget himself." (5) "He was always increasing his property."
8. Of woman, *nubo*; of bridegroom, *ducere in matrimonium, ducere uxorem*; of those who make the match, *dare in matrimonio, collocare in matrimonio.* Lend, *mutuas pecunias dare*, (on interest) *fenerare, -i*; borrow, *mutuari mutuas, pecunias sumere.*

74.

1. *Testator, testatrix; simplicitas; Laco; Tyndaris.*
2. *Sestertius* (coin), $2\frac{1}{2}$ asses; *sestertium* (sum of money), 1000 *sestertii*. About £12 10s. About £8,800,000.
3. *Ante, circum, contra, coram, clam, etc.*
4. *Supersedeo*, abl.; *praesto*, acc.; *posthabeo*, acc. and dat.; *potens*, gen.; *indignus*, abl. or gen.; *prodigus*, gen.
5. *Maledico, maledicus, matricida, telluris, fiunt, mātis, audiverimus.*
6. *Moeniā* cannot stand before *scandis*. A licence is allowed with *smaragdus*. *Quē* should not follow *-ē*.
7. *Prius, primum; inferius, infime; posterius, postremo* or *-um; deterius, deterrime; prope, propius, proxime.*
8. *Vae tibi! Macte virtute esto, mi fili! Pro pudor!*
"I have sworn to thee by this holy and chaste love."
9. (1) "Thus she spoke" (pleonasm). (2) "Speech more flowing than that of Isæus" (brachylogy). (3) "Confide the fleet to the south winds" (hypallage). (4) "He abides in the same resolve and seat" (zeugma). (5) "He had seen many a city" (litotes). (6) "We pour libations from golden cups" (hendiadys). (7) "A glorious liar"

(oxymoron). (8) "The labouring Hercules"
(periphrasis).

10. Right, broth; furrow, lyre; tall, leading men; whoever (substantival), whoever (adjectival); any (in negative sentences), any (in positive).

75.

1. *Nimius, nimis, nimium; iterum, rursus, denuo; frustra, incassum, ne quidquam; extemplo, statim, continuo, ilicet; quondam, olim, antiquitus, prius; iterum atque iterum, etiam atque etiam; fere, ferme.*

2. N. *Tiberis*, masc. (*Thybris*, *Tibur*, neut.,
Ac. *Tiberim* *Tybris, Tibris*), *Tibur* Tivoli.
G. *Tiberis* the river Tiber. *Tiburis*
D. *Tiberi* *Tiburi*
Ab. *Tiberi* *Tibure*

Tempe (neut. plur.), valley in North Thessaly;
Adria, masc., Adriatic; *Syrtes*, fem., quicksands,
coast of North Africa.

3. See 39 (8).
4. "When the thorn is white with blossoms;" "With a thorn white with blossoms."
5. *Manet*, pres. ind. of *maneo*; pres. subj. of *maneo*.
Casum, acc. of *casus* (subst.); supine and impers. perf. p. part. of *cado*. *Feris*, abl., etc., of *ferus* and *fera*; pres. ind. of *ferio*. *Ferri*, pres. inf. pass. of *ferro*; gen. of *ferrum*. *Supplices*, plur. of *supplex*;

pres. subj. of *supplico*. *Portas*, acc. plur. of *porta* ;
 pres. ind. of *porto*. *Victum*, acc. of *victus* (subst.) ;
 perf. part. of *vivo*, *vinco*.

6. Business days, pride ; I set *and* fall, I kill ; line of battle, line of march ; stern, prow, keel ; to speak, to cheat.
7. *Molibar, imperarier, juraras, monebere, estur, faxim, affuturum* and *adfore*.
8. He is banished, he is beaten, he bids (at auction), it is clear, it is known, he is consistent, he takes in good part.
9. *Prae, erga, de, post, propter, pone*.
10. *Pro me*, "Instead of me ;" *Pro castris*, "Before the camp ;" *Pro viribus*, "In proportion to one's powers ;" *Pro reis*, "In behalf of prisoners."
11. *Suggero, perago, circumago, dego, refringo, perlego, decutio, succino, colligo*.

76.

1. See 23 (2).
2. Final : *ut, quo* (in comparative sentences), *qui*, with subj. ; negatively, *ne* with subj. Consecutive : *ut, qui*, with subj. ; negatively, *ut non*, etc., *quin*.
3. "He was deaf enough to hear nothing ;" "He was so deaf that he actually heard nothing."
4. "There is need of prompt action." So *consulto, properato*.
5. Synesis and attraction. Yes ; *scelus* by synesis

(meaning "villain") has *ille* as attribute, and *rediiit* agrees with it, attracted from compound subject. Plur. verb would imply that they went home together.

6. *See* 1 (6).
7. Neut. by rule. For exceptions, *see* 10 (7).
8. Priests, blasts; wind, breeze, blast; surety (generally), surety (in civil action); region *and* net, blow; soothe, milk; glitter *and* sparkle, shine (steadily), am burning white; a valley, a stake; mind *or* courage, soul *or* life; he complains, he is sought; a piece of ground cut off, a temple; a field, a mound; plough, ploughtail, ploughshare.
9. Head, life, civil status, principal man; parts, faction; sign, ensign, statue; difference, danger; heat, tide; goddess of love, highest throw of dice, in plur. charms.
10. (1) "Desirous of revolution." (2) "A public thanksgiving for several days was announced." (3) "You will be called father of your country." (4) "He had served in thirty campaigns." (5) "They had asked for and obtained peace." (6) "They leave nothing undone to hinder our escaping."

77.

1. \tilde{z} , except before *gm*, *gn*, when *-*. For final *-a*, see 59 (7); final *-e*, 60 (3).
2. *Artis*, gen. of *ars*; *artīs*, p. perf. of *arceo* (= *arctis*), close. *Relīqui*, nom. plur., remaining; *reliqui*, perf. act. of *relinquo*, leave. *Rei*, gen. sing. of *res*, or nom. plur. of *reus* (prisoner). *Nōvi*, adjective, new; *nōvi*, perf. of *nosco*, I know. *Vincīs*, pres. ind. of *vinco*, conquer; *vincīs*, ditto of *vincio*, bind. *Ōrā*, shore (sing.), mouths (*os*); *ōrā*, pres. imperat. of *oro*, pray. *Mānibus* (*manes*), ghosts; *mānibus* (*manus*), hands. *Bellum*, subst., war; adjective, pretty (*bellus*). *Pugnis*, from *pugna*, battle, and *pugnus*, fist.
3. (1) *Utendum est mihi ense*, etc. (2) *Venturus fueram*, etc. (3) *Paretur mihi, tibi*, etc.
4. (1) *Si quid habeo, do*. (2) *Si quid habuissem, dedissem*. (3) *Si quid habeam, dem or haberem, darem*. (4) *Si quid habebo, dabo*. (5) *Dixit se, si quid haberet, daturum esse*. (6) *Dixit se, si quid habuisset, daturum fuisse*.
5. *Emi*, *emptum*, *-ēre*, buy; *absorbuī*, *-sorptum*, *-ēre*, absorb; *sculpsi*, *sculptum*, *-ēre*, carve; *tetendi*, *tensum*, stretch; *consului*, *-ultum*, *-ēre*, consult; *frendi*, *fressum* or *fresum*, *-ēre*, gnash teeth; *plui*, *-ēre*, rain; *operui*, *-ertum*, *-ire*, cover. *Lavatum*, *lautum*, *lotum*; *potatum*, *potum*; *plicitum*, *plica-*

tum; paritum, partum; tunsum, tusum; alitum, altum.

6. *Benevolus, -entior, -entissimus; ocissimus; serior.*
7. *Triginta, tricesimus, quadraginta, quadragesimus, quinquaginta, quinquagesimus, sexcenti, sexcentesimus, septuagies, octogeni, quadringeni, quingenties.*

78.

1. *Caducus*, adjective, fallen, falling; *caduceus*, subst., wand; country districts, fatherland; more in degree, more in quantity; savoury smell, smell; hedge, onion, often; year, ring.
2. *Nimius, crastinus, hodiernus, hesternus, quotidianus, hornus, perendinus, diurnus, nocturnus, matutinus, vespertinus.*
3. Market-day, twilight, trifles, denial, funeral rites, spoils, reinforcements, recruit, deputy *and* under-servant.
4. *Gallorum fortissimi; Vir provectae aetatis; Quanti tu es mihi! Hominis est errare; Caesaris copiae; Amor mei.*
5. *Ovile*, sheep-fold; *rosarium*, rose-bed; *rosetum*, rose-bed; *Æneades*, son of Æneas; *testatrix*, female will-maker; *equuleus*, little horse.
6. (1) *Ibo, sive ibit seu non.* (2) *Quis scit utrum eab necne?* (3) *Eum rogavi utrum ivisset necne.*
7. *Quod* and *quia*, ind.; *licet*, subj.; *quamvis*, ind. or

subj. ; *quum* (temporal), ind. ; *quin* (interrog.), ind. or imperat.

8. "But," *sed*, *at*, *ceterum*, *verum*, *vero*. "Both . . . and," *et* . . . *et* ; *quum* . . . *tum* ; *que* . . . *que*.
9. *Quatuor nonae partes* ; *quinque partes* ; *dimidia pars* ; *quarta pars* ; *decies HS*.

79.

1. *-cundus*, full of, *iracundus*, wrathful ; *-ilis* = English -ble, *amabilis*, amiable ; *-tilis*, perf. p. part., *sectilis*, cut ; *-ax*, propensity, *loquax*, talkative ; *-eus*, made of, *liqueus*, wooden ; *-osus*, full of, *nivosus*, snowy ; *-ensis*, belonging to a place, *Atheniensis*, Athenian.
2. 7th and 15th in March, July, May ; 5th and 13th in April and June. A.D. XIV. Kal. Feb. ; A.D. IV. Id. Feb. ; A.D. III. Non. Dec.
3. *Ante diem tertium decimum Kalendas Novembres*. See 18 (4).
4. (1) *Habeo ejus pecuniam*. (2) *Suam pecuniam amat*. (3) *Eorum pecuniam capit*. Add *ipsius* or *ipsorum* after *sua*, according as it refers to his valour or theirs.
5. (1) Oxymoron ; (2) enallage ; (3) euphemism ; (4) hysteron proteron ; (5) double alliteration ; (6) prolepsis ; (7) chiasmus and paronomasia.
6. *Vulpes*, fem. ; *cupido*, fem., but masc. personified, and always masc. in Horace ; *margo*, com. ; *finis*,

masc., sometimes fem. ; *ternio*, masc. ; *seges*, fem. ;
rus, neut. ; *ros*, masc. ; *tus*, neut. ; *dies*, com. in
sing., masc. in plur., see 11 (6) ; *gradus*, masc. ;
tribus, fem.

7. *Si quis meis mandatis parere nonvult, illi moriendum est. Mihi placitum est in eos animadvertere, qui me nihili faciunt. Nonne ergo viribus et gladiis uti vultis? Ne occasionem victoriam reportandi amiseritis.*

80.

1. Ask, command (except *jubeo*), advise, strive (except *conor*), wish (except *volo*), allow (except *sino*).
2. *Animadverto*, acc., with or without *in* ; *accuso*, acc. and gen. ; *moderor* and *tempero*, see 54 (9) ; *refert*, gen. or possessive in *-ā* ; *dicor*, same case as *precedes* ; *succenseo*, dat. ; *permuto* = *muto*, acc. and abl., or *vice versā* ; *fugio*, acc. ; *miseresco*, gen. ; *incumbo*, dat. ; *miseret*, acc. and gen.
3. *Quae cum ita sint* ; *Quae cum ita essent*.
4. "Three hundred Gauls (all there were on the occasion) were present ;" "Three hundred of the Gauls (who were there) were present."
5. *Haud*, see 65 (3) ; *quippe* and *utpote* strengthen causal *qui*, and gen. corroborate ; *neu* (*neve*) couples prohibitions ; *ceu* introduces similes ; *utinam* with subj. expresses wish.
6. *Causa haec omnia audiendi* ; *Spe hos viros videndi*.

7. *Potens, impotens, patiens*. No ; *potens* is adjective.
8. *Interest mea, tua, sua* (or *ejus*), *nostra, vestra, sua* (or *eorum*).
9. After *amplius, plus, minus* ; before numerals ; and before nom. or acc., when the case changes to abl. *Carior mihi quàm tibi*.
10. *Templum, temno* (cut off, piece cut off) ; *immolo, im* and *mola* (sacred meal) ; *oratio, ovis*, sheep? or cry of triumph, *evae?* *nihil, ne hilum*, not a jot ; *addo, ad* and root *do*, put ; *sestertius, semi-tertius* ; *Annus Bissexstus*, the year in which A.D. VI. Kal. Mart. is twice counted ; *cotidie, quot* and *dies* ; *rursus, re* and *versus* ; *mediusfidius, me deus Fidius* (*servet*) ! *sodes, si audies* ; *simplex, sin* (one) and *plico*, fold.

81.

1. *Primary* : Ind. : pres., fut., perf. (with sign "have") ; Subj. : pres., perf. *Historic* : Ind. : imperf., perf. aorist (without "have"), plup., fut. part. with *sim* ; Subj. : imperf., plup., fut. part. with *essem*. *Tam caecus erat ut nihil viderit*, "He was so blind that he *actually* saw nothing."
2. *Ancilis*, neut., shield ; *duelli*, neut., war ; *convivae*, masc., guest ; *humi*, fem., ground ; *meridiei*, masc., noon ; *aucupis*, masc., bird-catcher ; *tigris* or *-idis*, masc. and fem., tiger ; *suis*, com., swine.

3. *Vis, ravis, pelvis, sitis, tussis, buris, amussis.*
4. *Satus*, sprung from, abl. ; *impotens*, powerless, or with abl. self-control, gen. ; *affinis*, related to, *par*, equal, *dispar*, unequal, gen. or dat. ; *memor*, mindful, gen. ; *doctus*, learned, abl. or acc.
5. *Pulset mihi lictorem.* So "Knock me at yon gate."
6. *Missus a rege ; Mittendus regi ; Flebilis, formidatus regi.*
7. *Nemo praeter te ; Nemo, nisi tu ; Nemo te excepto venit.*
8. The clause introduced by conjunction is termed "protasis," the main sentence "apodosis ;" for "synesis," "oxymoron," "alliteration," see 58 (2) and (6) ; "paronomasia" is a play on words.
9. Interrog., prohibitive ; any (substantival), any (adjectival) ; at another time, elsewhere ; dead, weighed ; I swear, forswear myself ; to be indebted, to lay under an obligation.
10. (1) "He who blows his nose too much, draws blood." (2) "He was unwilling, though he had the power, to destroy me." (3) "He made a present of." (4) "I returned without losing my honour." (5) "With the help of Phœbus, Troy rises again."
11. *Malè pertinax*, "not resisting, or faintly resisting ; *malè optatus*, "foolishly desired ;" *malè rauci*, "very hoarse."

secludo, I shut back (*i.e.* open); *semetris*, of six months; *dispartior*, I divide in parts.

9. Everything, something; sometimes, never; some persons, everybody.

83.

1. (1) *Credunt urbem captum iri* or *fore ut urbs capiatur*.
(2) *Credebant urbem captum iri* or *fore ut urbs caperetur*.
2. (1) *Credidit me sanum esse*. (2) *Credit me sanum fuisse*. (3) *Negavit me sanum esse*. (4) *Promisit se rediturum*.
3. Books; children, free. A pound; a book, bark, free. I weigh; I take a taste of, make a libation. A freed man, in reference to his master; a freed man, in reference to the class he belonged to. "Free" and "children;" the children of the house as distinguished from the slave boys.
4. See 58.
5. (1) *Creditur mihi*, "I am believed." (2) *Certe credemur, ait* (Ovid), "We shall at least be believed."
6. Yes. (1) "He said something or other." (2) "Somebody or other is coming." (3) "I know not who is coming."
7. (1) Subj. generally, unless taken as one word (like *nescio quis*), ind.; (2) ind.; (3) subj.; (4) ind.;

(5) subj. ; (6) ind. ; (7) ind. ; (8) ind. ; (9) subj. ;
(10) subj.

8. (1) *Quota hora est ?* (2) *Quotus es ?* (3) *Dic mihi quot sitis ?* (4) *Quotam partem pecuniae habes ?*
9. Prose; verse; concise language ; far-fetched language ;
to write readily ; to make an erasion.

84.

1. (1) Subj., *quidquid erit pati* ; pred., *ut melius* ;
cop., understood ; comp., *ut melius* ; obj. of *pati*,
quidquid erit. (2) Subj., *non humilis mulier* ;
predic., rest of sentence ; attrib., *non humilis* ;
obj. of *maluit*, *mori* and *mortem vitare*. (3) Subj.,
easdem ineptias millies audire ; pred., rest of sen-
tence ; cop., *est* ; comp., *cordi* ; attrib. of *audire*,
millies, and of *ineptias*, *easdem* ; obj. of *audire*,
ineptias.
2. (1) "I go into exile." (2) "I make an erasion
(turn the pen)." (3) "I am being changed into
a bird." (4) "I have been changed into a beast."
3. (1) "I am bankrupt." (2) "I have ready money."
(3) "I am in debt."
4. *Curae, odio, receptui, ludibrio, impedimento, commodo,*
incommodo, bono, dono.
5. *Fallis me*, "You deceive me ;" *Me fallit*, "It
escapes me." *Fugio*, "I escape ;" *Me fugit*,
"It escapes me." *Mihi consto*, "I am con-

sistent ;" *Constat*, "It is well known." *Fallo* and *fugio*. *Ea res siletur*.

6. *Venit urbem spectatum ; Difficile dictu*.
7. *Nanciscens*, getting ; *nactus* (*nactus*), having got ; *nactus*, obtain to get ; *nanciscendus*, to be got. *Satisfaciens*, satisfying ; *satisfacturus*, about to satisfy. *Credens*, believing ; *crediturus*, about to believe ; *creditus* (Ovid), believed. *Adveniens*, coming up ; *adventurus*, about to come. *Revertens*, turning back ; *reversurus*, about to turn ; *reversus*, having turned (one's self) ; *revertendus*, to be turned. *Committens*, joining ; *commissurus*, about to join ; *commissus*, joined ; *committendus*, to be joined. *Nocens*, hurting ; *nociturus*, about to hurt.
8. *Negotium*, *ne* and *otium* ; *vecors*, *ve* (dissociative = not) and *cors* ; *aedifico*, *aedes* and *facio* ; *Idus*, *iduo* (= *divido*), divide ; *incola*, *in* and *colo*.
9. (1) Middle, neutral ; (2) equal, contemporary ; (3) second, favourable ; (4) right, upright, straight ; (5) regular, complete.
10. *Poena*, *impunis* ; *moenia* ; *tollo* ; *moveo* ; *caelum* ; *Janus*, *janitor* ; *frugifer*, *frugi*.

85.

1. *Vicesimus ; vicesimus primus or primus et vicesimus ; tertius decimus ; ducentessimus tertius decimus ; semel ; bis ; ter ; quater ; quadragies ; seni ; bina millia ; mille homines ; duo millia hominum.*
A.U.C. trigesimo nono.
2. Arm, lizard ; cherry tree, horn ; copper rust, rust and mildew, iron rust ; grandmother, pathless ; uncle (paternal), (uncle) maternal ; desirous, desire.
3. *De novo ; quum jam ; re versus ; quo versum ; ne homo ; ne hilum ; nam pe ; con junctus.*
4. N. *nescio quis* *Nescio quis venit.*
Ac. *nescio quem* *Nescio quem vidi.*
G. *nescio cujus* *Nescio cujus pecuniam inveni.*
D. *nescio cui* *Nescio cui nocui.*
Ab. *nescio quo* *Nescio quo rogante, veni.*
5. *Volucer, missilis, caducus, edax, loquax, paternus, maternus, avius, consularis, Atheniensis, Cannensis.*
6. *Videant consules ne quid detrimenti respublica capiat ; Viderent consules ne quid detrimenti respublica caperet.*
7. *Castra posuit octo millia passuum ab urbe ; or octavo lapide ab urbe.* N. and Ac., *millia passuum ;* G., *millium passuum ;* D. and Ab., *millibus passuum.*
8. (1) "Fabius has an audience of the senate." (2) "I arrived in two days' march." (3) "He will

throw a bridge across the river." (4) "It is uncertain whether it was done rightly or wrongly."

9. *Forte, fortasse, fors, forsitan; saepe, crebro, haud semel; aliquando, quondam, non nunquam; semper, usque, nunquam non; omnis, nullus non; nimius, nimis, nimium.*

86.

1. With words of plur. form with sing. meaning and "only." *Una castra. Unos Suevos timemus.*
(1) "With your help alone I am safe." (2) "Caius came at the same time." (3) "We yield to thee only."
2. Cunning, *vafrum, -am, -um*; healthful, *salubrem, -e*; fruitful, *frugiferum, -am, -um*; rich, *ditem*; full of good, *saturum, -am, -um*; armed, *armigerum, -am, -um*; degenerate, *degenerem*.
3. *Senex, vetus, pristinus, priscus, grandaevus, vetustus.*
Priscus and *pristinus*, old-fashioned; *senex* and *grandaevus*, aged.
4. Light-armed (unincumbered), heavy-armed (encumbered), compliant, deadly, deadly, eloquent, eloquent, active.
5. (1) "He died yesterday." (2) "The thing is exceedingly new." (3) "What did our ancestors mean?" (4) "Blind of an eye." (5) "I will lend money." (6) "I will borrow money." (7)

"It agrees not only not with reason, but not even with common sense."

6. By adding C. and O. ; thus, CCIOO. By adding O. ; thus, IOO. CCCIOOO. = 100,000, IOOOO. = 500,000, CCIOOCCIOO. = 20,000.
7. *Senatus Consultum ; Senatus Populusque Romanus ; Deus Optimus Maximus ; Patres (et) Conscripti* [see 57 (3)] ; *non liquet ; Consules ; salutem plurimam dat (dicit).*
8. (1) Participles present and future, gerunds, supines.
(2) Gerundive.
9. "Thou didst both weep, and see my eyes to be those of a weeper. In sorrow we both mingled our tears." *Nostros* for *meos* ; *suas* (referring to subject *uterque*) put for possessive of 1st and 2nd pers. reflexively.

87.

1. (1) "Boundless harvests are wont to burst his barns." *Ruperunt*, aorist, signifying frequency ; or perfect, giving graphic touch = "See ! they are burst !" (2) "The ditcher rejoices to beat the earth in triple-timed dance." Perf. inf. (poet.) for pres. (3) "It were full time to drink." Imperf. signifies that the time is more than just come.
2. *Pro, prae*, see 41 (6) ; *Propter haec*, "On account of this ;" *Propter statuum Platonis*, "Near Plato's

- statue" (rare); *Ob oculos*, "Before the eyes" (rare); *Junonis et iram*, "On account of Juno's wrath;" *Sub arbore sto*, "I stand under a tree;" *Sub arborem currebam*, "I ran under a tree;" *Sub noctem*, "At nightfall;" *Hei mihi!* "Woe is me!"
3. *Neo, comminiscor, reor, sino, patior and pando, refertio, aufero, fulcio, scindo.*
 4. To be uttered, to be eaten; I fell into, I cut into; smeared, being forgotten; seasoned, founded; he lies, he will throw; returned (adjective), to be brought back.
 5. *Minus, minime; crebrius, creberrime; nuperrime; frugalior, -issimus; nequior, -issimus.*
 6. *Gratis*, adjective, *gratus*, adverb, = freely; *satius*, comp. of *satis*; *fuat* = *sit*, *duim* = *dem*; *ausit* = *audeat*.
 7. *Quid in se animadvertissent? Se nihil dixisse, fecisse, cogitasse, cur poena sibi danda esset. Absolverent reum, cujus innocentia jam illis probata esset.*
 8. 1st and 3rd pers. in acc. and inf.; 2nd pers. in subj.
 9. *Fari, fatur, fator, fare, fautem* (all except nom.), *fatus* and *fandus* (complete), *fandi, fando, fatu. Inquam, -is*, etc., pres. complete; *inquirebat; inquisti, inquit; inquires, inquiet; inque, inquito, inquite.*
 10. Not defined. The perf. without sign "have" is called "aorist."
 11. *Potis sum, mage volo, ne volo, morem gero.*

88.

1. See 15 (5).
2. Subject, object, adverb, verb. First and last.
3. First, when governed by a preposition and without a nom. ; as, *Homo, de quo dico. Certiores facti sumus de iis rebus quae factae sunt.*
4. *Nē* expects either answer ; *nonne* expects "yes;" *num*, "no." For double questions, see 38 (11).
5. In poetry. *Ne* with perf. subj. or (less commonly) pres. subj.
6. Standing as main verb in principal clause. (1) *Exeat*, "Let him go." (2) *Vivas!* "Mayest thou live!" (3) *Quid dicam?* "What am I to say?"
7. (1) *Diutius quem acrius pugnatum est.* (2) *Quinto mense quam profectus est.* (3) *Sibi constat.* (4) *Universi clamabant.* (5) *Ego facere non possum, nedum tu possis.* (6) *Fere nemo venit.*
8. Indef. : Substantival : nom. sing., *quis, quā, quid* ; nom. plur., *qui, quae, quā* ; Adjectival : nom. sing., *qui, quae, quod* ; nom. plur., *qui, quae, quae*. Interrog. : Substantival : nom. sing., *quis, quis, quid* ; Adjectival : nom. sing., *qui, quae, quod*.
9. *Sequitus, reperi, relligio, optumus, capiundus, urbis.*

89.

1. *Arietis*, masc., ram, battering-ram ; *cuniculi*, masc., rabbit, mine ; *conjugis*, com., husband, wife ; *hiemis*, fem., winter, storm ; *sinus*, masc., fold, bay, bosom ; *jugi*, neut., yoke, hill ; *libri*, masc., bark, book.
2. See 58 (2) and (1).
3. (1) *In meo templo et Dianae.* (2) *Ille Cicero.* (3) *Iste servus.*
4. (1) "I fear he will not come." (2) "I was afraid you would come." (3) "Take care you do not waste time." (4) "There was a battle the day after." (5) "We returned the day after the battle." (6) "To remain in allegiance."
5. *Quo ? eo, qua ? quatenus ? eatenus, alias, ultro citroque.*
6. *Donarier, sentibam, amaverunt* and *amarunt, amare* and *amaveris, nosti, cupii, audin' ? viden' ? est, esse, fore.*
7. *Fac, dic, duc, fer.* *Face* is allowable.
8. "Semi-deponent" (*solere*) have perf., etc., of pass. form ; "quasi-passive" (*vapulare*) have act. form with pass. meaning ; "inceptive" (*calescere*) imply beginning of action ; "desiderative" (*esurire*) imply desire ; "factitive" (*patefacere*) imply bringing about, making ; "frequentative" (*cantare*), repeated action.
9. *Peditatus, equitatus, collegium, sacerdotium.* *Miles* or *milites.*
10. *More, modo, imagine.*

90.

1. *Tundo, sibilus, ululo, cheu.*
2. Skin-clad (to protect fleeces), ungovernable, ancestral, old-fashioned, undecided, chance, false.
3. "Suppose the chariot is granted, what will you do?" or "how will you fare?"
4. (1) *Quum de consilio suo eos certiores fecisset, abiit.*
(2) *De consilio certior factus, abiit.*
5. (1) Ind. ; (2) ind. ; (3) ind. ; (4) subj. ; (5) subj.
(1) *Adde quod veni.* (2) *Quid quod ultra terminos pellitur?* (3) *Accedit quod caecus est.* (4) *Accedit ut claudus sit.* (5) *Sequitur ut eas.*
6. *Dies fastus*, day on which business is allowed ; *nefastus*, on which it is not ; see Appendix IV. (7).
7. (1) *Longi laboris damnatus.* (2) *Capite deminutus.*
(3) *Criminis absolutus.* (4) *Reus majestatis et rerum repetundarum.*
8. (1) "Let justice be done, though heaven fall" (*justitium* = holidays, or cessation from public business). (2) "The fates denied Tithonus the power of dying." (3) "He has won a decided victory." (4) "You strove with all your might." (5) "He was on the point of departing."
9. Counsel, council ; help, auxiliary forces ; a great triumph, a lesser triumph ; money, slave's own money.

91.

1. (1) *Summa cogitationum mearum.* (2) *Aliquid amari.*
2. Lamp, gain, small gain, grove, to work (compose) by lamplight, to gain.
3. *See 7 (7).*
4. *Per, apud* or *ad, in* (with acc.), *in* (with acc.), *propius, cis (citra).*
5. Chalk, heel; bean, smith; she-goat, hair; firth, relying on; fin, feather; sling, farm.
6. *Septentriones, meridies, oriens (sol), occidens (sol).*
7. Gens. of value, to value at a flock of wool, at a trifle, at a hair, at a handful of wool (task weighed out); (expressions denoting small value).
8. Wing, wing of army; axle, chariot, axis of earth, sky; lake, wine-vat; ambassador, lieutenant; wolf, bit (for horse); eagle, standard.
9. Love, choose; take on contract, put out to contract; give in exchange, take in exchange; kill, butcher.
10. (1) *Refert meā, tua, ejus (sua), nostra, vestra, eorum (sua).* (2) *Licuit mihi ire, tibi,* etc. (3) *Eundum erat mihi,* etc. (4) *Homines mihi (tibi, etc.) mittendi erunt.*
11. *Copias quàm maximas potest copias comparat; Quàm maximas copias comparat. So Vel maximus.*

92.

1. See 49 (1).
2. See 55 (2).
3. *Vir summae eloquentiae; Expers pecuniae; Nudus lacertos; Vilius argentum auro est; Summa (cum) celeritate venit; Ære factus.*
4. *Secus; ocissime; vetus, veterior; prope, propius; deterrimus; primum (-o).*
5. *Expugnare; oppugnare; carpere, facere; dare; dare, pati.*
6. (1) *Extra urbem est.* (2) *Sine pecunia est.* (3) *Nunquam cum video quin rideam.* (4) *Bellum finitum est, ne uno quidem vulnerato.* (5) *Haud moratus venit.* (6) *Locutus, neque tamen mihi persuasit.* (7) *Non auditus condemnatus est.* (8) *Nemo discere potest, nisi litteris studet.* (9) *Nemo litteris studere potest, quin discat.*
7. *Temperi*, temporal adverb, in time; *arcubus*, dat. plur. of *arcus*; *arto*, dat. sing. perf. part. of *arceo*; *condis*, 2nd sing. pres. ind. act. of *condio*; *places*, 2nd sing. pres. subj. act. of *placo*; *mares*, nom. plur. of *mas*; *divinitus*, adverb of *divinus*; *meopte*, dat. of *meus* with affix *-pte*; *sis*, pres. subj. of *sim*, and = *si vis*; *cette*, imperat. = *cedite*! give here!
8. (1) *Ille primus Romanorum victoriam mari reportavit.*
(2) *Ultimus Graecorum peregrinis servio.*

93.

1. *Quantus ? . . . tantus . . . quantus . . . aliquantus.*
Qualis ? . . . talis . . . qualis . . . qualiscumque.
Quot ? . . . tot . . . quot . . . aliquot.
2. (1) *Quivis* or *quilibet*. (2) *Fere nemo*. (3) *Quemvis*
or *quemlibet*. (4) *Nemo*.
3. Publius (individual) Cornelius (of gens Cornelia)
Scipio (of family Scipio) Æmilianus (adopted
from gens Æmilia) Africanus (the African, surname
of honour) Minor (the younger of the name).
4. *Nātūrāe, prācērit, āudivērtmūs, sālūs, pēcūs, dēcōrūs,*
hlārīs, bēnē, dūrē, pāllūžrunt, pātrīām, fiāt, sōl,
hl.
5. See 20 (5).
6. See 18 (5). A.D. VI. Non. Mai.; A.D. V. Id. Feb.;
A.D. XI. Kal. Mart.; A.D. VIII. Id. Apr.; Prid.
Non. Oct.; Prid. Kal. Dec.
7. Because it = (1) Verres' justice; (2) pigs' wash.
8. "I was praised for doing this (which I did);" "I
was praised for doing this (as was said)."

94.

1. (1) . . . *gaudetis*, "If you do this, you will rejoice."
(2) . . . *gavisus esses* (or *gauderēs*), "If you had
done this, you would have rejoiced" (or "would
be rejoicing"). (3) . . . *gaudet*, "If he does

this, he rejoices." (4) . . . *gauderet*, "If he did this, he would rejoice."

2. *Sin minus* = but if not; *neu* couples prohibitions; *ceu* introduces similes; *utrum* asks first part of double question; *immo* = no, but, or yes, but; *utinam*, with subj., expresses wish; *prout* = according as, in proportion to; *utpote*, strengthens *qui* causal, and = inasmuch as.
3. Offspring, pregnant; our, of our country; I gape, am weary; cold, cool, thawed; sell as a slave, sell by public auction.
4. Marriage, funeral, booty, magisterial authority, conquests or literary man, literary man, consul's or praetor's authority.
5. *Raptim*, *temperi*, *sensim*, *singillatim*, *pedatim*, *vicissim*, *contemptim*, *antiquitus*, *passim*, *hostiliter*, *comiter*, *dulce*.
6. *Vicissim*, *per vices*, *alterno*; *statim*, *extemplo*, *e vestigio*; *subito*, *ex improviso*; *satis*, *sati*, *sati*, *affatim*, *abunde*.
7. *Questus*, perf. part. of *queror*; noun, 4th decl. *Quaestus*, noun, 4th decl. *Qua*, sing. nom., fem. and neut.; plur. nom. and acc. of *quis*, indef. *Menti*, dat. of *mens*; gen. of *mentum*. *Nares*, imperf. subj. of *no*; plur. of *naris*. *Praecipitis*, pres. ind. of *praecipio*; gen. of *praeceptis*.
8. From *scrupea*, sharp stones, expressive of careful walking; from *Tantalus*, never allowed to drink the water which rose to his lips, etc.; from *Pro-*

teus, old man of the sea, not to be caught, changeable; from *satura*, a dishful, a medley; from *con* and *sidera*, watching the stars; from *di* and *vulgus*, mob.

9. II. placed on right of V. are added; I. on left of X., subtracted. V probably from hand lifted up, showing V made by forefinger and thumb.
10. *Sestertium* (gen. plur. of *sestertius*, whence plur. *sestertia* is incorrectly formed) = 1000 *sestertii*; value, about £8. Thus *centum sestertia* = 100,000 *sestertii*. In calculating sums above 100,000, the numeral adverb is used with gen., and *centena millia* understood; thus, *decies sestertium* = 1,000,000 *sestertii*.

95.

1. *Optio*; *legio*.
2. *Natus*, abl.; *cretus*, abl.; *potior*, gen. or abl.; *invideo*, see 54 (3); *celo*, double acc.; *satus*, abl. Past parts. of *cresco* and *sero*.
3. (1) "Having bargained for what they wore on their hands." Part of what she said (*oratio obliqua*). (2) "You are a fool for saying this." After *qui* causal. (3) "Suppose you are eloquent; you will not persuade me." Hypothetic subj.
4. Fem., *Arcton*, North Bear; masc., *Borean* (-am), north wind; fem., *Delon* (-um), Delos; fem., *Cybelen*, Cybele; fem., *Atlantida*, daughter of

Atlas ; masc., *Septembrem*, September ; neut., *Tibur*, Tivoli ; masc., *Tiberim*, Tiber. *Tibris*, *Thybris*, *Tybris*.

5. Correct ; *animus et sententia* forms a complex subject, and *posita est* agrees with *sententia* as nearest to it. By synesis, compound subjects take plural verbs ; things without life take neuters.
6. *Pellis*, pres. ind. of *pello* ; noun, skin. *Clavis*, noun, key ; dat. plur. of *clava*, club, and *clavus*, nail, stripe. *Voces*, plur. of *vox* ; and pres. subj. of *voco*. *Facis*, pres. ind. of *facio* ; and gen. sing. of *fax*. *Troas*, acc. plur. of *Tros* ; and nom. sing. "Trojan woman." *Canis*, noun, dog ; dat. plur. of *canus*, and pres. ind. of *cano*.
7. *Molui*, -itum, -ere, grind ; *facessivi*, -itum, -ere, perform ; *collabefactare*, make to totter ; *pessumdedi*, -datum, -dare, ruin ; *intellexi*, -lectum, -ligere, understand ; *visi*, *visum*, *visere*, visit ; *callere*, be thick-skinned, cunning ; *calui*, *calere*, be warm ; *sanavi*, -atum, -are, heal.
8. (1) *Actum est de republica*. (2) *Opus, quod se facturum recepit, e mea sententia fecit*. (3) *Pacem impetrarunt*. (4) *Sexti decimo anno post Carthaginem deletam*.

96.

1. *Samnītis, Sapphūs, Quirītis, incudis, gregis, praedis.*
Acc. *ravim*, abl. *-i*; acc. *febrem, -im*, abl. *-i, -e*;
gen. *bovis*, plur. *boum, bobus* or *bubus*; gen. plur.
apum.
2. Watches, funeral rites, spoils, treaty, offerings to the
dead, spoils, trifles, market-day, folding doors.
3. See 12 (3), (2); and 21 (4).
4. *Egomēt*, I myself; *huncce*, this one *here*; *quiscumque*,
whoever; *quispiam*, any one; *meopte*, my own;
quisque, each (copulative).
5. *Induitur vestem*, "He puts on a garment;" *Ferrum*
cingitur, "He girds on his sword."
6. (1) "How few there are to praise me!" (2) "One
cannot sin without others sinning." (3) "Added
to this, he was praetor." (4) "I do not like
being blamed." (5) "You are not worthy to be
loved by me." (6) "It were better to return."
7. He sat, he allays, he settles; brings forth, obeys,
may prepare; flees, puts to flight; serves, keeps;
sits near, may be seated; plants, joins; puts in
to shore, calls.
8. *Inter ludendum*, "while playing;" *ad pugnandum*,
"for fighting;" *ob videndum*, "on account of
seeing."
9. (1) *Modo hoc, modo illud facit*, "He does this at one
time, that at another." (2) *Quum sapiens tum*

juvenis, "Both wise and young." (3) *Ut juvenis, ita sapiens*, "Though young, yet wise." (4) *Quo plus habet, eo plus cupit*, "The more he has, the more he wants." (5) *Prius venit quam dixit*, "He came before he spoke." (6) *Quanto major, tanto tutior*, "As much safer as it is larger."

10. *Marcus Lucio filio suo. S.P.D. S.V.B.E.E.V. Gaudebam certior factus te iter tam ex sententia fecisse. Domi scribebam. Si pecunia est opus tibi, fac rescribas. Vale. Data (datum) A.D. VI. Kal. Mai. Romae.*

97.

1. *Crepundiorum*, child's rattle; *cunabulorum*, cradle; *extorum*, entrails; *artuum*, limbs; *inferorum*, lower world; *loculorum*, of purse; *sordium*, filth; *verberum*, lash; *tesquorum*, wilds; *lemurum*, ghosts; *buccinarum*, trumpet; *buccarum*, puffed-out cheeks; *specus*, cave; *cauponis*, vintner; *copae*, fem. of *caupo*.
2. *Pondo, noctu, sponte, instar, necesse, natu, paratu.*
3. Regret; scornful dislike; superstition, religious feelings, rites; affection; smoothly rounded; round; boon companion; outward elegance; honour, glory.
4. *Mare*, general; *aequior*, level surface; *marmor*, whitened surface; *pelagus*, open sea; *pontus* (poetical).

5. West wind, east wind, south wind, north wind, west wind, blast, wind, breeze, blast.
6. (1) Pleonasm ; (2) prolepsis ; (3) zeugma ; (4) hyperbole.
7. *Quam ; vel. Quam primum ; Vel maximus.*
8. *Venit ludos visum*, "He came to see the games ;"
Mirabile visu, "Wonderful to see." *Credunt urbem captum iri*. *Urbem* is acc. object of trans. sup. *captum*, which is used with *iri*, impers. verb of motion.
9. They form a hexameter.

98.

1. *Foedus, priscus, sollennis, difficilis, disertus, clarus, spectatus, perditus.*
2. Very ; apart ; let go ; give back ; shut back (i.e. open) ; scatter ; about.
3. (1) "At first dawn." (2) "On the motion of Caius, the bill was proposed." (3) "At the urgent appeal of Cicero, the bill was carried." (4) "He has deserved well of his party." (5) "It were better to die than to suffer this." (6) "It was worth my while to serve on the campaign." (7) "I cannot help sending you a letter."
4. Would lie open (*pateo*), would suffer (*patior*) ; a mark, known, by a mark ; a sty, an altar ; part. of *proficio*, part. of *proficiscor* ; a parent, obeying (*pareo*) ; you are able, you may drink ; you sit, a

seat ; = *ut*, to use ; you may wish, by sails (*velum*) ; strength, you are strong ; he engraves, he conceals ; I yield, give here ! grief, trick, cask ; in a town, exceedingly.

5. *Partim, pedatim, firme* and *firmiter, olim, valide* and *valde*.
6. "Take me back if you find me straying ; you shall not go unrewarded. You shall see my mistress ; ask nothing more !"
7. *Quid se morari ? Ne crederent se ita ignavum esse, ut mortem timeret. Vitam, quam deos rogavisset, deos negare. Aequo animo moriendum esse : id quod se facere posse.*

99.

1. *Dea, -abus ; filia, -abus ; artus ; partus, -ubus*.
2. *Quas*, to agree with the nearer word.
3. *Infero, concilio, habeo, creor, facio, ferio, peto, munio*.
4. *Ditem*, acc. of *dis* ; pres. subj. of *dito*. *Natis*, dat. of *natus* ; pres. ind. of *no*. *Jura*, plur. of *jus* ; pres. imperat. of *juro*. *Secus*, adverb, otherwise ; subst., sex. *Amari*, adjective, sour ; pres. inf. pass. of *amo*. *Pendet*, pres. of *pendeo* ; fut. of *pendo*. *Torques*, subst, necklace ; pres. ind. of *torqueo*.
5. *Hornus, bimus, trimus, quadrimus*.
6. "It occurs to me that this is Venus herself." *Hanc . . . ipsam*, subj. of *subit*.

7. *Equidem, siquidem, quandoquidem.*
 8. (1) *Exercitui praefectus, rediit.* (2) *Hostibus victis, rediit.* (3) *Victus rediit.* (4) *Quum hostis pepercisset, rediit.* (5) *Milites hortatus, rediit.* (6) *Quum militibus praecepisset, rediit.* (7) *Caio victo, rediivimus.*

100.

1. When the compound subject expresses one complex idea, verb is sing., or when the different subjects are connected by disjunctive conjunctions.
2. "Abstract" refer to things that cannot, "concrete" to things that can, be perceived by the senses.
Juventus, juvena, youth ; *juvenis*, young man ; *juventus*, collective. *Senectus, senecta, senium*, old age ; *senex*, old man ; *senatus*, collective.
3. For emphasis or distinction. *Hos ego versiculos feci. Ego reges ejeci : vos tyrannos introducit.*
4. "He puts off his quiver ;" "Having gathered her flowing robes into a knot." *Exuitur* (middle) and *collecta* (ditto) govern acc. of object by sense.
5. Eyebrow, ridge, arrogance ; household of slaves, family ; husband, wife ; nephew, grandson ; leap, glade ; gangway, row of seats in circus.
6. *Erga, in, e, per.*
7. *Bearis* = *beaveris* (*beo*) ; *ream*, acc. of *rea*, fem. of *reus* ; *heram*, acc. of *hera*, fem. of *herus* ; *neris* = *neveris* (*neo*) ; *ausit* = *audeat* ; *siet* = *sit* ; *faxit* = *faciat* ; *duit* = *det.*

8. (1) "How much changed from the old (the great) Hector!" (2) "He was on the point of setting out." (3) "As far as I was able." (4) "What good was it to struggle?" (5) "Suppose some one sees this, how will you fare?" (or "what will you do?").
9. (1) *Qua de causa.* (2) *Cicero dicitur timidus esse.* (3) . . . *coepta est.* (4) *De nullo . . .* (5) *Aut* should be *an.* (6) *Est* should be *sit.* In poetry *est* might stand as a separate question.
10. *Trano, trans, no; vaticinor, vates, cano; infans, in, fari; incolumis, in,* root of *cado; auceps, amb, caput; cogito, co, agito; biennium, bis, annus; obedio, ob, audio.*

101.

1. *Laedo; juvo, delecto; jubeo.*
2. *In urbe; tota urbe; Epheso; Ephesi; ad Ephesum.*
3. (1) *Mittendus eram,* etc. (2) *Parendum erit mihi,* etc. (3) *Iturus eram,* etc. (4) *Radicibus vescendum est mihi,* etc.
4. *Pavit,* perf. of *pasco* and *paveo.* *Apparet,* pres. ind. of *appāreo;* pres. subj. of *appāro.* *Vincās,* pres. ind. of *vincio;* *vincās,* ditto of *vinco.* *Vernae,* nom. *verna,* adjective, *vernus.*
5. *Venui, veno, venum.*
6. *Tollo* (take), *tuli* (I took); *simul* (once), *simplex* (one

fold); *minor* (less), *minari* (threaten); *immineo* (overhang), *emineo* (project); *frango* (break), *fragilis* (fragile); (go), *bito*, *perbito*; (put), *induo* (put on), *exuo* (put off).

7. *Facessivi*, -itum, -ĕre, undertake; *capessivi*, -itum, -ĕre, take in hand; *connivi*, -xi, -ĕre, wink at; *dilexi*, -ectum, -ĕre, love; *delegi*, -ectum, -ĕre, choose; *diligavi*, -atum, -are, fasten down; *religavi*, -atum, -are, bind back; *relegi*, -ectum, -ĕre, read again; *relegavi*, -atum, -are, remove.
8. Presented with wooden sword (retired gladiator); presented with cap (of freedom, for slave); presented with citizenship; veteran; recruit; servant attending boy to school; wrestling-school.
9. *Matutine pater, seu Jane libentius audis* (art called); *Caium nihil moror*, "I have nothing to say against Caius;" *Compertum habeo* (I know) *te venisse*; *Properato opus est*, "There is need of haste." "He takes in good part." *Æqui boni consulit*.
10. *Laudet ut laudetur*; *Tam caecus ut me non videat*; *Quaestio difficilis et non profutura*; *Hortatus ne timerent neu fugerent*; *Haud scio, haud saepe, haud unus*; *Sanus est, ne dicam sapiens*; *Tibi gratias habeo, proinde ac mereris*; *Tanquam si claudus sim*.

102.

1. (1) "On the first opportunity." (2) "An occasion offered." (3) "Equally careless of fame and notoriety." (4) "A letter of the same tenor." (5) "We have sufficiently provided for the country."
2. *Reperi, repperi; taeduit, pertaesum est; placuit, placitum est; miseruit, miseritum est; retulit, retulit; puduit, puditum est; licuit, liquit; licuit, licitum est; venii, venivi.*
3. Demanded, obtained by asking, on oath, to be sworn by, drunk, wedded, trusting in.
4. "He rages, and pretends that he is not raging."
5. *Multi cives patriae proditores sunt. Multi cives,* subj.; *multi,* attrib. of *cives*; rest of sentence, pred.; *sunt,* cop.; *patriae proditores,* comp.
6. (1) *Quum Hannibal profectus est, ver appetebat.* (2) *Quum ver appeteret, H. profectus est.*
7. *Dum* = while, takes pres. ind., even in *oratio obliqua*; with subj. = provided that = *dummodo*.
8. See 39 (8).
9. *Primum agmen; novissimum agmen; subsidia; auxilia; castra ponere; castra movere; receptui canere; proelium committere; bellum indicere.*
10. *Antiquitus*, adverb of *antiquus*; *initus*, perf. part. of *ineo*; *reditus*, subst., return; *lenitus*, perf. part. of *lenio*; *domitus*, perf. part. of *domo*; *penitus*,

adverb, thoroughly; *aditus*, subst., approach; *territus*, perf. part. of *terreo*; *funditus*, adverb, thoroughly; *coelitus*, adverb of *coelum*; *radicitus*, adverb of *radix*.

11. *Saltem, utique*; *omnia, nihil non*; *poene, fere, ferme*; *dum, dummodo*; *eo, adeo, tam, tantum*. Three days ago; just as if.

103.

1. (1) *Quae cum ita sint*. (2) *Quae cum ita essent*.
2. Wait for, ravage, help, attack, think.
3. (1) *Famam sitit*. (2) *Mihi obviam ivit*. (3) *Legionibus Caius praefuit*. (4) *Caesari ad pedes se projecit*. (5) *Jam dudum pacem cupio*.
4. *Propior muros*; *Proximus urbem*; *Pridie proelii*; *Formidinis ergo*; *Labrorum tenuis*; *Capite tenuis*.
5. *Muri decem pedes alti*; *Exitio est avidum mare nautis*; *Edax rerum*; *Tantalo prognatus*.
6. *Atlantides, Atlantis*; *Thestiades, Thestias*. *Pallidulus, misellus*. *Lacaena, Cressa, Troas, neptis, socrus, nurus*.
7. *Centum et octoginta duo*; *trecentessimus vicesimus primus*; *octogesimus*; *quadragies*; *ducenti*; *bina millia*; *tertia pars*; *duae partes*; *dodrans*.
8. *Si venisset*—; *Si veniat*—; *Si veniet*—; *Si veniret*—; *Si venit*—.
9. (1) Subj.; (2) subj.; (3) subj.; (4) ind.; (5) subj.; (6) subj.; (7) subj.

104.

1. *Laris*, masc., household god, home ; *cramber*, fem., cabbage ; *oleris*, neut., greens ; *ola*, neut., oil ; *micae*, fem., salt particle ; *molae*, fem., sacred meal ; *farris*, neut., grain ; *echus*, fem., echo ; *puris*, neut., matter ; *gliris*, masc., dormouse ; *bessis*, masc., $\frac{2}{3}$ of *as*.
2. *Meae ditionis est*, "It is under my power ;" (*Ad*) *instar montis equus*, "A horse like a mountain ;" *Sedeo foris*, "I am sitting out of doors ;" *Eo foras*, "I am going out of doors."
3. (1) *Ita justum si pium est*. (2) *Illi minime abfuit quin interficeretur*. (3) *Tantum abest illi ut eat, ut mansurus sit*.
4. *Ille, hic*.
5. *Justus, justus, auceps, silvestris*.
6. *Immensus, in, metior ; statim, sto ; sincerus, sin* (*sim* = one), and ? ; *sultis* = *si vultis ; ilicet, ne licet*.
7. *Adimo*, acc. and dat. ; *convenio*, acc. (have interview) or dat. (suit) ; *colloqui, cum* and abl. ; *alloqui*, acc. ; *succurro*, dat. ; *juvo*, acc. ; *nitor*, abl. ; *recordor*, acc. or gen.
8. See 27 (7).
9. See 58 (10), (7), (1), (1), (7), (7).
10. See 44 (9).
11. *Fundum emam quanti vis*.
12. Contracted from *veveni* (reduplicated).

13. Gore *and* shed blood, blood in the veins ; life-likeness, representation ; be without, need ; yearn for *and* regret, desire ; crave, choose *and* wish for.

105.

1. *Consenuit*, perf. of *consenesco* (grow old) ; *deges*, fut. of *dego* (spend time) ; *desuetus*, perf. part. of *desuesco* (give up a habit) ; *depostis* = *depositis*, p. part. of *depono* (lay aside) ; *nasset* = *navisset*, plur. subj. of *no* (swim) ; *renata*, perf. part. of *renascor* (be born again) ; *compilat*, pres. ind. of *compilo* (pillage).
2. *Condo, jungo* (*facio*), *deduco, instruo, scribo*.
3. (1) "Woman is always a thing of moods and changes." Neut. adjective (contemptuous?) for complement instead of fem. (2) "Though you drive out Nature with a pitchfork, yet she will always be coming back." Ellipse of *etsi* or *licet*. (3) "Nor do I remember or rejoice at old ills." Construction of *laetor*, accommodated to that of *memini*.
4. *Quarto demum anno urbs deleta est*, "The city did not fall for four years ;" *Hoc quale tandem ?* "What sort of thing is this, *I should like to know ?*" = *ut*, as, *Vereor ne non impetrem*, "I fear I shall not get it ;" *Non modo hostibus sed ne suis quidem parcat*, "He not only does not spare the enemy, but not even his own men."

5. *Terrestris*, *terrenus*, earthy; *marinus*, *maritimus*, maritime; *eburneus*, ivory; *argenteus*, silver; *rugosus*, wrinkled; *hiemalis*, winterly; *auritus*, with ears; *quernus*, oak; *roscidus*, *roratus*, dewy.
6. *Se posse docere ea, quae fecisset, e republica fuisse. Nonne civibus se consuluisse? Illos facta sua (ipsius) vidisse: quae verbis meliora esse.*
7. Of a master, yesterday, heir; suitors, tall, leading men; without, allow! but if not; light, smooth, on the left hand; you are white, dogs, you will sing; of hare, of wit; you will trust, faith, lyre.
8. *Post, humus* (after burial); *in, terra*; *peculium*, slave's own store of money; see 94 (8); *in, metior* (unmeasured); *ovum* (egg); *ovatio*, smaller triumph (*ovis*, sheep sacrificed, or *evae*, cry of triumph); *virgo*, short for *virago*, heroic maiden.

106.

1. *Divom, urguet, adforet, nactus, sequutus, reicit, repulit, ungo, capiundus.*
2. (1) See Appendix IV. (6). (2) "Resting on bended knee." (3) "I speak on my fingers and by nodding." (4) "They praised themselves." (5) "Bend stoutly to your oars" (enallage).
3. *In quincuncem instructi.*
4. *Susurri*, masc., whisper; *luci*, masc., grove; *myrtus* or *-i*, fem., myrtle; *nemoris*, neut., grove; *saltus*, masc., glade; *dumi*, masc., bramble; *vagitus*,

masc., wailing ; *sonitus*, masc., sound ; *soni*, masc., sound ; *socrus*, fem., mother-in-law ; *Iduum*, fem., Ides ; *verus*, neut., spit ; *oleris*, neut., greens ; *artuum*, masc., limbs ; *astus*, masc., cunning ; *cibi*, masc., food ; *singultus*, masc., sob ; *partus*, masc., birth ; *anus*, fem., old woman ; *ansae*, fem., handle ; *annonae*, fem., price of corn ; *antistitis*, com., overseer ; *adoris*, neut., spelt ; *adoreae*, fem., victory.

5. "I nod assent ;" "I throw my head back in sign of dissent." *Renuo*.
6. *Ducere uxorem in matrimonium ; Collocare in matrimonio*.
7. (1) "To quaff nectar." (2) "He fetched sighs from the bottom of his heart." (3) "To lead (a wife) home." (4) "Trace a ditch." (5) "Prolong war into winter." (6) "He would do (he replied) what he thought was for the good of the state."
8. *Castra* (camp), in Chester, Chichester, Worcester, etc. ; *vicus* (town), in Norwich, etc.
9. (1) *Quum finivero*. (2) *Oportuit te venire*. (3) . . . *si potero*. (4) *Ne me contempseris*.

107.

1. (1) *Si quid habet, dat*. (2) *Si quid habebit, dabit*. (3) *Si quid habeat (haberet) det (daret)*. (4) *Si quid haberet, daret*. (5) *Si quid habuisset, dedisset*. In (5) perf. or plup. ind. is found in apodosis.

- (6) *Si quid habuisset, daret* ("If he had had anything then, he would be giving it now").
2. (1) *Sub radicibus montis acrius quam diutius pugnatum est.* (2) *In eo erat, ut proficiscerer.* (3) *Veritus est ne indignus esset qui mitteretur.* (4) *Bella semel inita finienda sunt.* (5) *Ne unus quidem hostis effugisset.*
3. See 58 (1), (7), (1), (4). Zeugma: *Quos et aquae subeunt et aurae.* Brachylogy: *Oratio torrentior Iraeo.* Tautology: "He shall die and not live." See 58 (3), (7), (1).
4. *Triens. Semis.*
5. *Mearis* = *meaveris* (*meo*, 1st); *desitus*, perf. part. of *desino*; *reris*, pres. ind. of *reor*; *placris*, pres. subj. pass. of *placo*; *pedes*, nom. sing. (foot-soldier); *pessum*, adverb = to the ground; *liques*, pres. subj. of *liquo* (1st); *dixti* = *dixisti*; *dicis*, pres. ind. of *dico*, 1st (dedicate); *didit*, pres. ind. of *dido*.
6. *Post me consulem*; *ante te praetorem*; *me puero*; *post reges exactos.*
7. Clause, *Plus isto si precor*, broken up; rarely the case.
8. A.D. VIII. Kal. Dec., A.U.C. DLXXXIII.
9. Multiplicatives, *simplex*, *duplex*, *centuplex*; Proportionals, *duplus*, *triplus*, *quadruplus*.

108.

1. (1) *Ut* with subj. ; (2) acc. and inf. ; (3) *ut* with subj. or *quod* with ind. ; (4) *ut* with subj. ; (5) acc. and fut. inf. ; (6) acc. and inf. ; (7) acc. and fut. inf. ; (8) *ut* with subj. ; (9) ditto. *Constituo ire.*
2. "Simile" is an expressed comparison ; *Hannibal per Italas, ceu flamma per taedas . . . equitavit urbes.* "Metaphor," a compressed simile ; *Segetes sitiunt.*
3. (1) *Qualis cervus currit.* (2) *Qualem leonem te irruentem vidi.* (3) *Instar montis equus.* (4) See above, (2).
4. *Ut, velut, ceu, haud aliter, haud secus, ita.*
5. *Dixit* introduces *oratio obliqua* ; *inquit, oratio recta.*
6. On right hand, lucky, clever ; on left hand, unlucky, favourable (in augury) ; hated, unseen ; unworthy, cruel, innocent ; unfair, cruel ; difficult, surly ; rejoicing, luxuriant.
7. (1) "Murmurs that tell that the ship is wrecked." (2) "We will use the very same sword." (3) "The time needs no such aid nor those defences of thine ; no, not if my own Hector were here in person." In (2) double *non* is form of meiosis or litotes. In (3) *non* is put for apodosis suppressed.
8. *Repulsa*, perf. part. of *repello*, and subst. = defeat (in elections). *Vites*, pres. subj. of *vito*, and plur. of *vitis*. *Junctura*, fut. part. of *jungo*, and subst. =

joining. *Partus*, perf. part. of *pasco*, and subst. = pasture. *Fastus*, adjective, lawful for business, and subst. = pride. *Judices*, pres. subj. of *judico*, and plur. of *judex*. *Saturas*, acc. fem. plur. of *satur* (adjective), and pres. ind. act. of *saturo* (1st).

9. For a fact, surely, really ; directly, certainly ; excessively, just so (corroborating), with numerals, only just, at most, just as if ; = *perinde ac*.
10. *Propior* ; *proximus*. *Propior urbem* ; *Proximus muros*.

109.

1. (1) "Such a task it was to found the Roman race." Subj., *Romanam condere gentem* ; cop., *erat* ; *tantae molis*, comp., and, with *erat*, pred. (2) "Now there is a corn-field where Troy stood." *Est* and *fuit* here form predicates.
2. (1) *Erras qui me sapientem putes*. (2) *Non desunt qui pro patria pugnaverint*. (3) *Nemo repertus est qui hoc dicat*. No. (1).
3. *Medius esse* ; *suffragari* ; *legem ferre* ; *legem perferre* ; *mihi senatus datus est* ; *mortem sibi consciscere* ; *novis rebus studere* ; *in verba jurare*.
4. When *qui* = *et is*. See last sentence of 105 (6).
5. *Aut* introduces an alternative as a fact ; *vel*, as still open to choice. "Sin is forbidden, or, if you do sin, the penalty is death."
6. Brother, genuine, proper noun German ; of Cecrops, daughter of Cecrops ; niggardly, proper noun

Fate ; he weaves, covered ; many, fines ; comes, came, is on sale ; in town, exceedingly ; offspring, produce, pregnant, fruitful.

7. *Nihil omnino, tres omnino* (three in all) ; *vel maximus* (the very greatest), *vel unus* (even one) ; *quàm celerrime, sanè quam* (excessively) ; *tum demum* (then at last), *quarto demum anno* (not till the fourth year) ; *ne . . . quidem* (not even), *equidem, siquidem, quandoquidem*.
8. *Donandus, parendum, redeundum, jurandus, incundus*.
9. (1) "Respected the oaths and vow of the suppliant."
(2) "Will thirst for honours." (3) "The poor hungry Greek, if you bid him, will go up to heaven."

110.

1. Enlarge, honour (by sacrifice), burn sacrifice ; clean up, prune, calculate ; work, sacrifice ; burn, inflame with love ; sing, prophesy ; see, sift ; delay (trans. and intrans.), annoy ; choose, pick, read ; place, put out to contract ; take away, disparage ; be willing, mean ; be strong, farewell ; be joyful (imperat. hail !), desire ; gaze at, protect ; dwell in, be situated, occupied ; be silent, be silent about ; be callous, cunning ; bring together, match, join (battle) ; receive, hear, await ; suffer, grieve for, give pain (impersonally or with non-personal subject) ; notice, punish.

2. (1) *Intendo, instituo*; (2) *dico*; (3) *studeo, appeto*;
(4) *me abdicō*; (5) *fungor*; (6) *ēdo*; (7) *mutuo*;
(8) *discedo*; (9) *evado*.
3. "I will do it as best I can (by rude mother-wit);"
"Teach your grandmother!" "I have lost time
(oil) and trouble;" "More haste, worse speed;"
"Let the cobbler stick to his last."
4. "Harry (the animals) and carry (other possessions)."
5. *As*, halfpenny; *denarius*, from 5*d.* to 9*d.*; *sestertius*,
2*d.*; *sestertium*, £8.
6. (1) "Things done in peace." (2) "He pitched the
camp in a favourable place." (3) "He will call
himself consul." (4) "He is well tried in war."
(5) "He boasts of his ancestors." (6) "He
cheated me."
7. "We all suffer our own pains." Synesis, by which the
sing. *quisque* = plur.; and "we," being indef. verb,
stands in 1st pers. with *suos* referring to subject.
8. Cunning, cunning, shrewd, mad, of changing colour,
milk-coloured, clear or liquid, senseless, sore-eyed,
one-eyed, fluent, very clear.
9. *Ama-fui*; *regs-fui*; *audi-fueram*; *audi-fuero*.

111.

1. *Ut veni coram*; *Haud ita multo post*; *Ab contra re-*
spondi; *Hunc palam interfecit*; *Paucis ante diebus*;
Multa reluctatus; *Nihil opus est*.
2. (1) *Ne Caius quidem hoc facere potuit*. (2) *Non*
potuit hoc facere ne Caius quidem.

3. (1) *In quae nemora aut in quos specus agor.* (2) *Mittit amans salutem, et optat quo mittitur ire.* (3) *Epistola non occultato nomine docet cui missa sit.* (4) *Sed levius fit patientia corrigere quidquid nefas est.*
4. (1) Evidently expressive of a low whisper ; (2) of a deep-drawn sigh ; (3) repeated "howl" implied ; (4) slap ; (5) croaking of frogs in *sub aqua, sub aqua* ; (6) *exhalo*, to breathe at, making sound of "ha !"
5. *Liquit*, perf. of *linquo* ; pres. of *liqueo* and *liquor*. *Liquitur*, pres. of *liquor*. *Sede*, imperat. of *sede* ; abl. of *sedes*. *Serius*, adjective and compar. adverb of *sero*. *Potis*, adjective (able) ; dat. plur. of *potus* ; perf. part. of *poto*. *Fossis*, dat. plur. of *fossa* ; and perf. part. of *fodio*. *Colis*, pres. of *colo* ; and dat. plur. of *cōlus* (distaff) and *cōlum* (colander). *Violas*, acc. plur. of *viola* ; and pres. ind. of *violare*. *Fraudes*, pres. subj. of *fraudo* ; and plur. of *fraus*.
6. See 18 (5). It was feast of Regifugium.
7. *Inermis*, *in* and *arma* ; *lictor*, *ligo* (bind) ; *nausea*, *navis* (ship-sickness) ; *debilis*, *de* (= un) and *habilis* ; *delirus*, *de* and *lira* (furrow).
8. With pass. verbs.
9. *Huncce*, this man here ; *suaapte natura*, of his own nature ; *egomet*, I myself ; *secerno*, put apart ; *socors*, thoughtless ; *vesanus*, insane ; *amens*, senseless ; *desuesco*, grow unaccustomed ; *nefas*, not right.

10. Co-ordinative : *ceterum* (adversative), *sive* (disjunctive). Subordinative ; *quasi* (comparative), *quia* (causal), *nisi* (conditional), *licet* (concessive), *ne*, *quominus* (final), *ut non* (consecutive), *quin* (final and consecutive).

112.

1. *Equidem, siquidem, quandoquidem ; dummodo, tantummodo ; id adeo* (just this), *is adeo* (just such a one), *nisi adeo* (unless indeed), *ego adeo* (I, for my part).
2. As, when, how.
3. One. *Singuli, simul, semel, sincerus*.
4. Duly, after fashion of ; adverb, conjunction, preposition ; cessation of public business, justice ; advice, council ; pray, beg off.
5. *Galba doctus fuisse dicitur ;* and *Galbam doctum fuisse traditum est*.
6. *Sat, setius, dextra, periculum, viden' ? audin' ?*
7. (1) *Cominus pugnatum est*. (2) *Eminus pugnabant*.
8. (1) "The lash of an uncle's tongue." (2) "That affair cost us a hundred talents." (3) "There is no disputing about tastes." (4) "I fear the Greeks even when bringing gifts."
9. "I shall deny." So *Indutias eo ; Exsequias eo*.
10. "Provided that ;" as, *Dum maneat, ibo*, "until" (with idea of purpose predominating), as, *Pugna desistunt, dum ducis vulnus curaretur*.

11. (1) Cognate, or added to intrans. to denote some special part of its whole action. (2) *Animum*, original object of *advertit*; the two words form one trans. verb, which governs object *Æduos*. (3) Acc. of object after middle and reflexive verb. Preposition *in*.

113.

1. *Ut quos ceperat obsides redderet. Ut quos obsides ceperat redderet. Ut redderet obsides quos ceperat. Ut redderet quos obsides ceperat.*
2. *Tyndarides* (voc. *-dē, -dā*, or, rare, *-dā*, acc. *Tyndaridem* or *-am*); *Tyndaris* (voc. *Tyndarī*, acc. *Tyndarida*).
3. (1) *Nisi venissem, luderent.* (2) *Si oppidum capiet, captis parcat.* (3) *Dixit se, si oppidum cepisset, captos interfecturum fuisse.* (4) *Eum rogarunt utrum, si oppidum cepisset, captos interfecturus fuisset, necne.* (5) *Promittit se venturum.* (6) *Sperat se posse venire.*
4. (1) *Scilicet*; (2) *ergo*; (3) *quid tibi velis; nempe . . . alioquin, aliter.*
5. *Pernicis*, gen. of *pernix*; *ditis*, gen. of *dis*; *hebetis*, gen. of *hebes*; *residis*, gen. of *reses*; *cata*, fem. of *catus*; *sollertis*, gen. of *sollers*; *truci*, dat. of *trux*.
6. See 44 (9). Diæresis: *siliuæ* for *silvæ*.

7. *Collo* (or *-i*) *tenuis*; *Ejus legis ergo*; *Partim ineptiarum, partim scelerum poenitet.*
8. N. *nescio quis*, Ac. *nescio quem*, G. *nescio cujus*, D. *nescio cui*, Ab. *nescio quo*. With ind., = "I know not who;" with subj., "somebody or other."

114.

1. One put in another's place. Ambassador, lieutenant.
2. *Justus triumphus*; *sub hasta vendere*; *sub corona vendere*; *verba dare*; *solum vertere*; *magistratu se abdicare.*
3. (1) "He has joined the majority" (*i.e.* the dead).
(2) "Having performed his work" (dead). (3)
"I have laid out (buried) all my relations."
(4) "By my death alone the republic of the R. P. would have been destroyed" (carried out for burial).
4. *Parendum, juvandus, redeundum, reddendus, utendum, capiendus* (-undus).
5. *Molae*, fem., mill, sacrificial grain; *micae*, fem., grain of salt; *turis*, neut., incense; *farris*, neut., grain.
6. Burial, marriage, marriage, good fortune, victory of soldiers *or* literary success, literary success, candidature, submission.
7. "The more a man denies [lit. 'shall have denied'] himself, the more will he receive from heaven."
8. (1) *Summo monte.* (2) *Extremo tertio libro.* (3) *Decimus quisque.* (4) *Alii alia putant.*

115.

1. (1) *Paucis post diebus mortuus est.* (2) *Paucis abhinc mensibus e vita excessit.* (3) *Paucis ante diebus veni.* (4) *In posterum diem nos vocavit.* (5) *Supplicatio decreta est ex Kalendis Martiis.* (6) *Annos minus triginta natus est.*
2. "He will pay on the Greek Kalends;" *i.e.* never: there are no Greek Kalends.
3. (1) *Siccine*; (2) *at enim*; (3) *prout* or *pro eo ac*; (4) *nisi quidem* or *forte*.
4. *Haud*, see 65 (3); *ne . . . quidem* precedes without or follows with, negative; *dum*, pres. ind. (often even in *oratio obliqua*); *ut*, subj. (perf. as historic tense).
5. (1) "Though young, he is prudent." (2) "This is only fair, if it is becoming." (3) *Si hoc verum est, gaudeo: sin minus, aequo animo ferendum est.* (4) *Quae cum ita sint, eundum est.*
6. Generally takes perf. subj.; more rarely pres.; imperat. in poetry. *Noli ire, parce ire, cave eas, omitte mirari, desine queri, fuge quaerere.*
7. In (1) *quot* is indirect interrog.; in (2), relative.

APPENDIX I.

ROME.

1. South bank of the Tiber. Etrurian. Flavius.
2. (Mons) Capitolinus, Palatinus, Aventinus, Coelius, Esquilinus, Viminalis, Quirinalis.
3. (Beginning north and coming round east) (Porta) Flaminia, Pinciana, Salaria, Nomentana, Tiburtina, Prænestina, Asinaria, Metronia, Latina, Appia, Ostiensis, Trigemina, Flumentalis, Carmentalis.
4. (1) Clear space on both sides of the wall. (2) Great race-course. (3) Busy street between Esquiline and Quirinal. (4) Great city drain (5) Road up to the Capitoline. (6) The great national temple to Jupiter on Mons Capitolinus. (7) Campus Martius, plain used for holding *comitia*, and for gymnastic and warlike sports. (8) Market-place, used (Forum Romanum) for legal purposes. (9) Elevated platforms adorned with naval trophies, used for public speaking. (10) Senate-house. (11) The temple of Vesta (beside the Forum); so called from the fire always burning in it. (12) Pillar in the Forum, adorned with rostra (beaks of ships), to commemorate victory of Duillius, B.C. 260.
5. (1) Porticoes, with rows of shops attached, first used by schoolmasters, butchers, and tradesmen,

- afterwards mainly by bankers. (2) Covered porticoes for transaction of business, eventually of legal business.
6. (1) "Temple of Janus is closed," *i.e.* there is peace; (2) "is opened," *i.e.* there is war. Gateways.
7. Great prison.
8. Punishment of malefactors—burying-place.
9. (1) Cattle-market. (2) Inland, near the foot of the Capitoline, formed by the Tiber dividing and re-uniting; used for sacred buildings. (3) Hill, used as fort, outside the wall (west). (4) Hill beyond the river (north-west), laid out in gardens. (5) Ancient bridge on piles, made by Ancus Martius (west). (6) Great aqueduct, made by Appius Claudius Cæcus, B.C. 312.
10. (Beginning north) (Via) Flaminia, Salaria, Nomentana, Tiburtina, Prænestina, Appia.

APPENDIX II.

LITERATURE.

1. (1) "Odes" (four books), "Epodes," "Satires," "Epistles," "Ars Poetica." (2) "Bucolics" (Eclogues), "Georgics" (four books), "Æneid" (twelve books). (3) "Heroides," "Amores," "Ars Amatoria," "Remedia," "Amoris," "Metamorphoses" (fifteen books), "Fasti" (six books), "Tristia," "Epistolæ ex Ponto." (4) "Annals,"

- “Histories,” “Germania,” “Agricola.” (5)
“Catiline,” “Jugurtha.”
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(5) Virgil ; (6) Cæsar ; (7) Cicero ; (8) Ovid.
 3. (1) Lyric and elegiac, mainly ; (2) satiric, hexameter ;
(3) philosophical, hexameter ; (4) tragic, iambic ;
(5) comic, iambic trimeter ; (6) elegiac, tetra-
meter, etc.
 4. Virgil borrows similes and translates from Homer ;
Horace adapts from Sappho and Alcæus.
 5. (1) “Guardian of literary men.” Mercury was
patron of such. (2) “To turn the pen,” *i.e.* to
rub the wax smooth, to make an erasion or cor-
rection. (3) “To correct a poem by rubbing”
(as above).
 6. A short (frequently witty) pointed poem on a special
subject. Martial.
 7. (1) Circular ends of roller on which MS. was rolled
up. (2) Title, written in scarlet letters on parch-
ment, and attached to *umbilicus* or *cornua*
(knobs of the *umbilici*). (3) = *titulus*. (4)
Outside edges of MS. rolled up, smoothed with
pumice-stone.
 8. “Ivy, the reward of learned brows, gives me a place
with the gods above.”
 9. Sock of comic actor ; boot of tragic actor.
 10. Tullius, Naso, Flaccus, Maro. Livy, Terence.

APPENDIX III.

MYTHOLOGY.

1. Mars, Venus and Cupid, Diana, Bacchus, Hercules, Minerva, Neptune, Æolus, Juno, Apollo, Mercury.
2. Goddess of rainbow; god of lower regions (*Orcus*); Diana (Luna in sky, Diana on earth, Hecate or Proserpine in lower world); judge in lower world (Rhadamanthus, Minos); Jupiter; personification of the sea; Diana (goddess of three cross-roads); ditto (goddess of childbirth); morning star; god of the healing art; goddess of justice; ferryman of the Styx; centaur, skilled in the healing art; goddess of fruits of earth; (Cybele), mother of gods; two-faced god of gateways, etc.; (Hephæstus) god of fire; goddess of funerals; god of shepherds and flocks; (Cronos) father of Jupiter, etc., and ancient king of gods; goddess of the hearth.
3. Styx, Acheron, Lethe, Phlegethon, Cocytus, Avernus.
4. Euphrosyne, Thalia, Aglaia.
5. Clio (history), Euterpe (lyric poetry), Thalia (comedy), Melpomene (tragedy), Terpsichore (choral song and dance), Erato (erotic poetry), Polyhymnia (sublime hymn), Urania (astronomy), Calliope (epic poetry). Pierides; Sicelides.

6. Clotho, Lachesis, Atropos.
7. Tisiphone, Alecto, Megæra.
8. (1) Shades of ancestors ; (2) chosen household gods.
9. (1) Adonis ; (2) Cræsus ; (3) Achates ; (4) Paris ;
(5) Mæcenas.
10. As highest and lowest throws of dice.
11. In a dilemma. Supposed to be two rocks between
Italy and Sicily, possessed by dangerous monsters.
12. "It was a drawn battle."
13. Olympus ; Helicon, Parnassus ; Elysium.
14. Half men, half goats, horned, protectors of agri-
culture, etc. ; half man, half horse ; half man,
half goat ; represent vital powers of nature.

APPENDIX IV.

ANTIQUITIES.

1. (1) Preside at *comitia* and take auspices, command
armies. (2) Preside over legal tribunals. (3)
Protect interests of *plebs*. (4) Act as com-
missioners of police, superintend public supplies,
take charge of public games. (5) Registration
(census), superintendence of public morals, col-
lection of public revenues, and execution of
public works.
2. Centuriata (assembly of patricians and plebeians in

their *centuriae*); Curiata (of patricians in their *curiae*); Tributa (of plebeians in their *tribus*).

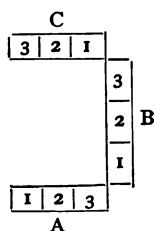
3. Of consuls, prætors, curule ædiles, censors, dictators.
4. In being instituted only in emergencies; lasting three or six months.
5. (1) Decided cases between citizens; (2) between foreigners, or citizens and foreigners.
6. (1) Priests, presided over by Pontifex Maximus; (2) priest of Jupiter; (3) diviner by omens; (4) diviner by entrails of victims; (5) omens obtained from watching flight of birds; (6) public fast or thanksgiving; (7) stretching the two (not folded) hands to sky; (8) banquet to the gods, whose images were laid on couches.
7. "That will be a holiday, through which the Three Words are silent; that will be a working-day, on which actions at law may be taken." *Tria Verba* are *do, dico, addico*.
8. Cessation from business, justice; great triumph, smaller triumph; tribune of the *plebs* (*see* (3), above), officers of highest rank in legion.
9. Procession, funeral pile, panegyric on dead, dirge, urn to contain ashes.
10. Name of gens; title of honour or adoption; name of familia; name of individual. Publius (individual) Cornelius (of gens Cornelia) Scipio (of familia Scipio) Æmilianus (formerly of gens Æmilia) Africanus (distinguished himself in Africa).

11. The late Emperor Julius (now deified).
12. Gods of the household or hearth ; ancestors of the family regarded as objects of worship. Figures of the latter.

APPENDIX V.

ANTIQUITIES.

1. Over-robe ; under-garment.
2. (1) Purple-edged *toga*, worn by dictator, consul, prætor, curule ædile, higher priests, freeborn youths till they assumed the *toga virilis*, girls till married or old enough. (2) Plain *toga*. (3) Tunic with broad purple stripe, worn by senators. (4) Tunic with narrow purple stripe, worn by equites. (5) Embroidered tunic, worn by triumphing generals.
3. Citizen in time of peace ; Roman (national) dresses ; old-fashioned (bearded) citizen ; clothed in white (standing for election).
4. (1) "Let war yield to peace." (2) "Hurtful things are sought in peace and war."
5. Loose tunic, indoor dress for lady ; short for out of doors.
6. Dining-table shaped as on next page (strictly, the couches round it). A, *summus lectus* ; B, *medius* ; C, *imus* ; each *lectus* was divided into three seats, as numbered : B 3 most honoured place, C 1 usual place for host.



7. Unmixed wine; "I drink to thee" (first tasting the cup, then handing it to the friend); "from egg to apples" (*i.e.* from beginning to end of dinner); uninvited guests brought by a friend; "little basket" of food given by patron to client.
8. Falernum, Massicum, Calenum, Albanum. Mixed with water.
9. (1) *Carceres*; (2) *meta*; (3) *alba linea*.
10. *Rude donatus*, presented with wooden sword (retired gladiator); *emeritus*, veteran; *pollice verso*, thumb downwards, in token that spectators wished gladiator to be killed; *habet!* he is wounded! (of gladiator); *sub corona vendere*, to sell as slave; *sub hasta vendere*, to sell by auction (as spoil, originally); *Hastati*, *Principes*, *Triarii*, first, second, third ranks of legion; *ante-pilani*, two front ranks; *testudo*, covering made by shields to protect besiegers, etc.; *libertinus*, freedman in reference to his social position; *manumissio*, liberation of slaves; *novus homo*, man who had no figures of ancestors, but had raised himself to curule office; *pileo donatus*, presented with cap (of liberty), *i.e.*

freed slave; *relegatio*, more honourable form of banishment; *majestas*, high treason; *res repetundae*, embezzlement; *spolia opima*, spoils taken by commander of one army from the commander of the other; *sub iugo mittere*, to send conquered enemy under yoke (three spears), token of submission.

11. Bell, of gold, silver, or leather, containing charms against evil eye; worn by boys.
12. *Cliens* was bound to aid and support *patronus*; furnish a dowry, if necessary, for the daughter; raise money to ransom him or his children; raise money to defray his legal expenses, penalties, and expenses incurred in office. Bore the Gentile name of the *Patronus*.
13. Public office; to enter as candidate for office.
Videant consules ne quid detrimenti respublica capiat.
14. See Appendix IV. (10).
15. (1) Attendant, carrying fasces of consul, *prætor*, dictator; (2) bundles of rods, containing axe, carried by lictors; (3) heavy javelin, chief weapon in war; (4) beaks of captured ships, used to decorate platforms for public speaking; (5) marketplace, see Appendix I. (4); (6) see Appendix I. (4); (7) the curtain is raised, *i.e.* play ended; (8) the curtain is let down, *i.e.* play begun; (9) last words of play (lit., "applaud us!").

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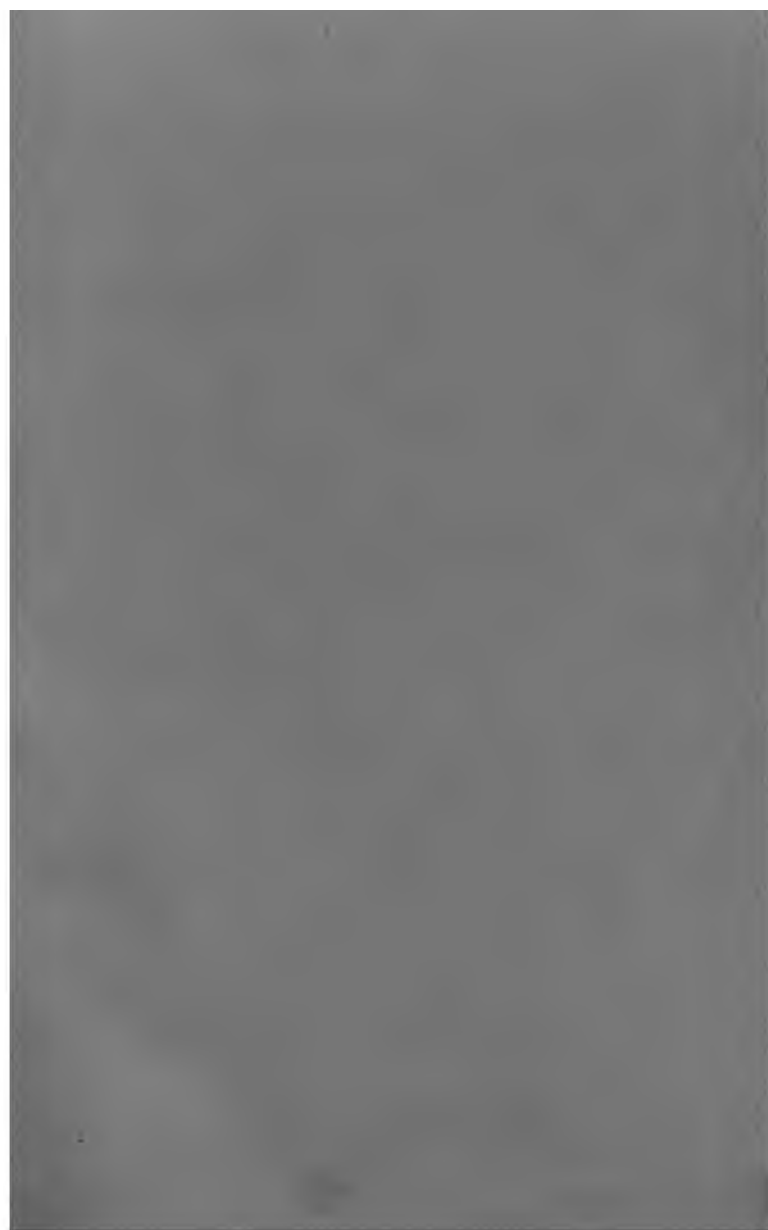
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